

t := 0, 1..15      y(t) := 50 · e<sup>0.122·(t)</sup>      g(t) := 150 · e<sup>0.122·(t)</sup>

t =	y(t) =	g(t) =
0	50	150
1	56.488	169.463
2	63.817	191.452
3	72.098	216.293
4	81.453	244.358
5	92.022	276.065
6	103.962	311.885
7	117.451	352.354
8	132.691	398.073
9	149.908	449.725
10	169.359	508.078
11	191.334	574.003
12	216.161	648.483
13	244.209	732.626
14	275.896	827.687
15	311.694	935.083

log rt ( ) x<sup>2</sup> Γ  
 tan 7 8 9 /  
 cos 4 5 6 ×  
 sin 1 2 3 +  
 := · 0 - =

Matrix ×  
 [::] ×<sub>n</sub> ×<sup>-1</sup> |×|  
 (0) M<sup>2</sup> M<sup>T</sup> n...  
 E · ∇ E × ∇ ∇<sup>2</sup>

Graph ×



ISOMM/AMM DATONYE

14/Eng06/029

Mechanical Engineering

$$y = y_0 e^{nt}$$

$$y = 3y_0 \quad \therefore \frac{y}{y_0} = 3$$

$$1 + \frac{y}{y_0} = e^{nt} = 3 \quad \text{at } t = 4$$

$$\text{B } \frac{y}{y_0} = e^{nt} = 9 \quad \text{at } t = 10$$

$$Ay_0 = 50 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$By_0 = 150 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$y = 50e^{nt} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$y = 150e^{nt} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

$$3 = e^{nt}$$

$$\ln 3 = nt$$

$$\ln 3 = 9n$$

$$n = \frac{\ln 3}{9}$$

$$n = 0.122$$

$$9 = e^{nt}$$

$$\ln 9 = 18n$$

$$\frac{\ln 9}{18} = n$$

$$n = 0.122$$

$$y = 50e^{0.122t}$$

$$y = 150e^{0.122t}$$

$$r = 0.1, 15$$

$$\Delta N(t) = 50 \exp(0.122 \cdot t)$$

$\Delta(t) =$

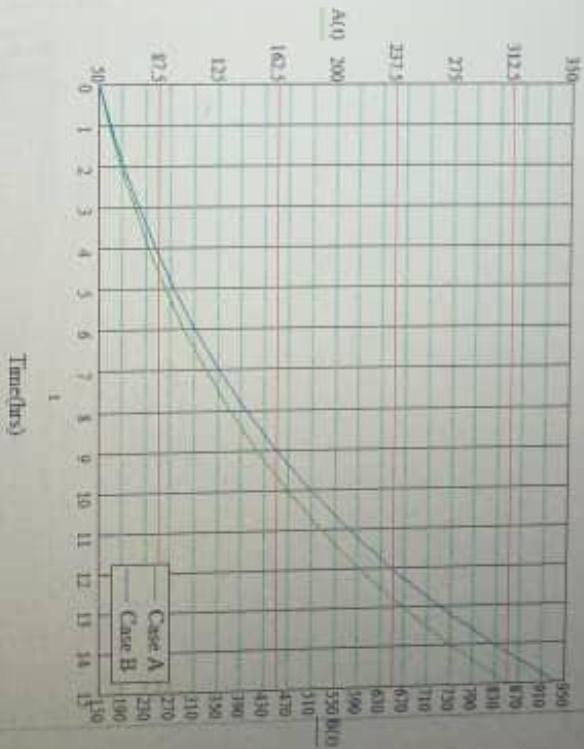
50
56.488
63.817
72.090
81.453
92.022
103.962
117.451
132.691
149.900
169.359
191.334
216.161
244.209
275.896
311.694

$$B(t) = 150 \exp(0.122 \cdot t)$$

$B(t) =$

150
169.463
191.452
216.293
244.358
276.065
311.885
352.354
398.073
449.775
508.078
574.003
648.483
732.626
827.687
935.083

Number of bacteria for case A



Number of bacteria for case B

Numbers of bacteria versus time