TOBI KUYE

17/MHS07/015

PHARMACOLOGY

1. It is a test used to find the plausibility of a hypothesis by using sample data or by comparing the null and alternative hypothesis.
2. Classical approach depends on the position of test statistic relative to the critical values, while p-value approach depends on probability to reject the null hypothesis.
3. It helps in telling if the variable being researched will produce a positive outcome and helps produce a standing theory.