

1. Given, No.

Given,

$$\text{rel. density} = 0.8$$

$$D_1 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$$

$$D_2 = 75\text{mm} = 0.075\text{m}$$

$$z_2 - z_1 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$$

$$Q_{\text{act.}} = 40\text{L/sec} = 0.04\text{m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$C_d = 0.94$$

$$\text{Pressure diff. } (p_1 - p_2) = ?$$

$$4.247 = \left[ \frac{p_1 - p_2}{w} \right] + (z_2 - z_1)$$

$$4.247 = \left[ \frac{p_1 - p_2}{w} \right] + 0.15$$

$$p_2 = 0.15\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_1 &= \frac{\pi}{4} \times D_1^2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.15^2 = 0.01767\text{m}^2 \\ A_2 &= \frac{\pi}{4} \times D_2^2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.075^2 = 0.00442\text{m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore (p_1 - p_2) = 34.51\text{kN/m}^2$$

Then,

$$0.04 = \frac{0.94 \times 0.1767 \times 0.00442}{\sqrt{0.01767^2 - 0.00442^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 0.81 \times h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.94 \times \frac{0.81014 \times 10^{-5}}{0.0171} \times 4.429\sqrt{h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.94 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429\sqrt{h}$$

$$h = \left( \frac{0.04}{0.0043824 \times 4.429} \right)^2$$

$$h = 4.247\text{m}$$

$$\text{Also, } h = \left( \frac{p_1}{w} + z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{p_2}{w} + z_2 \right)$$

2.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_

Given,

diameter at inlet,  $D_1 = 300\text{mm} = 0.3\text{m}$ 

$$\text{Area of inlet, } A_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.3^2 = 0.07\text{m}^2$$

Diameter at throat,  $D_2 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$ 

$$\text{Area of throat, } A_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.15^2 = 0.0176\text{m}^2$$

specific gravity of heavy liquid (mercury) in U-tube manometer,

$$S_{hu} = 13.6$$

specific gravity of liquid oil flowing through pipe,

$$S_p = 0.9$$

Reading of differential manometer,  $y = 250\text{mm} = 0.25\text{m}$ 

The differential 'h' is given by;

$$h = (P_1 + z_1) - (P_2 + z_2)$$

$$= y [ \frac{S_{hu}}{S_p} - 1 ]$$

$$= 0.25 \left[ \frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 3.53\text{m of oil}$$

i.) Discharge of oil,  $Q =$ 

$$\text{Using, } Q = C_d \times \frac{A_1 A_2}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2g} h$$

$$Q = 0.98 \times \frac{0.07 \times 0.0176}{\sqrt{0.07^2 - 0.0176^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 3.53}$$

$$= 0.98 \times 0.1826 \times 6.9 \cancel{258} \cancel{t} \underline{\cancel{t}} 8.32$$

$$= 1.4889 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Date

No.

iii) Pressure diff. b/w entrance and throat section,  $p_1 - p_2$ ,

$$\text{We know that, } h = \left( \frac{p_1}{\omega} + z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{p_2}{\omega} + z_2 \right) -$$

$$\begin{aligned} h &= \left( \frac{p_1}{\omega} + z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{p_2}{\omega} + z_2 \right) = 3.53 \\ &= \left( \frac{p_1}{\omega} - \frac{p_2}{\omega} \right) + (z_1 - z_2) = 3.53 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{but } (z_2 - z_1) = 300\text{mm} = 0.3\text{m}$$

$$\left( \frac{p_1}{\omega} - \frac{p_2}{\omega} \right) + 0.3 = 3.53$$

$$\left( \frac{p_1}{\omega} - \frac{p_2}{\omega} \right) = 3.83$$

$$\left( \frac{p_1 - p_2}{\rho g} \right) = 3.83$$

$$(p_1 - p_2) = (9.81 \times 0.9) \times 3.83$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 8.829 \times 3.83 \\ (p_1 - p_2) &= 33.8 \text{ kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$