

$$\left(\frac{P_1 - P_2}{w} \right) - 0.3 = 3.53$$

$$\frac{P_1 - P_2}{w} = 3.53 + 0.3$$

$$\frac{P_1 - P_2}{w} = 3.83$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 3.83w$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 3.82 \times 9.81 \times 0.9$$
$$= \underline{\underline{33.8 \text{ kN/m}^2}}$$

2. Diameter of inlet $D_1 = 800 \text{ mm} = 0.8 \text{ m}$
Area of inlet $A_1 = \frac{\pi D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.8^2}{4} = 0.5027 \text{ m}^2$

Area of throat $D_2 = 150 \text{ mm} = 0.15 \text{ m}$

Diameter of inlet $A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$

Area of inlet $A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$

Specific gravity of heavy liquid (mercury) in U-tube manometer $S_c = 13.6$

Specific gravity of liquid (oil) flowing through pipe $S_p = 0.9$

Reading of differential manometer, $y = 250 \text{ mm} = 0.25 \text{ m}$

The differential "ch" (given by):
$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{w} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{w} + z_2 \right)$$

$$= y \left[\frac{S_c w}{S_p} - 1 \right] = 0.25 \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right] = \underline{\underline{3.53 \text{ m of oil}}}$$

a. Discharge of oil Q

Using the relation,

$$Q = C_d \times A_1 A_2 \times \sqrt{\frac{2gh}{S_p}} \sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}$$

$$Q = 0.98 \times 0.5027 \times 0.01767 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 3.53} \times \sqrt{0.5027^2 - 0.01767^2}$$

$$Q = 0.1489 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

b. Pressure difference between entrance and throat section $P_1 - P_2$. We all know that

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{w} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{w} + z_2 \right) = 3.53$$

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{w} - \frac{P_2}{w} \right) - (z_1 - z_2) = 3.53$$

$$z_2 - z_1 = 300 \text{ mm} = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

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Computer Engineering

1 Given sp of gravity 0.8, $D_1 = 150 \text{ mm} = 0.15 \text{ m}$
 $D_2 = 75 \text{ mm} = 0.075 \text{ m}$ $Z_2 - Z_1 = 150 \text{ mm} = 0.15 \text{ m}$
 $Q = 40 \text{ lit/sec} = 0.04 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$, $C_d = 0.96$

Pressure difference $\langle P_1 - P_2 \rangle$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.075^2}{4} = 0.00442 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q = \frac{C_d \times A_1 - A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$$0.04 = \frac{0.96 \times 0.01767 \times 0.00442 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times h}}{\sqrt{0.01767^2 - 0.00442^2}}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429 \sqrt{h}$$
$$h = \left(\frac{0.04}{0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429} \right)^2 = 4.247 \text{ m}$$

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{w} + Z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{w} + Z_2 \right)$$

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{w} - \frac{P_2}{w} \right) + (Z_1 - Z_2)$$

$$4.247 = \left(\frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho g} \right) - 0.15$$

$$4.247 + 0.15 = \frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho g}$$

$$(4.247 + 0.15) \rho g = P_1 - P_2$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = (0.8 \times 1000 \times 9.81) (4.247 + 0.15)$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = \underline{\underline{34.51 \text{ kN/m}^2}}$$