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8/ENG031046.

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

FLUID MECHANICS. [ENG 214].

Given Sp of gravity 0.8,  $D_1 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$ ,  $D_2 = 75\text{mm} = 0.075\text{m}$ .

$Z_2 - Z_1 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$ ,  $Q = 40\text{lit/sec} = 0.04\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ ,  $C_d = 0.96$

Pressure difference  $\langle P_1 - P_2 \rangle$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767\text{m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.075^2}{4} = 0.00442\text{m}^2$$

$$Q = \frac{C_d \times A_1 A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$$0.04 = \frac{0.96 \times 0.01767 \times 0.00442 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times h}}{\sqrt{0.01767^2 - 0.00442^2}}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429\sqrt{h}$$

$$h = \left( \frac{0.04}{0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429} \right)^2 = 4.247\text{m}$$

$$h = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right)$$

$$h = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho} \right) + (z_1 - z_2)$$

$$4.247 = \left( \frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho} \right) - 0.15$$

$$(4.247 + 0.15) = \frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho}$$

$$(4.247 + 0.15) \rho = P_1 - P_2$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = (0.8 \times 1000 \times 9.81) (4.247 + 0.15)$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = \underline{\underline{34.51 \text{ kN/m}^2}}$$

5.) Diameter of inlet  $D_1 = 300\text{mm} = 0.3\text{m}$

$$\text{Area of inlet } A_1 = \frac{\pi \times D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.3^2}{4} = 0.07\text{m}^2$$

Diameter of throat  $D_2 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$ .

$$\text{Area of inlet } A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767\text{m}^2.$$

Specific gravity of heavy liquid (mercury) in U tube manometer  
 $S_{hc} = 13.6$

Specific gravity of liquid (oil) flowing through pipe  $S_p = 0.9$

Reading of differential manometer,  $y = 250\text{mm} = 0.25\text{m}$ .

The differential "h" is given by;

$$h = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right)$$

$$= y \left( \frac{S_{hc}}{S_p} - 1 \right) = 0.25 \left[ \frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right] = \underline{\underline{3.53\text{m of Oil.}}}$$

a.) Discharge of oil Q

Using the relation

$$Q = \frac{C_d \times A_1 A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$$Q = \frac{0.98 \times 0.07 \times 0.01767 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 3.53}}{\sqrt{0.07^2 - 0.01767^2}}$$

$$Q = \underline{\underline{0.1489\text{m}^3/\text{s.}}}$$

b.) Pressure difference between entrance of throat section  $P_1 - P_2$   
Given that:

$$h = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right) = 3.53$$

$$h = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho} \right) - (z_1 - z_2) = 3.53$$

$$z_2 - z_1 = 300\text{mm} = \underline{\underline{0.3\text{m.}}}$$

$$\left( \frac{P_1 - P_2}{w} \right) - 0.5 = 3.53$$

$$\frac{P_1 - P_2}{w} = 3.53 + 0.5$$

$$\frac{P_1 - P_2}{w} = 3.83$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 3.83 w$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 3.83 \times 9.81 \times 0.9$$
$$= \underline{\underline{33.8 \text{ kN/m}^2}}$$