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(14)

Matr 104 Matemática - GVX - 15/09/2020

$\int 2x^2 dx$

$$u = 2x \quad du = 2 dx$$

$$du = 2 \quad \int \frac{du}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \int du$$

$$\int 2x^2 dx = \int \frac{du}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \int du$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int du = \frac{1}{2} u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (2x) + C$$

Seo.  $\int \sin x dx$

$u = 2x$ ,  $du = 2 dx$

$$du = 2x, \quad u = -\cos x$$

$$\int \sin x dx = \int u - \int du$$

$$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + \int \sin x dx$$

$u = 2x$ ,  $du = 2 dx$

$$du = 2, \quad u = \sin x$$

$$\int 2x \cos x dx = 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C$$

$$\therefore \int 2x \sin x dx = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sin 2x \cos 2x \, dx, \quad A=2x, \quad B=2x \\
 & \sin A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)] \\
 & = \frac{1}{2} [\sin 4x + \sin 0x]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \sin 2x \cos 2x \, dx &= \frac{1}{2} \int (\sin 4x + \sin 0x) \, dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\sin 4x}{4} - \frac{\cos 0x}{5} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \int \sin 2x \cos 2x \, dx = -\frac{\cos 2x}{18} - \frac{\cos 5x}{10} + C$$