ILESANMI ELISHA IBUKUNOLUWA

19/LAW01/121

SOCIOLOGY-SOC 102

Assignment

1. What is family: The family is an intimate domestic group that is made up of people related to one another by bonds of blood, sexual mating or legal ties. It is the smallest and most basic social unit, which is also the most important primary group found in the society.
2. Discuss the functions of the family:

* Family is traditionally responsible for the education of the children.
* Family is a unit through which procreation takes place.
* The process of reproduction is institutionalized, regulated and controlled in a family
* Family helps in propagation of human species and perpetuation of human race.
* Family provides an individual with an identity.
* It is through the family that every family name is carried on from one generation to another.
* Family is responsible for the production and upbringing of children.

1. Discuss the African traditional family.

Family is important throughout Africa. Families, not individuals, are the building blocks of African society. Most people live in households that include not only the nuclear family (mother, father and children) but also members of their extended family (grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins and others.

1. Discuss your Nuclear family.

My nuclear family also known as traditional family is like every nuclear family consisting of a man and woman who are my father and mother and four children who are Faith the first child and only girl, my eldest brother Emmanuel, my immediate elder brother Elijah and finally I myself the last born child Elisha.

1. Draw your family tree.

Mrs idowu

Mrs Bolanle

Elisha

Elijah

Emmanuel

Faith

Mr kehinde

Mrs Taiye

Mrs Abiodu

Mr Lamide

Mrs Lekan Ilesanmi

Mrs Olabisi Ilesanmi

Pa Joshua Ilesanmi