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$$\textcircled{1} \text{ 1 litre/sec} = 0.001 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$40 \text{ litres/sec} =$$

$$40 \times 0.001$$

$$= 0.04 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$Q = 0.04 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$C_d = 0.96, \text{ Specific gravity} = 0.8$$

$$d_1 = \frac{136}{1000} = 0.136 \text{ m}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{3.142 (0.136)^2}{4}$$

$$= 0.0177 \text{ m}^2$$

$$d_2 = \frac{75}{1000} = 0.075 \text{ m}$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \frac{3.142 (0.075)^2}{4}$$

$$= 0.0044 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q = C_d \frac{a_1 a_2}{\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \left[ \frac{0.0177 \times 0.0044}{(0.0177)^2 - (0.0044)^2} \right] \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \left[ \frac{7.78 \times 10^{-5}}{0.0177} \right] \times 4.429 \sqrt{h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times 4.354 \times 10^{-3} \times 4.429 \sqrt{h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.01936 \sqrt{h}$$

$$2.066 = \sqrt{h}$$

$$h = 4.26 \text{ m}$$

$$h = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} + Z_1 \right) - \left( \frac{P_2}{\rho} + Z_2 \right)$$

$$4.26 = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} \right) - \frac{P_2}{\rho} - (Z_2 - Z_1)$$

$$4.26 = \left( \frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho} \right) - (0.015)$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho g} = 4.410$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 4.410 \times 0.8 \times 9810$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 34609.68 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 34610 \text{ N/m}^2 \text{ or } 34.610 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

2) Diameter at Inlet  $d_1 = 300$ ,  $A_1 = \frac{\pi d_1^2}{4} = \frac{3.142 \times (0.30)^2}{4}$   
 $= 0.0706 \text{ m}^2$

Diameter at throat  $d_2 = 150$ ,  $A_2 = \frac{\pi d_2^2}{4} = \frac{3.142 \times (0.15)^2}{4}$   
 $= 0.0176 \text{ m}^2$

Let section (1) represent Inlet and section (2) throat.

Then  $z_2 - z_1 = 200 \text{ mm} = 0.2 \text{ m}$ .

Specific gravity of oil = 0.90

" " " Hg = 13.6

Reading of differential manometer  $x = 250 \text{ mm} = 0.25 \text{ m}$ .

Differential head  $h$ .

$$h = \left[ \frac{P_1}{\rho g} + z_1 \right] - \left[ \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + z_2 \right]$$

$$h = x \left[ \frac{\rho_{\text{Hg}}}{\rho_{\text{oil}}} - 1 \right] = 0.25 \left[ \left( \frac{13.6}{0.9} \right) - 1 \right] = 3.527 \text{ m}$$

The discharge of oil =  $C_d \frac{a_1 a_2}{\sqrt{a_1^2 - a_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}$

$$Q = 0.98 \frac{0.0706 \times 0.0176}{\sqrt{(0.0706)^2 - (0.0176)^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 3.527}$$

$$Q = 0.98 (1.2425 \times 10^{-3}) \times \sqrt{69.19}$$

$$(0.0683)$$

$$Q = 0.98 \times 0.018 \times 8.318$$

$$Q = 0.1467 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

i) Pressure difference.

$$h = \left[ \frac{P_1}{\rho g} + z_1 \right] - \left[ \frac{P_2}{\rho g} + z_2 \right] = 3.527$$

But  $z_1 - z_2 = 0.3 \text{ m}$ .

$$\left( \frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho g} \right) - (z_1 - z_2) = 3.527$$

$$\left[ \frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho g} \right] - 0.3 = 3.527$$

$$\frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho g} = 3.527 + 0.3$$

$$\rho g$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 3.827 \rho g$$

Density of oil = Specific gravity of oil  $\times 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

$$= 0.9 \times 1000 \times 9.81$$

$$= 900 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 3.827 \times 900 \times 9.81$$

$$= 33788.583 \text{ N/m}^2$$