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Fluid Mechanics

Eng 214

Given specific gravity = 0.8, $D_1 = 150\text{mm}$, $D_2 = 75\text{mm}$

$z_2 - z_1 = 150\text{mm}$, $Q_{act} = 40\text{ lit/sec}$, $C_d = 0.96$

$$D_1 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$$

$$D_2 = 75\text{mm} = 0.075\text{m}$$

$$Q_{act} = 40\text{ lit/sec} = 0.04\text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$z_2 - z_1 = 0.15\text{m}$$

Pressure Difference ($P_1 - P_2$)

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767\text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times (0.075)^2}{4} = 0.00442\text{ m}^2$$

$Q_{act} = C_d \times A_1 \times A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}$, we get;

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times \frac{0.01767 \times 0.00442}{\sqrt{0.01767^2 - 0.00442^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81} \times \sqrt{h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429 \sqrt{h}$$

$$\therefore h = \left(\frac{0.04}{0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429} \right)^2 = 4.247\text{m}$$

$$\text{Also } h = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho g} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{\rho g} + z_2 \right)$$

$$\text{or } 4.247 = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho g} - \frac{P_2}{\rho g} \right) + (z_1 - z_2)$$

$$= \left(\frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho g} \right) = 0.15$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{or } (P_1 - P_2) &= \rho_g (4.247 + 0.15) \\
 &= (0.8 \times 1000 \times 9.81) (4.247 + 0.15) \text{ N/m}^2 \\
 &= 34.51 \text{ kN/m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Solution To Question 2

Diameter at inlet $D_1 = 300 \text{ mm} = 0.3 \text{ m}$

$$\text{Area at inlet, } A_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.3^2 = 0.07 \text{ m}^2$$

Diameter at throat, $D_2 = 150 \text{ mm} = 0.15 \text{ m}$

$$\text{Area at throat } A_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.15^2 = 0.01767 \text{ m}^2$$

Specific gravity of heavy fluid (mercury) in a U-tube manometer, $S_m = 13.6$

Specific gravity of liquid (oil) flowing through pipe, $S_o = 0.9$

Reading of differential manometer = 250 mm = 0.25 m = y

the differential 'h' is given by

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right)$$

$$\text{or } y \left[\frac{S_m}{S_o} - 1 \right] = 0.25 \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 3.53 \text{ m of oil}$$

Discharge of oil, $Q =$

Using the relation

$$Q = C_d \times A_1 A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}, \text{ we have}$$

$$\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}$$

$$Q = 0.98 \times 0.07 \times 0.01767 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 3.53}$$

$$\sqrt{0.07^2 - 0.01767^2}$$

$$= \frac{0.001212 \times 8.32}{0.0677} = 0.1489 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$0.0677$$

$$\text{Ans} = 0.1489 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$