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DEPT - PETROLEUM - ENGINEERING

COURSE CODE - ENG 214

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Assignment

SP. Grav. $\gamma = 0.8$ ($D_1 = 150\text{mm}$, $D_2 = 75\text{mm}$) = $D_1 = 0.15$, $D_2 = 0.075$

$z_2 - z_1 = 150\text{mm}$, $Q_{\text{act}} = 40\text{ litres/sec} = 0.04\text{m}^3/\text{s}$, $C_d = 0.96$

Pressure difference = ? ($P_1 - P_2$):

$$A_1 = \frac{\pi}{4} D_1^2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.15^2 = 0.01767\text{m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} D_2^2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.075^2 = 0.00442\text{m}^2$$

$$Q_{\text{act}} = C_d \times \frac{A_1 A_2}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}} \times \sqrt{2gh}, \text{ we get}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times \frac{0.01767 \times 0.00442}{\sqrt{(0.01767)^2 - (0.00442)^2}} \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times h}$$

$$0.04 = 0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429 \sqrt{h}$$

$$h = \left(\frac{0.04}{0.96 \times 0.004565 \times 4.429} \right)^2 = 4.247\text{m}$$

$$\text{Also, } h = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right)$$

Recall $(z_1 - z_2)$

$$\text{or } 4.247 = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho} \right) + (z_1 - z_2)$$

$$= \frac{(P_1 - P_2)}{\rho} - 0.15$$

$$\text{or } (P_1 - P_2) = \rho g (4.247 + 0.15)$$

$$= (0.8 \times 1000 \times 9.81) (4.247 + 0.15) \text{N/m}^2$$

$$= 34.51 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

2, Diameter of Inlet $D_1 = 300\text{mm} = 0.3\text{m}$ Inlet and throat.

$$\text{Area of Inlet } A_1 = \frac{\pi \times D_1^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.3^2}{4} = 0.0707\text{m}^2$$

Diameter of throat $D_2 = 150\text{mm} = 0.15\text{m}$

$$\text{Area of Inlet } A_2 = \frac{\pi \times D_2^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} = 0.01767\text{m}^2$$

Specific gravity of heavy liquid (Mercury) in tube manometer $S_{HL} = 13.6$

Specific gravity of liquid (oil) flowing through pipe $S = 0.9$

Reading of differential manometer $y = 250\text{mm} = 0.25\text{m}$

The differential Reading of 'h' is given by

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right)$$

$$= y \left[\frac{S_{HL}}{S} - 1 \right] = 0.25 \left[\frac{13.6}{0.9} - 1 \right]$$

$$= 3.53\text{m of oil}$$

1 Discharge of oil Q

Using the relation,

$$Q = \frac{C_d \times A_1 A_2 \times \sqrt{2gh}}{\sqrt{A_1^2 - A_2^2}}$$

$$Q = \frac{0.98 \times 0.07 \times 0.01767 \times \sqrt{2 \times 9.81 \times 3.53}}{\sqrt{0.07^2 - 0.01767^2}}$$

$$Q = 0.11189\text{m}^3/\text{s}$$

B, Pressure difference between entrance and throat section $P_1 - P_2$

we all know that;

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} + z_1 \right) - \left(\frac{P_2}{\rho} + z_2 \right) = 3.53$$

$$h = \left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} + \frac{P_2}{\rho} \right) - (z_1 - z_2) = 3.53$$

$$z_2 - z_1 = 300\text{mm} = 0.3\text{m}$$

$$\left(\frac{P_1}{\rho} - \frac{P_2}{\rho} \right) - 0.3 = 3.53 \text{ or } \frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho} = 3.83$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = (9.81 \times 0.9) \times 3.83 = 33.8\text{kN/m}^2 (\text{Ans})$$