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1) Find the equation of the equation tangent at the point (1,0) on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 5x - y + 4 = 0$

soln

Rewriting the eqn:  $x^2 - 5x + y^2 - y = -5$  — (1)

Using completing the square method for eqn (1)  $x^2 - 5x$  from  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a = 1, b = -5, c = 0$

$a(x+d)^2 + e$  (considering vertex form of a parabola)

$$d = b/2a = -5/2(1) = -5/2 = -2.5$$

$$e = c - (b^2/4a) = 0 - ((-5)^2/4(1)) = -25/4 = -6.25$$

$$a(x+d)^2 + e = (x + (-2.5))^2 + (-6.25)$$

substitute  $(x - 2.5)^2 - 6.25$  for  $x - 5x$  in eqn (1)

$$(x - 2.5)^2 - 6.25 + y^2 - y = -4$$

$$(x - 2.5)^2 + y^2 - y = +6.25 - 4$$

completing the square method for  $y^2 - y$

$$a(y+d)^2 + e$$

$$a = 1, b = -1, c = 0$$

$$d = b/2a = -1/2(1) = -1/2 = -0.5$$

$$e = c - (b^2/4a) = 0 - ((-1)^2/4(1)) = -1/4 = -0.25 \Rightarrow (y - 0.5) - 0.25$$

$$(x - 2.5)^2 + (y - 0.5) = -4 + 6.25 + 0.25$$

$$(x - 2.5)^2 + (y - 0.5) = 2.5$$

From eqn of a circle:  $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$

$$r = \sqrt{2.5}, h = 2.5, k = 0.5$$

The centre is at  $(h, k) = (2.5, 0.5)$

1) (continues)

from  $(1, 0)$  and  $(2.5, 0.5)$

$$y_2 = 0.5, y_1 = 0, x_2 = 2.5, x_1 = 1$$

$$\text{slope } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{0.5 - 0}{2.5 - 1} = \frac{0.5}{1.5}$$

$$\text{Tangent slope, } m_T = -\frac{1}{m} = -\frac{1.5}{0.5} = -3$$

$$y = -3x + b$$

$$b = y + 3x$$

$$b = 0 + 3(1) = 3$$

$$y = -3x + 3$$

$$\text{eqn of tangent} \Rightarrow 3x + y - 3 = 0$$

2) Find the equation of the tangent at the ~~tang~~ point  $(1, 0)$  on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 12x - 12y + 47 = 0$

soln.

$$x^2 - 12x + y^2 - 12y = -47 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

Using completing the square method for eqn (i)

$$\cancel{(x-6)^2} + (y+6)^2 = 22$$

$$(x-6)^2 + (y-6)^2 = 25$$

From eqn of a circle:  $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$

$$r = 5, h = 6, k = 6$$

The centre is at  $(h, k) = (6, 6)$

from  $(1, 0)$  and  $(6, 6)$

$$y_2 = 6, y_1 = 0, x_2 = 6, x_1 = 1$$

$$\text{slope } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 0}{6 - 1} = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\text{Tangent slope } m_T = -1/m = -5/6$$

$$y = -5/6x + b$$

$$b = y + (5/6x)$$

2) continuation.

$$b = 0 + 5/6 \text{ (1)}$$

$$b = 5/6$$

$$y = \frac{-5}{6}x + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$6y = -5x - 5 \Rightarrow -5x - 6y - 5 \text{ multiply by } -1$$

$$\text{eqn of tangent} \Rightarrow 5x + 6y + 5.$$

3) Find the equation of the tangent at the point  $(1,0)$  on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 14y + 40 = 0$ .

sh.

$$x^2 - 8x + y^2 + 14y = -40 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Using completing the square method for eqn. (1)

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 49 + 16 - 40$$

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 25$$

from eqn of a circle:  $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$

$$r = 5, h = 4, k = -7$$

The centre of the circle is at:  $(h, k) = (4, -7)$

from  $(1,0)$  and  $(4,-7)$  where  $y_2 = -7, y_1 = 0, x_2 = 4, x_1 = 1$

$$\text{Slope } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-7 - 0}{4 - 1} = \frac{-7}{3}$$

$$\text{Tangent slope } M_T = -\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) = -\left(-\frac{3}{7}\right) = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x + b$$

$$b = y - \frac{3}{7}x$$

$$b = 0 - \frac{3}{7}(1)$$

$$b = -\frac{3}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{7}x - \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\cancel{7y = \frac{3}{7}x} \rightarrow 7y = +3x - 3$$

$$\text{Equation of tangent} \Rightarrow 3x - 7y - 3$$