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17/ENGR01007

Pr. 314 :- Heat and mass transfer

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Hydrogen gas is maintained at 4 bar on the opposite side of a membrane of 0.5 mm thickness. At this temperature the diffusion coefficient is $8.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$. Determine the mass diffusion rate of hydrogen through the membrane. The solubility of hydrogen is $1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg mol}^{-1} \text{ atm}^{-1}$.

Solution

$$C_1 = 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 4 = 6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg mol}^{-1} \text{ atm}^{-1}$$

$$C_2 = 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 1 = 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg mol}^{-1} \text{ atm}^{-1}$$

Considering plane wall condition

$$R = \frac{L}{DA} = \frac{0.0005}{8.7 \times 10^{-8} \times 1}$$

$$\text{Mole flux} = (6 \times 10^{-3} - 1.5 \times 10^{-3}) / \frac{0.0005}{8.7 \times 10^{-8} \times 1}$$

$$= 7.85 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg mol}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Mass flux} = 2 \times 7.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} = 1.566 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

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