

ENERGI LINDINGAN

17/ENGG04/019

ELECT/ELECT ENGR

i) $R = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$

$L = 20 \text{ mH}$

$C = 5 \text{ nF}$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{20 \times 10^{-3} \times 5 \times 10^{-9}}} = \underline{\underline{100000 \text{ rad/s}}}$$

$$Q = \frac{R}{\omega_0 L} = \frac{100 \times 10^3}{100000 \times 20 \times 10^{-3}} = \underline{\underline{50}}$$

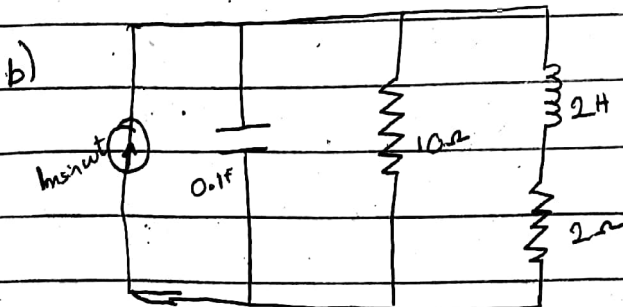
$$B = \omega_0 Q = 100 \times 10^3 \times 50 = 20000 \text{ rad/s}$$

Since $Q > 10$, $\omega_1 = \omega_0 - \frac{B}{2} = \frac{100 \times 10^3 - 20000}{2}$

$$\omega_1 = \underline{\underline{90000 \text{ rad/s}}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \omega_0 + \frac{B}{2} = \frac{100 \times 10^3 + 20000}{2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{110000 \text{ rad/s}}}$$



$$Y = \frac{1}{10} + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{1}{2+j\omega 2} = \frac{0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + 1}{2+j\omega 2}$$

Rationalizing $\frac{1}{2+j\omega 2} = \frac{1}{2+j\omega 2} \times \frac{2-j\omega 2}{2-j\omega 2} = \frac{2-j\omega 2}{4-4j\omega+4j\omega+4\omega^2}$

$$= \frac{2-j\omega 2}{4+4\omega^2}$$

$$Y = 0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{2-j\omega 2}{4+4\omega^2} = 0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{2}{4+4\omega^2} - \frac{j\omega 2}{4+4\omega^2}$$

$$= 0.1 + \frac{2}{4+4\omega^2} + j\left(\omega 0.1 - \frac{\omega^2}{4+4\omega^2}\right)$$

At resonance, $I_C(Y) = 0$

Therefore, $\omega 0.1 - \frac{\omega^2}{4+4\omega^2} = 0$

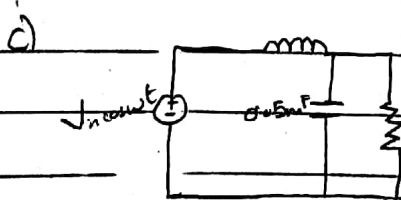
$$0.1 - \frac{\omega}{4+4\omega^2} = 0$$

$$0.1 = \frac{\omega}{4+4\omega^2}$$

$$0.4 + 0.4\omega^2 = \omega$$

$$0.4\omega^2 = \omega - 0.4$$

$$\omega = 2 \text{ rad/s}$$



$$Z = j\omega 100 \times 10^{-3} + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-3})} \right) = \left(\frac{20 + 1}{0.5 \times 10^{-3} j\omega} \right)$$

$$= j\omega 100 \times 10^{-3} + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-3})} \right) = \left(\frac{0.01 j\omega + 1}{0.5 \times 10^{-3} j\omega} \right)$$

$$= j\omega C(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{0.01j\omega + 1} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rationalizing } 20 &= \frac{20}{0.01j\omega + 1} \times \frac{0.01j\omega - 1}{0.01j\omega - 1} \\ &= \frac{20 - 0.2j\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} = \frac{20}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} - \frac{j\omega 0.2}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$Z = \frac{20}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} + j\omega C(100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2j\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2}$$

$$Z = \frac{20}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} + j \left(\frac{\omega C(100 \times 10^{-3}) - 0.2\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} \right)$$

At resonance the imaginary part of Z , $\text{Im}(Z) = 0$

$$= \frac{\omega_0 C(100 \times 10^{-3}) - 0.2\omega_0}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega_0^2} = 0$$

$$= \frac{\omega_0 C(100 \times 10^{-3})}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega_0^2} = \frac{0.2\omega_0}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega_0^2}$$

$$\omega_0 C(100 \times 10^{-3})(1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega_0^2) = 0.2\omega_0$$

$$= 0.1 + 1 \times 10^{-5} \omega_0^2 = 0.2$$

$$10^{-5} \omega_0^2 = 0.1$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{0.1}{10^{-5}}$$

$$10^{-5}$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{10000}$$

$$\omega_0 = 100 \text{ rad/s}$$

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