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(Answer)

Question 1.

Given Parameters -

$$R = 100 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad L = 20 \text{ mH}, \quad C = 5 \text{ nF}$$

Converted Parameters

$$R = 100 \times 10^3 = 100,000 \Omega$$
$$L = 20 \times 10^{-3} \text{ H} = 0.020 \text{ H}$$
$$C = 5 \times 10^{-9} \text{ F}$$

$$f) \omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{0.020 \times 5 \times 10^{-9}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{100 \times 10^{-2}}} = \frac{1}{10 \times 10^{-1}}$$
$$= 10^{-1} \times 10^6$$
$$= 10^5$$
$$= 100 \text{ krad/s}$$

$$b) Q = \frac{R}{\omega_0 L} = \frac{100,000}{100,000 \times 20 \times 10^{-3}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{20} \times 10^3$$
$$= 0.05 \times 10^3$$
$$= 50$$

$$c) B = \frac{\omega_0}{Q} = \frac{100 \times 10^3}{50} = 2,000 \text{ rad/s}$$
$$= 2 \text{ krad/s}$$

$$\omega_1 = \omega_0 - \frac{B}{2} = 100,000 - \frac{2,000}{2}$$
$$= 100,000 - 1,000$$
$$= 99,000 \geq 99 \text{ krad/s}$$

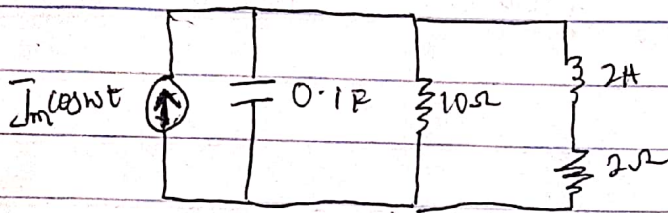
$$\omega_2 = \omega_0 + \frac{\beta}{2} = 100,000 + \frac{2,000}{2}$$

$$= 100,000 + 1,000$$

$$= 101,000 \text{ rad/s.}$$

$$= 101 \text{ krad/s.}$$

Question 2



The input admittance is

$$Y = j\omega 0.1 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{2 + j\omega 2} = 0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{2 - j\omega 2}{4 + \omega^2}$$

At resonance $\text{Im}(Y) = 0$.

$$\omega_0 0.1 - \frac{2\omega_0}{4 + \omega_0^2} = 0.$$

$$0.1\omega_0 + 0.1\omega_0^3 - 2\omega_0 = 0.$$

Divide through by ω_0 .

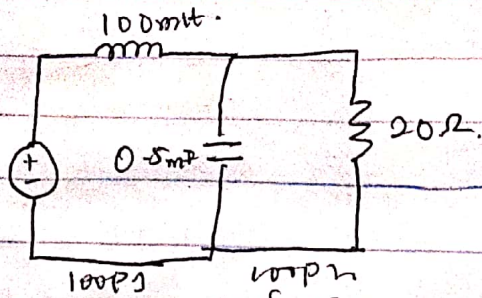
$$0.1 + 0.1\omega_0^2 - 2 = 0.$$

$$0.1\omega_0^2 = 1.9$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1.9}{0.1} \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \sqrt{19}$$

$$\omega_0 = 2 \text{ rad/s.}$$

Question 3.



$$100 \text{ mV} = (100 \times 10^{-3}) \text{ V} \rightarrow L.$$

$$0.5 \text{ mF} = (0.5 \times 10^{-3}) \text{ F} \rightarrow C.$$

$$20 \Omega \rightarrow R$$

Frequency domain.

$$(100 \times 10^{-3}) j\omega \text{ V}.$$

$$(0.5 \times 10^{-3}) = \frac{1}{2000} = \frac{2000}{j\omega}$$

$$20 \Omega.$$

From loop 2

R // C

$$20 \times \frac{2000}{j\omega}$$

$$\frac{20 + \frac{2000}{j\omega}}{j\omega} \quad \text{1-2 Product of } \Omega \text{ m.}$$

$$2) \frac{40000}{20j\omega + 2000} \Rightarrow \frac{40000}{20j\omega + 2000} \times \frac{(20j\omega - 2000)}{(20j\omega - 2000)} \quad (\text{rationalization}).$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{80,000j\omega - 80,000,000}{-400j\omega - 400,000}$$

Back to loop 1.

$R = L + (R // C)$ since the inductor is in series.

$$\frac{800,000j\omega - 800,000,000}{-400j\omega - 400,000} + 100 \times 10^{-3} j\omega$$

at resonance. $\text{Im}(R)$

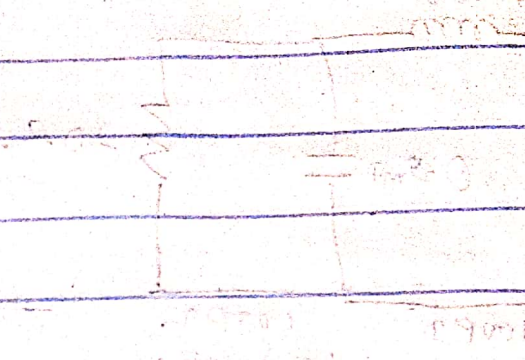
$$= \frac{800,000j\omega}{-400j\omega - 400,000} + j\omega (100 \times 10^{-3})$$

$$80000 \omega_0 + (-40 \omega_0^2) = 4000000$$

$$400000 - 40 \omega^2 = 0$$

$$\omega^2 = 10000$$

$$\omega = 100 \text{ rad/s}$$



$\vec{E} = -\nabla \phi - \dot{\vec{A}}$
 $\vec{B} = \nabla \times \vec{A}$
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