Matric number: 17/mhs02/114

Assignment Title: oncology and nursing care of patients with cancer

Course Title: Advanced Medical/ Surgical Nursing II

Course Code: NSC 408

Question

Discuss your nursing responsibilities towards a patient scheduled to receive neoadjuvant treatment for the management of cancer.

Discuss your responsibilities towards a patient receiving radiotherapy on an oncology unit where your practice.

What precautions should you take while caring for a patient receiving chemotherapy on your unit.

ANSWERS

1) Discuss your nursing responsibilities towards a patient scheduled to receive neoadjuvant treatment for the management of cancer.

Neoadjuvant treatment or therapy is the administration of therapeutic agents before a main treatment.

- Explain the procedure from patient and seek consent to enable cooperation
- Patient assessment, confirms allergies, and evaluates any preexisting symptoms.
- Verify signed consent for treatment was obtained and signed by provider and patient.
- Monitor laboratory values and verify laboratory values within acceptable range for dosing.
- Take measures to prevent medication errors:
 - Perform independent double-check of original orders with a second chemotherapy-certified RN.
 - Double check for accuracy of treatment regimen, chemotherapy agent, dose, calculations of body surface area, schedule, and route of administration.
- Recalculate chemotherapy doses independently for accuracy.
- Verify appropriate pre-medication and pre-hydration orders.
- Ensure patient education completed and address outstanding patient questions.
- 2) Discuss your responsibilities towards a patient receiving radiotherapy on an oncology unit where your practice.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The radiation source is exterior to the tumor such as the use of linear accelerator.

- 1. Remove all opaque objects such as pins, buttons and hairpins and replace clothing with a gown for body X-rays.
- 2. Have patient perfectly still; maintain position with the use of foam, plastic, plaster (material) devices and/or variety of other materials that can conform to the patient's anatomy.
- 3. Tell the patient there will be no sensation or pain accompanying radiotherapy.
- 4. Advise the patient that he will be alone in the room for the protection of the technician, but will be in voice contact.
- 5. Determine from the physician what has been told to the patient about radiation therapy.
- 6. If series of treatments are to be given, include the patient in the planning phase.
- 7. The radiation source is used for surface, interstitial, or intracavity applications
- a) The nurse should inform the patient that some skin reaction can be expected but that varies from patient to patient.
- b) Do not apply lotions, ointments, cosmetics, etc. to the site of radiation unless prescribed by the physician.
- 3) What precautions should you take while caring for a patient receiving chemotherapy on your unit?

PRECAUTIONS

- 1) Pharmacists and nurses who prepare chemo drugs use a special type of pharmacy that must meet certain regulations.
- 2) Nurses and others who give your chemo and help take care of you afterwards wear protective clothing, such as 2 pairs of special gloves and a gown, and sometimes goggles or a face shield.
- 3) If you're getting IV chemo, there might be a disposable pad under the infusion tubing to protect the surface of the bed or chair.
- 4) A warning label should be places around the area where chemotherapy is given.