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17/ENG 02/1003

Computer engineering

① $R = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$; $b = 20 \text{ mA}$, $C = 5 \text{ nF}$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(20 \times 10^{-3})(5 \times 10^{-4})}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 \times 10^{-10}}}$$

$$= 100000 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_0 = 100 \text{ krad/s}$$

$$Q = \frac{R}{\omega_0 L} = \frac{100 \times 10^3}{(100 \times 10^3) \times (20 \times 10^{-3})} = \frac{1}{20 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 50 \quad Q = 50$$

$$\beta = \frac{\omega_0 b}{Q} = \frac{100 \times 10^2}{50} = 2000 = 2 \text{ krad/s}$$

$$\text{Since } Q > 10, \omega_1 = \omega_0 - \frac{\beta}{2} = 100 \times 10^3 - \frac{2000}{2}$$

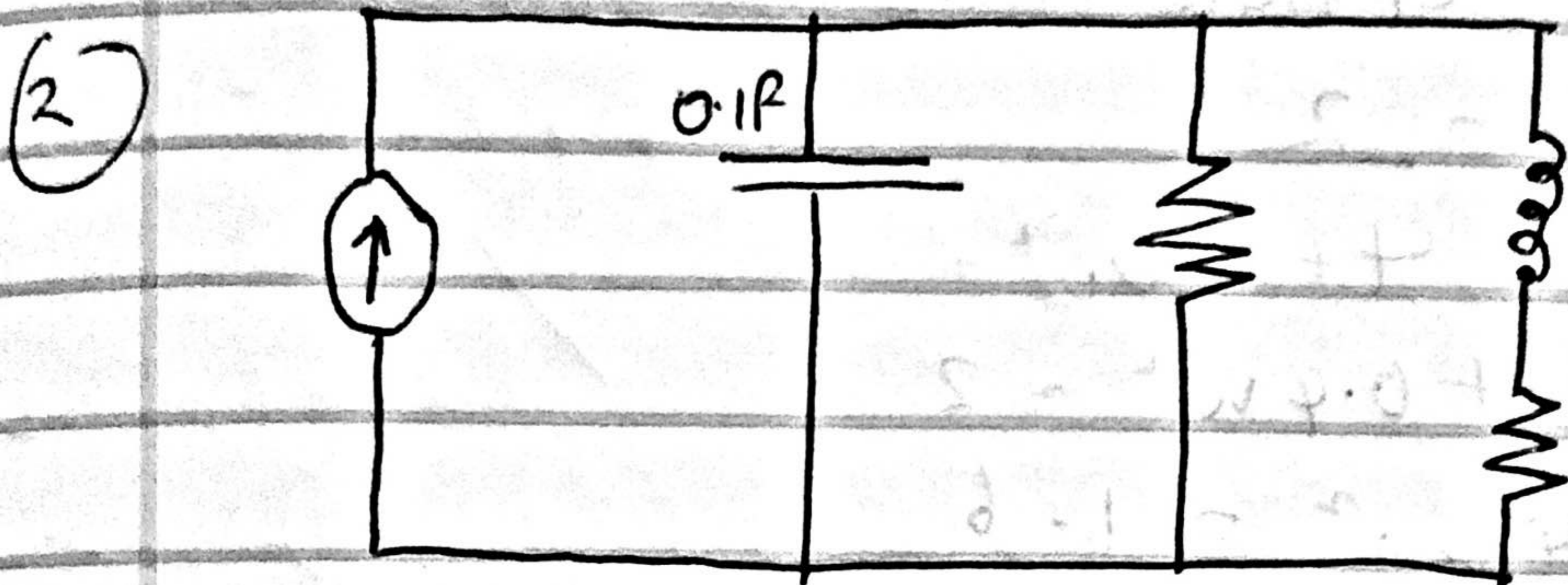
$$= 100 \times 10^3 - 1000 = 99000$$

$$\omega_1 = 99 \text{ krad/s} //$$

$$\omega_2 = \omega_0 + \frac{\beta}{2} = 100 \times 10^3 + \frac{2000}{2} = 100 \times 10^3$$

$$+ 1000 = 101000$$

$$\omega_2 = 10 \text{ rad/s}$$



$$Y = \frac{1}{10} + j\omega_2 \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2 + j\omega_2} = 0.1 + j\omega_2 \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2 + j\omega_2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 + j\omega_2} = \frac{1}{2 + j\omega_2} \cdot \frac{2 - j\omega_2}{2 - j\omega_2} = \frac{2 - j\omega_2}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$

~~$$Y = 0.1 + j\omega_2 \cdot 1 + \frac{2 - j\omega_2}{4 + 4\omega^2} = 0.1 + \frac{2 - j\omega_2}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$~~

$$Y = 0.1 + \frac{2}{4 + 4\omega^2} + j\omega_2 \cdot 1 - \frac{j\omega_2}{4 + 4\omega^2} = 0.1 + \frac{2}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$

$$+ j \left(\omega_2 \cdot 1 - \frac{\omega_2}{4 + 4\omega^2} \right)$$

At resonance, $\text{Im}(Y) = 0$

Therefore $\omega_2 \cdot 0.1 - \frac{\omega_2}{4 + 4\omega^2} = 0$

$$0.1 = \frac{2}{4 + 4\omega^2} \approx 0$$

$$0.1 = \frac{2}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$

$$0.4 + 0.4\omega^2 = 2$$

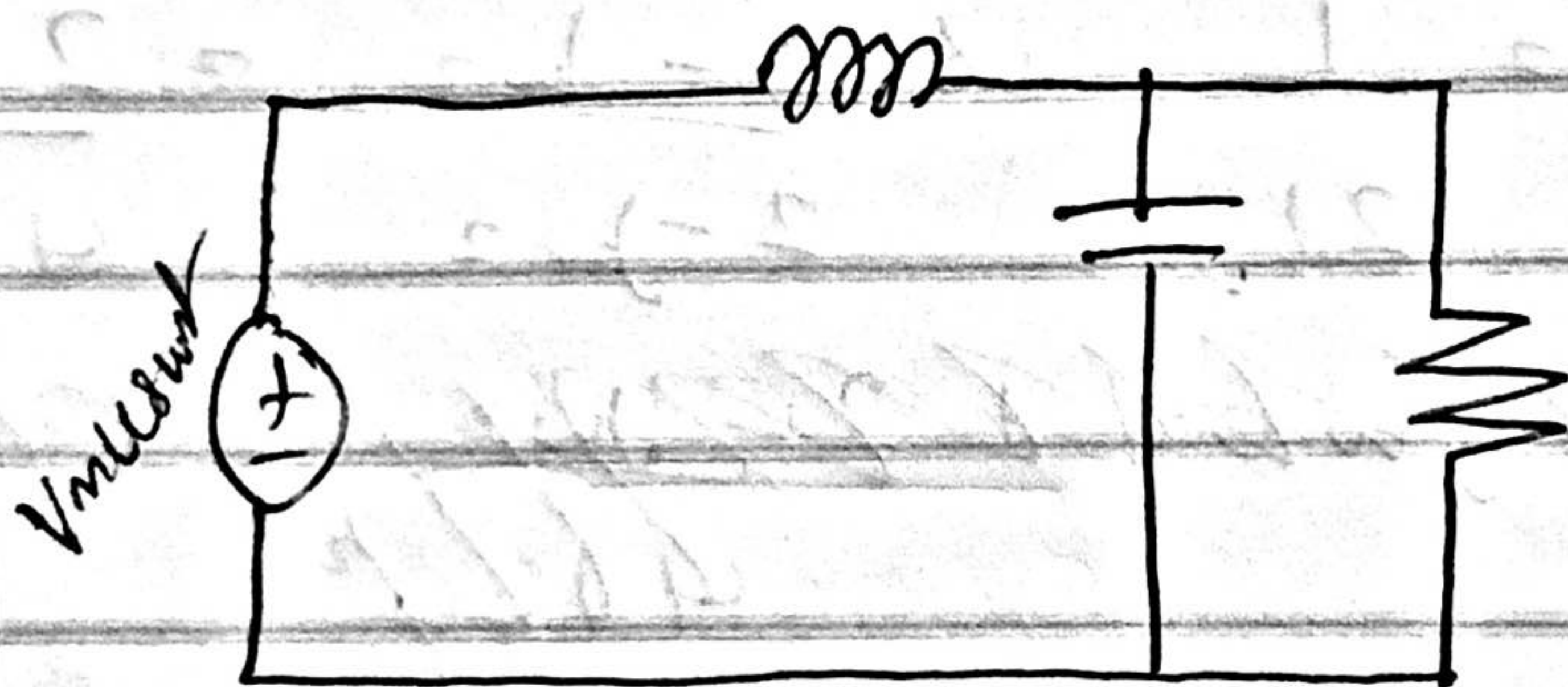
$$0.4\omega^2 = 1.6$$

$$\omega^2 = 0.4 \times 10^4$$

$$= 4$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{4} = 2 \text{ rad/s}$$

(c)



$$Z = j\omega 100 \times 10^{-3} + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega (0.5 \times 10^{-3})} \right) \div \left(20 + \frac{1}{0.5 \times 10^{-3} j\omega} \right)$$

$$= j\omega (100 \times 10^{-3}) + \frac{20}{j\omega (0.5 \times 10^{-3})} \div \left(\frac{0.01 j\omega + 1}{0.5 \times 10^{-3} j\omega} \right)$$

$$= j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-3})} \times \frac{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-3})}{0.01j\omega + 1} \right)$$

$$= j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{0.01j\omega + 1} \right)$$

$$\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-3})} = \frac{20}{j\omega(0.0005)} = \frac{20}{0.0005j\omega} = \frac{40000}{j\omega}$$

$$= \frac{j\omega(0.2) - 20}{-1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2 - 1} = \frac{-20 + j\omega(0.2)}{-1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2 - 1}$$

$$Z = j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \frac{20}{1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2 + 1} - \frac{0.2j\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2}$$

$$= \frac{20}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2} + j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2j\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2}$$

$$\frac{-0.2j\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2}$$

$$Z = \frac{20}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2} + j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2j\omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega^2}$$

at resonance, the imaginary part of Z is 0
 $\therefore 100(100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2\omega_0}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega_0^2} = 0$

$$\omega_0(100 \times 10^{-3}) = \frac{0.2\omega_0}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega_0^2}$$

$$100 \times 10^{-2} (1 + 1 \times 10^{-4}\omega_0^2) = 0.2$$

$$100 \times 10^{-2} + 1 \times 10^{-5}\omega_0^2 = 0.2$$

$$1 \times 10^{-5}\omega_0^2 = 0.2 - 100 \times 10^{-3} = 0.1$$

$$1 \times 10^{-5}\omega_0^2 = 0.1$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{0.1}{10^{-5}}$$

$$\omega_0^2 = 10000$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{10000}$$

$$\omega_0 = 100 \text{ rad/s}$$