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Assignment

Solution:

1 $R = 10k\Omega$, $L = 20mH$, $C = 5\mu F$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(20 \times 10^{-3})(5 \times 10^{-6})}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 \times 10^{-10}}} = 100000 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_0 = 100 \text{ krad/s}$$

$$Q = \frac{R}{\omega_0 L} = \frac{100 \times 10^3}{(100 \times 10^3) \times (20 \times 10^{-3})} = \frac{1}{20 \times 10^{-3}} = 50$$

$$Q = 50$$

$$B = \frac{\omega_0}{Q} = \frac{100 \times 10^3}{50} = 2000 = 2 \text{ krad/s}$$

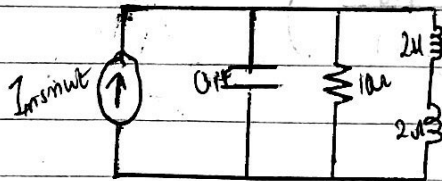
Since $Q > 10$, $\omega_1 = \omega_0 - \frac{B}{2} = 100 \times 10^3 - \frac{2000}{2} = 100 \times 10^3 - 1000 = 99000$

$$\omega_1 = 99 \text{ krad/s}$$

$$\omega_2 = \omega_0 + \frac{B}{2} = 100 \times 10^3 + \frac{2000}{2} = 100 \times 10^3 + 1000 = 101000$$

$$\omega_2 = 101 \text{ krad/s}$$

2



$$Y = \frac{1}{10} + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{1}{2 + j\omega 2} = 0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{1}{2 + j\omega 2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 + j\omega 2} = \frac{1}{2 + j\omega 2} \times \frac{2 - j\omega 2}{2 - j\omega 2} = \frac{2 - j\omega 2}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$

$$Y = 0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{2 - j\omega 2}{4 + 4\omega^2} = 0.1 + j\omega 0.1 + \frac{2 - j\omega 2}{4 + 4\omega^2}$$

$$Y = \frac{0.1 + 2}{4 + 4\omega^2} + j\omega 0.1 - \frac{j\omega 2}{4 + 4\omega^2} = 0.1 + \frac{2}{4 + 4\omega^2} + j\left(\omega 0.1 - \frac{\omega 2}{4 + 4\omega^2}\right)$$

At resonance, $\text{Im}(y) = 0$

Therefore $\omega_0 \cdot 1 - \omega_0 \cdot 2 = 0$

$$0.1 - \frac{2}{4+4\omega^2} = 0$$

$$0.1 = \frac{2}{4+4\omega_0^2}$$

$$0.4 + 0.4\omega_0^2 = 2$$

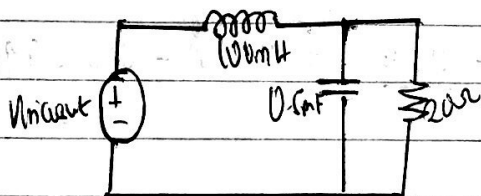
$$0.4\omega_0^2 = 1.6$$

$$\omega_0^2 = 0.4 \times 10^4$$

$$= 4$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{4}$$

$$= 2 \text{ rad/s}$$



$$Z = j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-6})} \parallel (20 + \frac{1}{0.5 \times 10^{-6} j\omega}) \right)$$

$$= j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-6})} \parallel \frac{0.01 j\omega + 1}{0.5 \times 10^{-6} j\omega} \right)$$

$$= j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-6})} \times \frac{j\omega(0.5 \times 10^{-6})}{0.01 j\omega + 1} \right)$$

$$= j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \left(\frac{20}{0.01 j\omega + 1} \right)$$

$$\frac{20}{j\omega(0.01) + 1} = \frac{20}{0.01 j\omega + 1} \times \frac{0.01 j\omega - 1}{0.01 j\omega - 1}$$

$$= \frac{j\omega(0.2) - 20}{-1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2 - 1} = \frac{-20 + j\omega(0.2)}{-1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2 - 1}$$

$$Z = j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) + \frac{20}{1 + 10^{-4} \omega^2} - \frac{0.2 j\omega}{1 + 10^{-4} \omega^2} = \frac{20}{1 + 10^{-4} \omega^2} + j\omega(100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2 j\omega}{1 + 10^{-4} \omega^2}$$

$$Z = \frac{20}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} + j \left(\omega (100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2 \omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} \right)$$

At resonance, the imaginary part of Z is 0

$$\therefore \omega (100 \times 10^{-3}) - \frac{0.2 \omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2} = 0$$

$$\omega (100 \times 10^{-3}) = \frac{0.2 \omega}{1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2}$$

$$100 \times 10^{-2} (1 + 1 \times 10^{-4} \omega^2) = 0.2$$

$$100 \times 10^{-2} + 1 \times 10^{-5} \omega^2 = 0.2$$

$$1 \times 10^{-5} \omega^2 = 0.2 - 100 \times 10^{-2} = 0.1$$

$$1 \times 10^{-5} \omega^2 = 0.1$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{0.1}{10^{-5}}$$

$$\omega^2 = 10000$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{10000}$$

$$\omega = 100 \text{ rad/s}$$