

LEGHEKTO SOLOMON
 18/ENG08/010
 BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING
 ENGINEERING MECHANICS
 ENG 234

1) For the figure 12.3(c)

$$v = (4t - 3t^2) \text{ m/s}$$

$$s = \int v dt$$

$$s = \int (4t - 3t^2) dt$$

$$= 2t^2 - t^3$$

When $t = 4$

$$s = 2(4)^2 - (4)^3$$

$$= 32 - 64$$

$$s = -32 \text{ m}$$

2) for figure 12.4(2)

$$v = (0.5t^3 - 8t) \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = dv/dt$$

$$dv/dt = 3(0.5)t^2 - 8$$

$$= 1.5t^2 - 8$$

$$a = dv/dt / t = 2$$

$$= 1.5(2)^2 - 8$$

$$= 6 - 8 = -2 \text{ m/s}$$

3) For figure 12.7(3)

$$a = (4t^2 - 2) \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v = \int a dt$$

$$v = \int 4t^2 - 2$$

$$= 4t^3/3 - 2t + C$$

$$s = \int v dt$$

$$= \int 4t^3/3 - 2t + C$$

$$= 4t^4/12 - 2t^2/2 + Ct$$

$$P = 1/3 t^4 - t^2 + Ct + K$$

When $t = 0, P = 2$

$$-2 = 1/3 (0)^4 - (0)^2 + C(0) + K$$

$$K = -2$$

When $t = 2, P = 20, K = -2$

$$-20 = 1/3 (2)^4 - 2^2 + C(2) - 2$$

$$-20 = -0.7 + 2C$$

$$C = -9.7$$

$$P = 1/3 t^4 - t^2 - 9.7t - 2$$

When $t = 4$

$$P = 1/3 (4)^4 - 4^2 - (9.7 \times 4) - 2$$

$$P = 28.7 \text{ m}$$

4) For figure 12.8(4)

$$v = (20 - 0.55s) \text{ m/s}$$

$$dt = \frac{ds}{v} \quad \text{and} \quad dt = \frac{dv}{a}$$

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt}, \quad \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{dv}{ds} \cdot \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dv}{ds} = -0.55, \quad \frac{ds}{dt} = (20 - 0.55s)$$

$$a = (-0.55) (20 - 0.55s)$$

When $s = 15$

$$a = (-0.55 \times 15) (20 - 0.55 \times 15)$$

$$a = -13.125 \text{ m/s}^2$$