

NAME: AARON ABRAHAM DYEM

DEPARTMENT: COMPUTER ENGINEERING

COURSE: MAT 104

MATRIC NO: 19/Eng02/011

ASSIGNMENT

1) $\int x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln x$

$$u = \ln x$$
$$du = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$dv = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$v = \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$= \ln x \cdot \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \int \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \cdot \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$= \ln x \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \int \frac{2x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{3}$$

$$= \ln x \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \left[\frac{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} \right] + C$$

$$= \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \left(\ln x - \frac{2}{3} \right) + C //$$

2) $\int 2 \cos 6t \cos t = 2 \int \cos 6t \cos t$

$$A = 6t, B = t$$

$$\cos A \cos B = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(6t+t) + \cos(6t-t)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\cos 7t + \cos 5t]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 \int \cos 6t \cos 4t dt &= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 7t + \cos 5t) \\
 &= 1 \left[\frac{\sin 7t}{7} + \frac{\sin 5t}{5} \right] + C \\
 &= \frac{\sin 7t}{7} + \frac{\sin 5t}{5} + C //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3) \int \sin^3 x \cos^4 x dx$$

Since m is odd

$$u = \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -\sin x \Rightarrow dx = \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$\text{And } \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$= \int \sin x \cdot \sin^2 x \cdot u^4 \cdot \frac{-du}{\sin x}$$

$$= - \int \sin^2 x \cdot u^4 du$$

$$= - \int (1 - \cos^2 x) \cdot u^4 du$$

$$= - \int (1 - u^2) \cdot u^4 du$$

$$= \int (u^6 - u^4) du = \int (u^6 - u^4) du$$

$$= \frac{u^7}{7} - \frac{u^5}{5} + C$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x)^7}{7} - \frac{(\cos x)^5}{5} + C$$