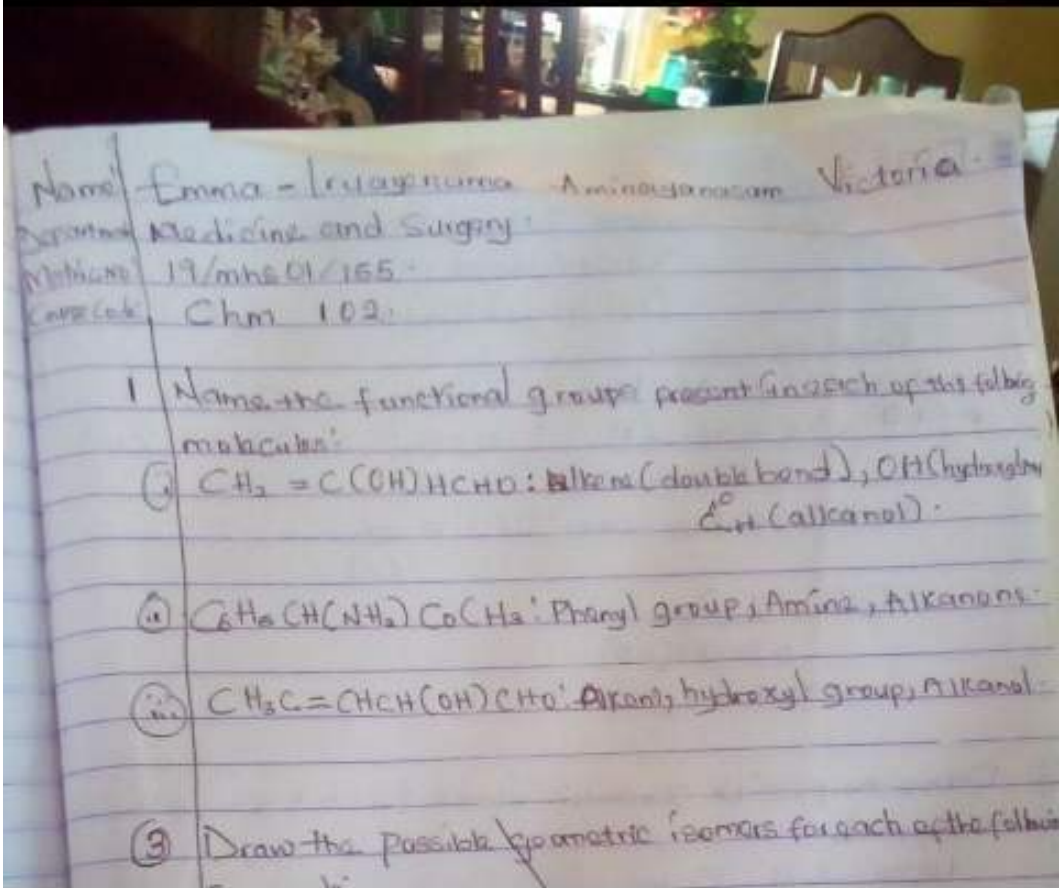




You

3 minutes ago



$$[\alpha]_D^{25} = \frac{\alpha}{c \cdot l}$$

where c = conc. in g/100ml
 l = optical path length in dm
 λ = wave length, T = temperature
 $[\alpha]$ = specific rotation, α = optical rotation

Parameters given:

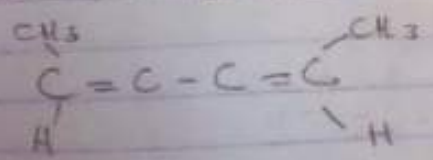
$m = 0.8568 \text{ g}$, $V = 10 \text{ cm}^3$, $[\alpha]_D^{25} = ?$, $l = 1.0 \text{ dm}$, $T = 25^\circ \text{C}$
 $d = 1.0$
 $C = \frac{\text{mass (g)}}{\text{Volume (cm}^3)}$ $\frac{0.8568}{10} = 0.08568 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Inserting values into $[\alpha] = \frac{\alpha}{c \cdot l}$

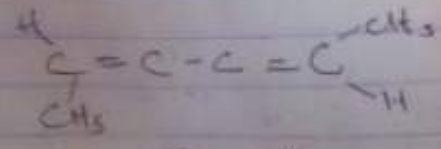
$$[\alpha] = \frac{1.0}{0.08568(1.0)} = 11.68$$

Draw the possible geometric isomers for each of the following compounds

Hexa-2,4-diene

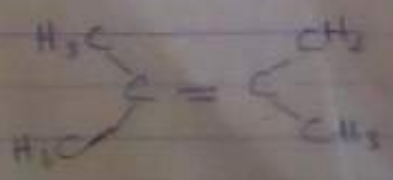


Cis Hexa-2,4-diene

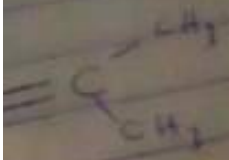


Trans Hexa-2,4-diene

(ii) 2,3 dimethyl but-2-ene



Both cis and trans are same



Trans - Same 2-ene