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17/SC/14/002

Civil Engineering

Structural design

(a) (i) - To design for safety

(ii) - The design must be economical

(iii) - The deformation of the structure must not impose with the intensity of the structure.

(b) Limit state design considers the disadvantage of load factor design and any other failure that can cause the structure to be structurally unfit while elastic design is a method of analysis which the design of a structure member is based on a linear stress relationship.



slab case design

$$\text{slope factor} = \frac{\sqrt{h_c^2 + 4T^2}}{4T} = \frac{\sqrt{150^2 + 275^2}}{275} = 1.14$$

\* load analysis

$$\text{I - slabs } = h \times 24 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$= 0.15 \times 24 = 3.6 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{II} = \text{finishes} = 1.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{III} = \text{steps} = T \times \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$= 0.275 \times 0.5 \times 24 = 3.3 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{D.G.K} = (CA + B) \times 3p + c$$

$$= (4.8 \times 1.14) + 3.3$$

$$= \underline{\underline{8.772 \text{ kN/m}^2}}$$

$$\text{D.L.f} = 1.4 \text{G.K} + 1.6 \text{Q.K}$$

$$= 1.4(8.77) + 1.6(1.5)$$

$$= 14.68 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{span} = \text{total} + 0.5(Q + B) = (275 \times 12) + 0.5(225 + 275)$$

$$= 3.525 \text{ m}$$

$$d = h - \text{cover} - \frac{1}{2} \phi$$

$$= 150 - 25 - 6 = 119 \text{ mm}$$

$$M = \frac{f_t^2}{10}$$

$$= \frac{14.68 \times 3.52^2}{10} = 18.24 \text{ kNm}$$



$$k = \frac{M}{bd^2 f_{cm}} = \frac{18.24 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 119^2 \times 25} = 0.052$$

$$\bar{\alpha} = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{k}{0.9}} = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{0.052}{0.9}} = 0.938$$

$$z = \bar{\alpha} d = 0.938 \times 119 = 111.622 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y z} = \frac{18.24 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 440 \times 111.622} = 419.53$$

$$A_s \text{ for} = 452 \text{ mm}$$

provide  $y_2 @ 259 \text{ c/c}$  ( $A_s \text{ for} = 452 \text{ mm}$ )

Deflection check

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{\beta} \times \frac{A_{req}}{A_{for}} \times f_{yv}$$

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} \times 1 \times \frac{419.53}{452} \times 210 = 154.69 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M.f = \frac{0.56 + 4.77 - 154.69}{120 \left( \frac{0.9 + 18.24 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 119^2} \right)} = 1.78$$

$$d_{req} = \frac{\text{span}}{ef \times edr} = \frac{3525}{1.78 \times 26} = 76.17 \text{ mm}$$

Since  $d_{req} < d$ , Deflection is ok



$$\textcircled{2a} \quad P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = \frac{4300}{4000} = 1.075 < 2 = 2 \text{ way slab}$$

$$P_2 = P_8 = P_9 = \frac{4500}{4000} = 1.125 < 2 = 2 \text{ way slab}$$

$$P_4 = P_5 = P_6 = \frac{4300}{4000} = 1.075 < 2 = 2 \text{ way slab}$$

$$P_{10} = P_{11} = P_{12} = \frac{4000}{1500} = 2.66 > 2 = 1 \text{ way slab}$$

$\textcircled{2b}$  Designing for  $P_2$

$$l_y/d_x = \frac{4300}{4000} = 1.075 \approx \underline{\underline{1.1}}$$

$$\text{short span coefficient} = \frac{-}{0.054}$$

$$\text{long span co-efficient} = \frac{0.088}{0.044}$$

Specification of slab thickness = 175 mm

$$f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$f_y = 460 \text{ N/mm}^2$$



$$DL = 1.46K + 1.6QK$$

$$G.K = \text{Weight slab} = 0.175 \times 24$$

$$\text{partition} = 1.0$$

$$\text{Finishes} = 1.2$$

$$6.4 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Assuming for factory

$$D.L = (1.4 \times 6.4) + (1.6 \times 5)$$

$$= 16.96 \approx 17 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Short span coefficient} = 0.044$$

$$0.033$$

$$\text{Long span coefficient} = 0.037$$

$$0.028$$

$$\text{Short span } m.d = P$$

$$M = B \times l^2 \times \alpha = 0.044 \times 17 \times 4^2$$

$$= 11.968$$

$$d = h - \text{cover} - \frac{1}{2} \phi = 144$$

$$= 0.023$$

$$h = \frac{M}{f_d^2 f_{cu}}$$

$$= \frac{11.968 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 44^2 \times 25}$$



$$k_a = p_a = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 + \frac{1}{0.9} \times 0.9} = 0.975 \approx 0.95$$

$$Z = p_a \cdot d = 0.95 \times 144 = 136.8$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y z} = \frac{11.968 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 460 \times 136.8} = 224.61$$

provided 7.2 @ 377mm

$$M = \beta \times \alpha l^2 x = 0.033 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 8.976$$

$$d = 144$$

$$k_e = \frac{M}{bd^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{8.976 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 144^2 \times 25} = 0.0173$$

$$p_a = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{k_e}{0.9}} = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{0.0173}{0.9}}$$

$$= 0.83$$

$$Z = p_a \cdot d = 0.83 \times 144 = 119.52$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y z} = \frac{8.976 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 460 \times 119.52} = 192.81 \text{ mm}^2$$



provide  $712 @ 377 \text{ mm}$

long span  
Mid

$$d = d(\text{short span}) = \text{steel thickness} = 144 - 12 = 132 \text{ mm}$$

$$M = B \times a l^2 \times = 0.032 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 10.064$$

$$\frac{M}{b d^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{10.064 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 132^2 \times 25} = 0.0231$$

$$z_a = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{15}{6.9}} = 0.97 > 0.95 = 0.95$$

$$z = l a d = 0.95 \times 132 = 125.4$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y z} = \frac{10.064 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 125.4 \times 410} = 206.04$$

provide  $712 @ 377 \text{ mm}$



Cont. Span: Continuous

$$d = 132 \text{ mm}$$

$$M = B \times \text{all}^2 \times z = 0.028 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 7.616$$

$$I_a = \frac{M}{b d^2 f_{cr}} = \frac{7.616 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 132^2 \times 25} = 0.017$$

$$L_a = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 + \frac{K}{6.9}} = 0.98 > 0.95 = 0.98$$

$$Z = I_a \cdot d = 125.4$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y Z} = \frac{2.616 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 460 \times 125.4} = 188.73$$

provide 712 @ 377 mm

deflection checks

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} P_y \quad B \quad \frac{A_{req}}{A_{provided}}$$

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} \times 250 \times 1 \times \frac{224.61}{377} = 99.3$$



$$M_{ik} = \frac{0.55 + 422 - 99.3}{120 \left( 0.9 + \frac{11.968 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 144^2} \right)} = 2.68$$

$$= 2.68 > 2$$

$$d_{req} = \frac{4 \times 1000}{2 \times 26} = 76.92 = 0.19$$