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181 ENG 061004

Mechanical Engineering

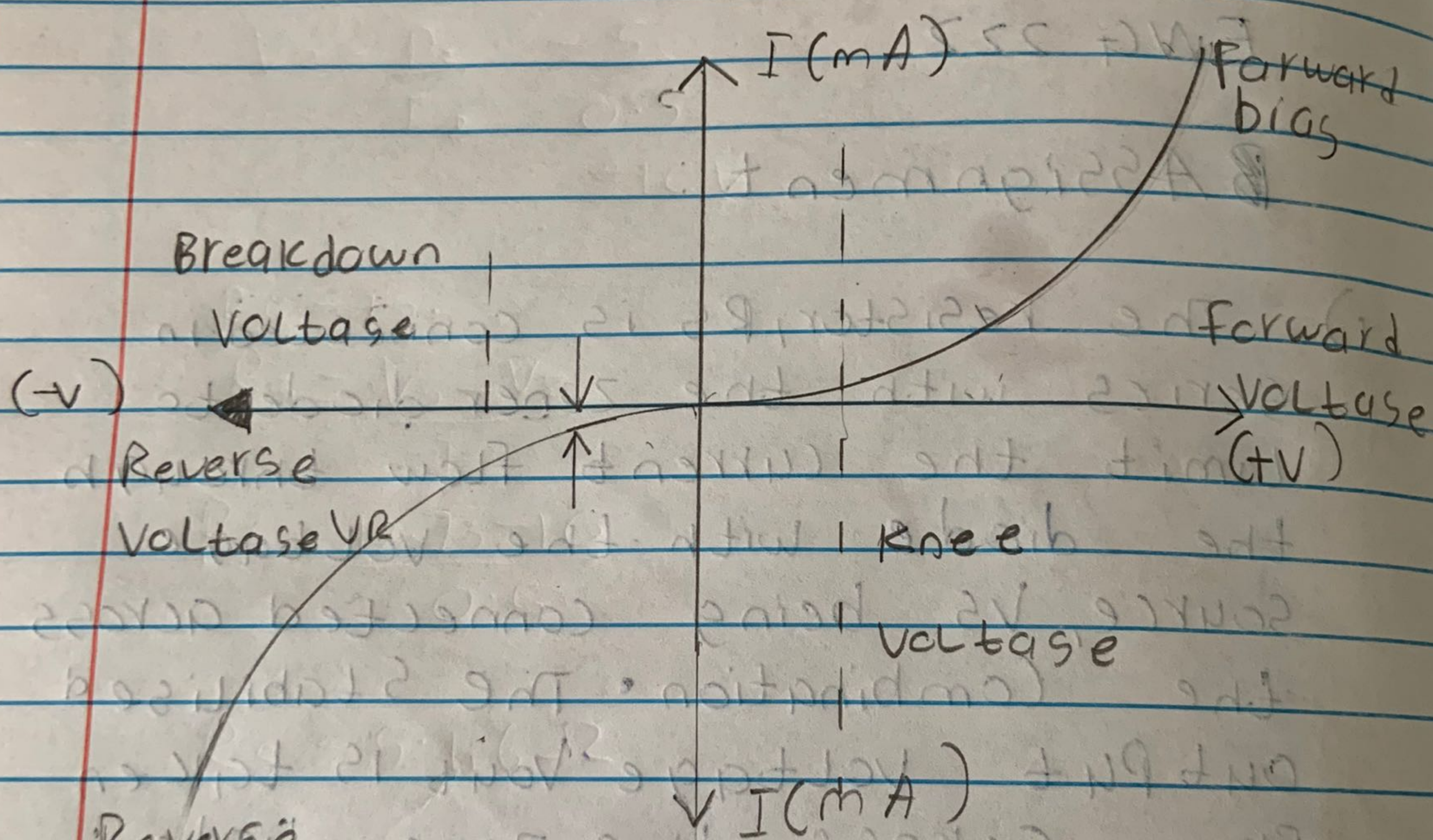
ENG 222

Assignment

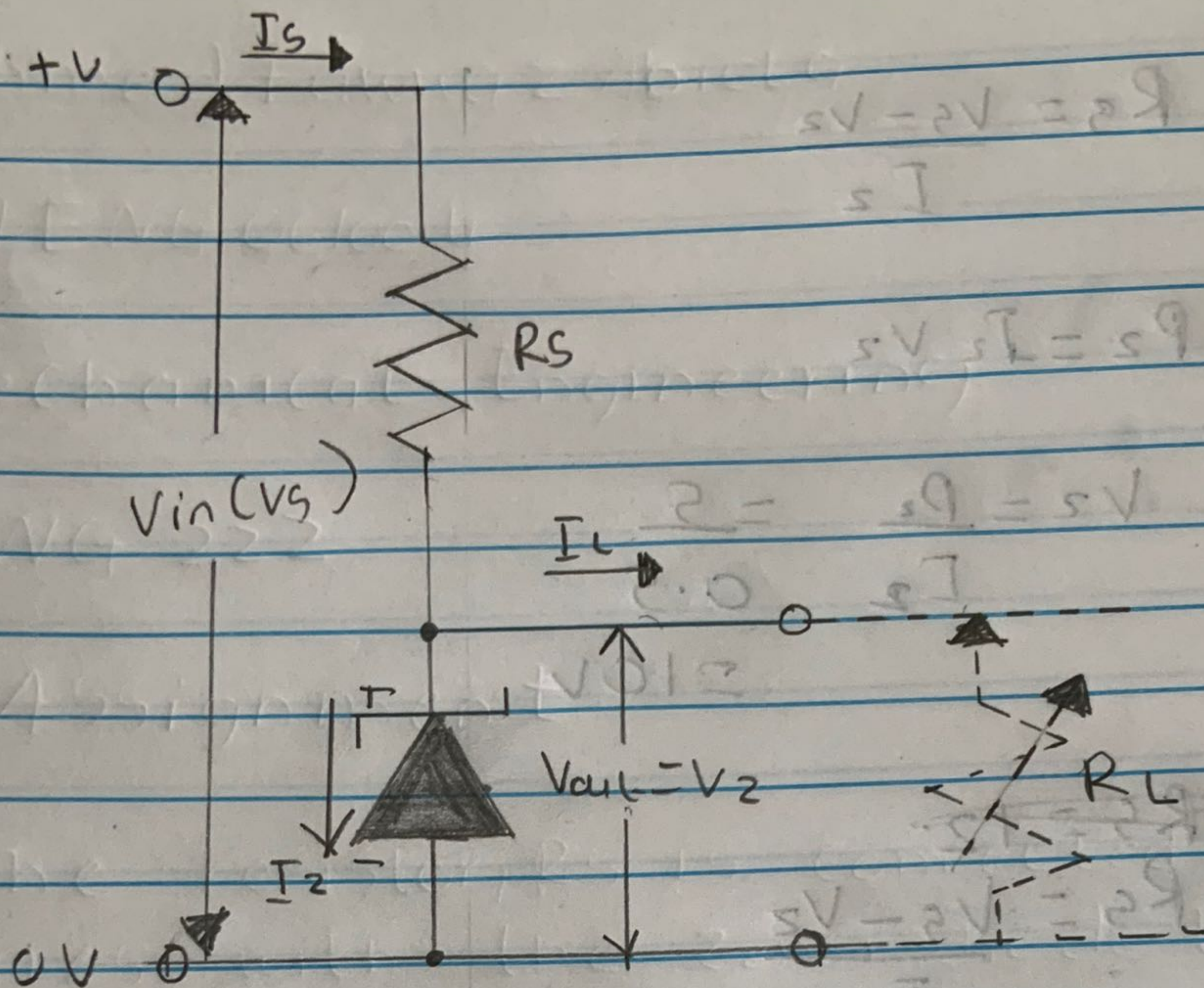
- 1) The resistor, R_S is connected in series with the Zener diode to limit the current flow through the diode with the voltage source, V_S being connected across the combination. The stabilised output voltage V_{out} is taken from across the Zener diode.

A Zener diode is always operated in its reverse biased condition. As such a simple voltage regulator circuit can be designed using a Zener diode to maintain a constant P_{out} .

voltage across the Load inspite of variations in the input voltage or changes in the load current.



I-V Characteristic Curve



$$2) P = 5 \text{ W}$$

$$I_R = 500 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_R = 500 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A} = 0.5 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{max} \times \pi = 20 \text{ V}_{max}$$

$$V_{dc} = \frac{2 \times V_{max}}{\pi}$$

π

$$V_{dc} = \frac{2 \times 20}{\pi}$$

π

$$V_{dc} = 12.73 \text{ V}_{dc}$$

direction perpendicular to both I and B.

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$$i) R_s = \frac{V_s - V_z}{I_z}$$

$$P_z = I_z V_z$$

$$V_z = \frac{P_z}{I_z} = \frac{5}{0.5} = 10V$$

~~$$R_s = I_z$$~~

$$R_s = \frac{V_s - V_z}{I_z}$$

$$R_s = \frac{12.73 - 10}{0.5}$$

$$R_s = 5.46 \Omega$$

$$ii) I_L = \frac{V_z}{R_L}$$

$$= \frac{10}{500}$$

$$I_L = 0.02A \text{ or } 20mA$$