

1) HCOOH - Methanoic acid

$\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ - Propane-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid

$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ - butanoic acid

$\text{HO}_2\text{C}(\text{CO}_2\text{H})_2$ - Ethanedioic acid

$(\text{CH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{COOH})$ - Hexane-1,6-dioic acid

2) i) Physical appearance - ~~Low~~ They are solids with low melting points.

ii) Boiling points - The simplest carboxylic acid boils at 101°C (214°F)

iii) Solubility - It is solubility soluble in water

3) i) Hydrolysis of alkanoates in acid media



ii) Distillation of anhydrous sodium ethanoate with concentrated H_2SO_4



4) Carbonylation of a Grignard reagent and organolithium reagents;



Base-catalyzed cleavage of non-enolized ketones, especially aryl ketones

