

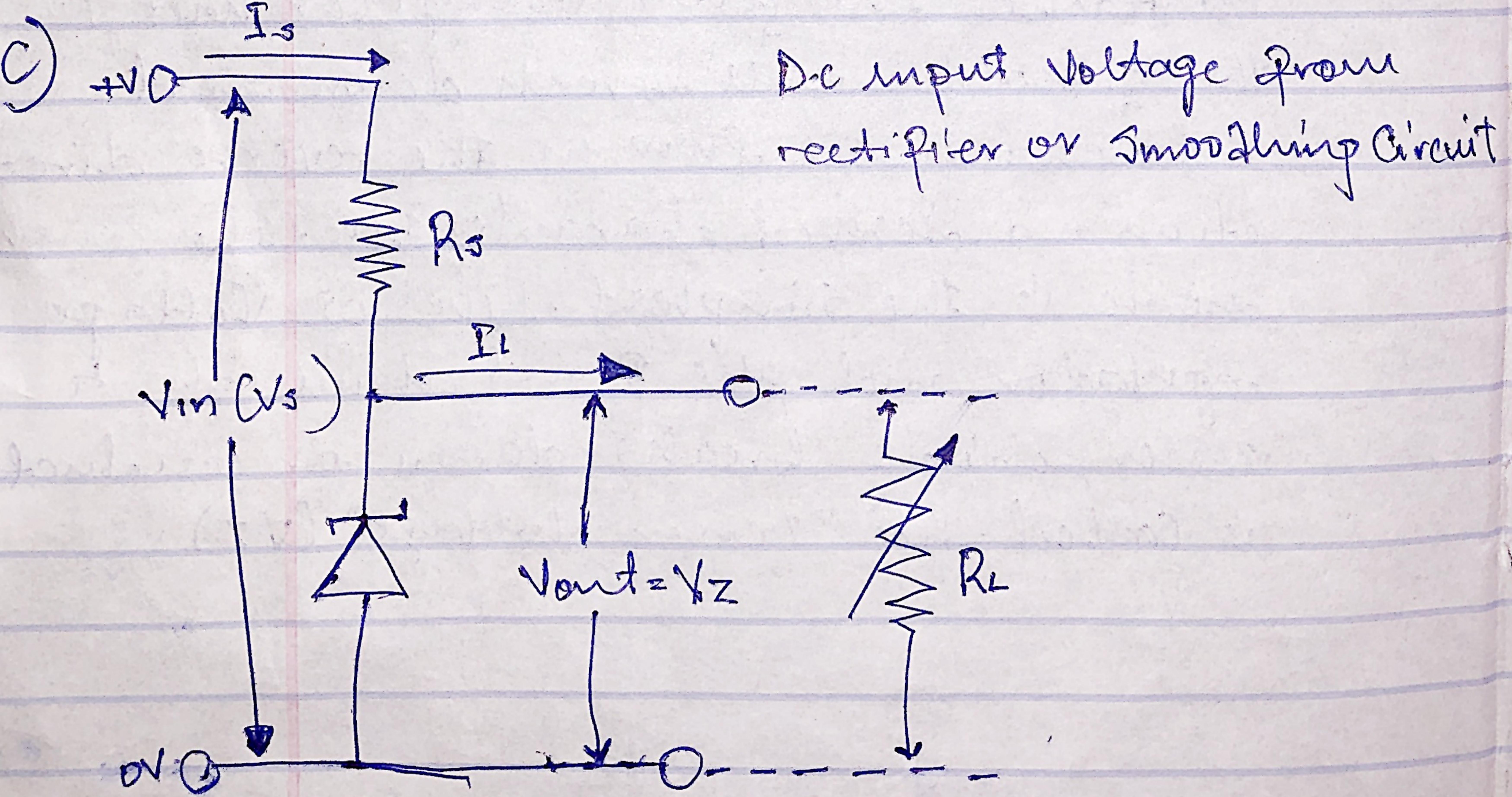
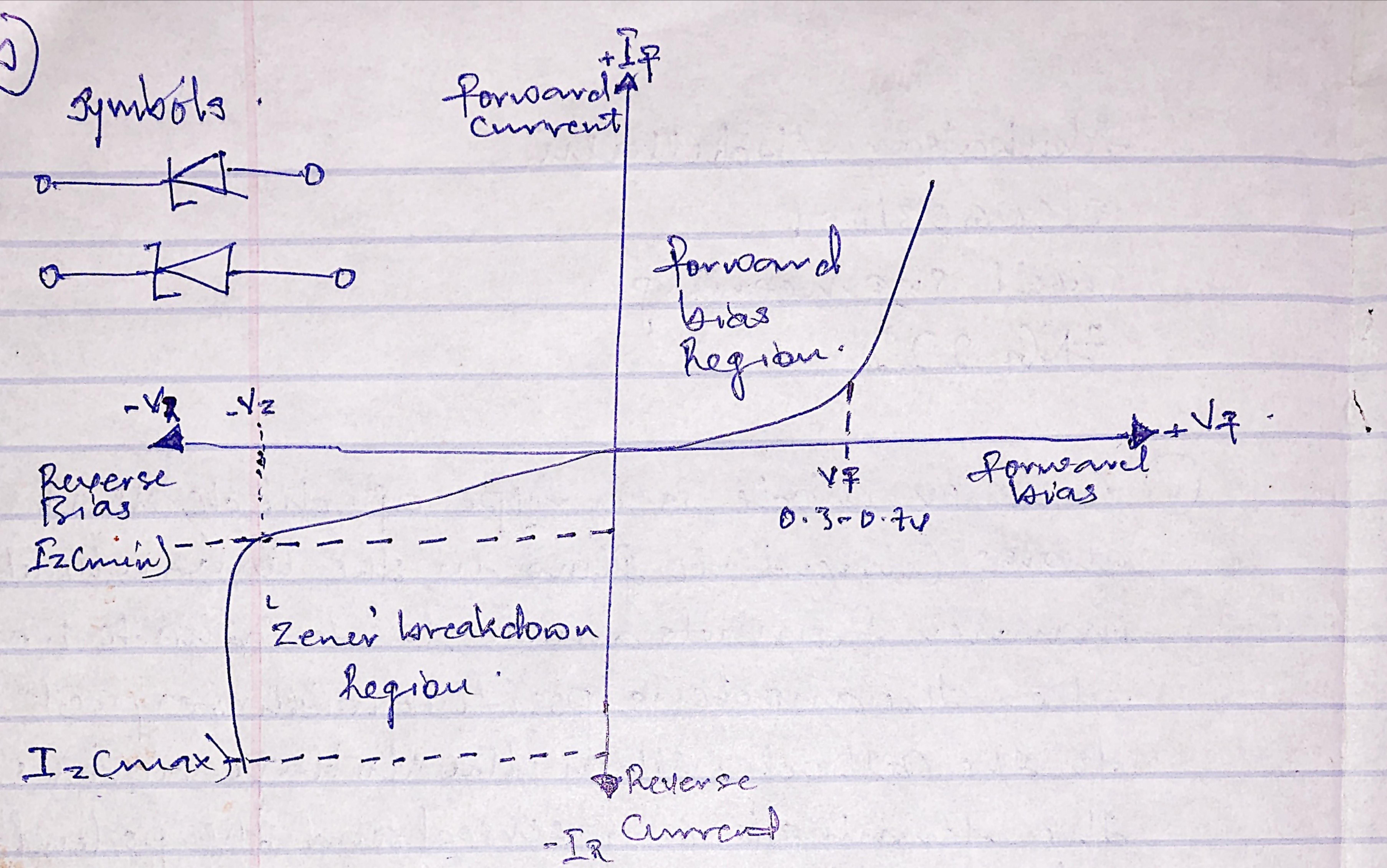
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Civil Engineering

ENG 222

- ① A zener diode is a type of diode that allows current to flow in the conventional manner from its anode to its cathode i.e. when the anode is positive with respect to the cathode. When the voltage across the terminals is reversed and the potential reaches the zener voltage (or "knee"). The junction will break down and current will flow in the reverse direction - a desired characteristic. The zener diode is the simplest types of voltage regulator and the point at which a zener diode breaks down or conducts is called the "zener voltage" (V_Z).



$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{max power} = 5W \quad I_2 = 500mA = 0.5A, 20V_m = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{i) maximum Current} = \frac{\text{max power}}{\text{Voltage}} = \frac{5W}{\sqrt{5}} = 0.5A$$

$$V_2 = 10 \text{ Volts}$$

$$\text{minimum resistance} = \frac{V_s - V_2}{I_2}$$

$$I_2$$

$$V_{dc} = 0.637V_{max}$$

$$= 0.637 \times 20$$

$$= 12.74 \text{ Vdc}$$

$$\text{minimum resistance} = \frac{12.74 - 10}{0.5} = 5.48 \Omega$$

$$\text{maximum current } I_L = \frac{V_2}{R_L} = \frac{10}{500} = 0.02A \text{ or } 20mA$$

$$R_L = 500 \Omega$$

$$20mA$$

$$I_2 \leq I_S + I_L$$

$$= 500 - 20$$

$$= 480mA$$