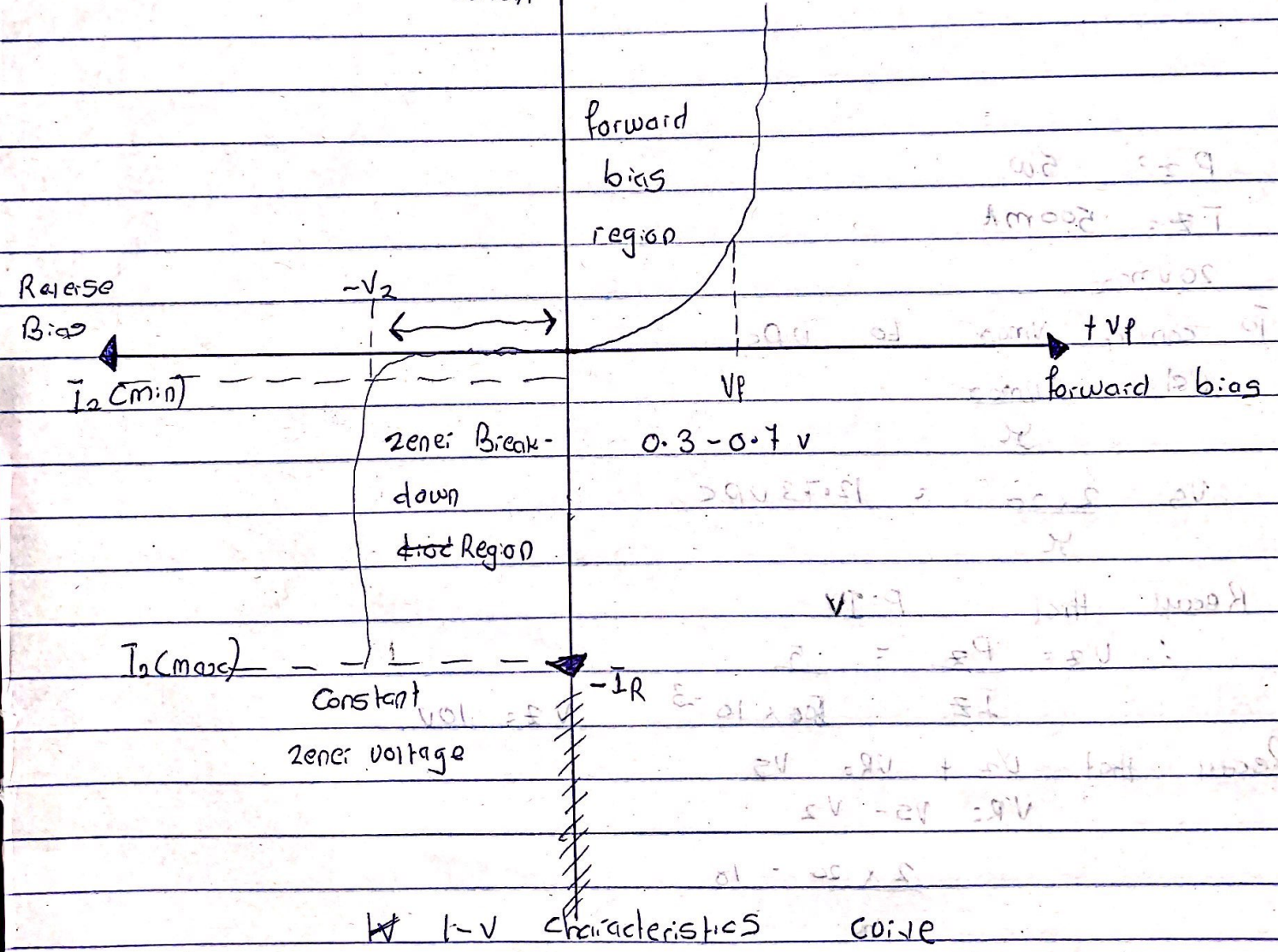
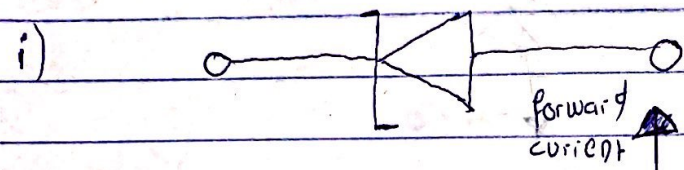
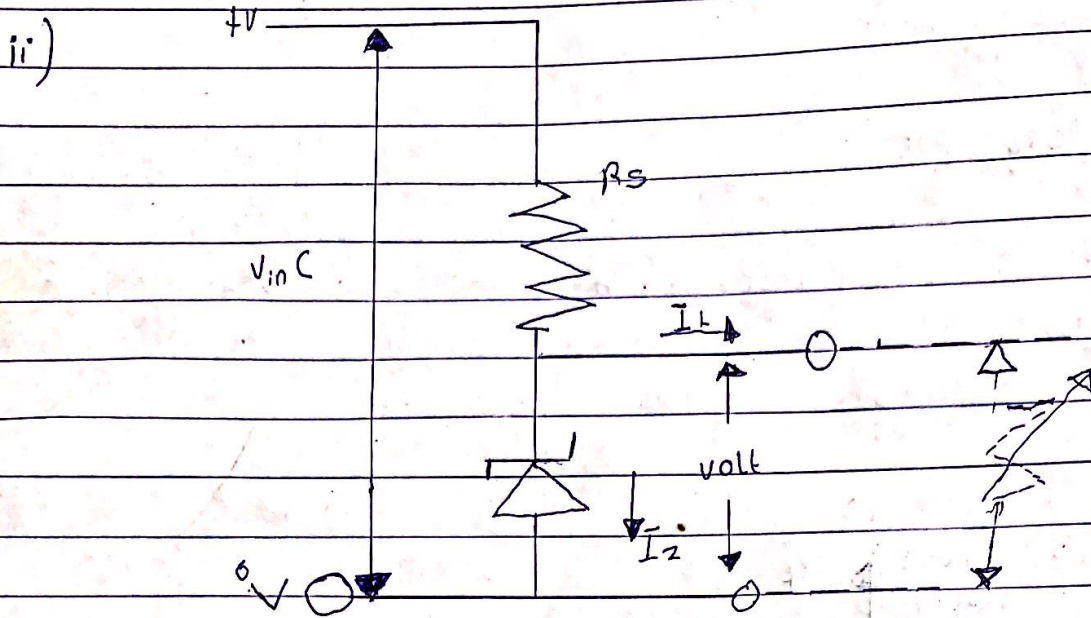


Name: Isiomu Onochie - Onyeteny Brian
 Dept: Biomedical Engineering
 Matic: 18/ENG08/016
 ENG 222 Assignment

1.) A zener diode is a diode similar to the standard PN junction diode, but they are specifically designed to have a low and specified Reverse breakdown voltage.





2:)

$$P_Z = 5W$$

$$I_Z = 500mA$$

$$20V_{max}$$

To convert V_{max} to VDC,

$$V_{dc} = \frac{20V_{max}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$V_S = \frac{2 \times 20}{\sqrt{2}} = 12.73V_{DC}$$

Recall that $P = IV$

$$\therefore V_Z = \frac{P_Z}{I_Z} = \frac{5}{500 \times 10^{-3}} = 10V$$

Recall that $V_Z + V_R = V_S$

$$V_R = V_S - V_Z$$

$$\frac{2 \times 20}{\sqrt{2}} - 10$$

$\sqrt{2}$

$$= 12.73 - 10 = 2.73V$$

$$\therefore V = IR$$

$$R = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{2.73}{500 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$R = 5.46$$

$$R = 5.46$$

ii) Since its connected in series, and same current flow,

$$I_S = I_Z + I_L$$

$$I_Z = I_S - I_L$$

$$I_L = \frac{V_Z}{R}$$

$$= \frac{10V}{500\Omega} = 0.02A = 20mA$$

$$I_Z = 500mA - 20mA$$
$$= 480mA = 0.48A$$