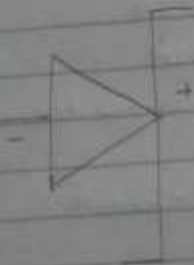


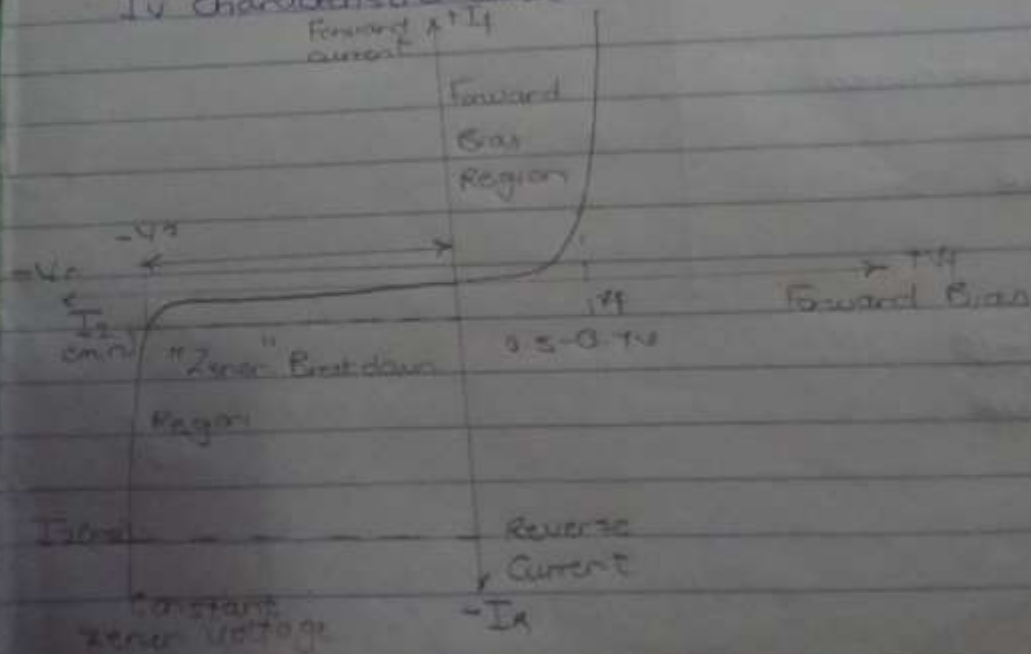
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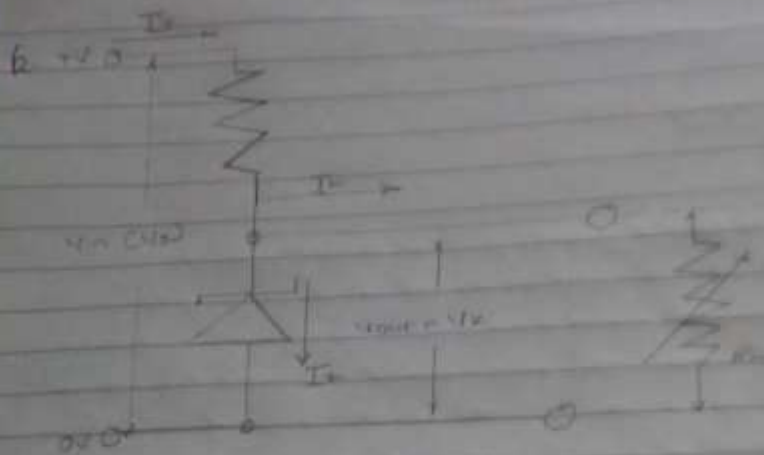
19.) A Zener diode is like a general purpose diode, which consists of a silicon PN junction in which it behaves like a normal diode when forward biased, but as soon as a reverse voltage is applied across the zener diode exceeds the normal rated voltage of the device, the diodes break down voltage is reached at which point a process called Avalanche Break down occurs in the semiconductor depletion layer and a current starts to flow through the diode to limit this increase in voltage.

Symbol



Iv Characteristic curve





2. The minimum value of the series resistor

$$a) R_s = \frac{V_s - V_D}{I}$$

where  $V_s = \frac{2 \times V_{max}}{\pi}$

$$= \frac{2 \times 20}{\pi}$$

$$= 12.73\text{V}$$

$$R_s = 12.73\text{V}$$

$$V_D = P$$

maximum current

$$= 5$$

$$500\text{mA}$$

$$= 10\text{V}$$

$$R_s = 12.73 - 10$$

$$500\text{mA}$$

$$= 5.46\Omega$$

$$b) I_D = \frac{10}{500}$$

$$= 0.02\text{A}$$

$$= 20\text{mA}$$

The current across the diode

$$I_D = I_s - I_L$$

$$= 500\text{mA} - 20\text{mA}$$

$$= 480\text{mA}$$