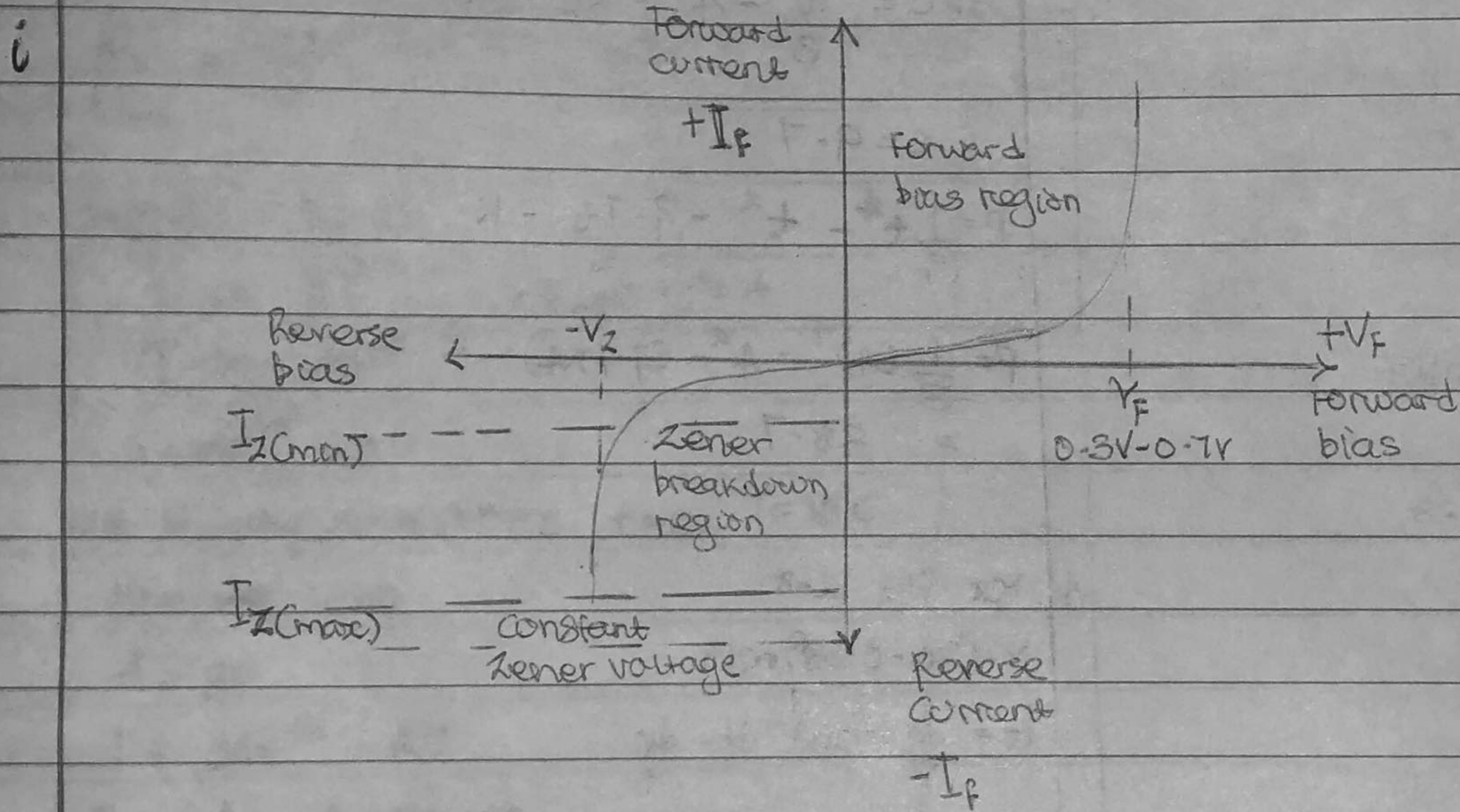
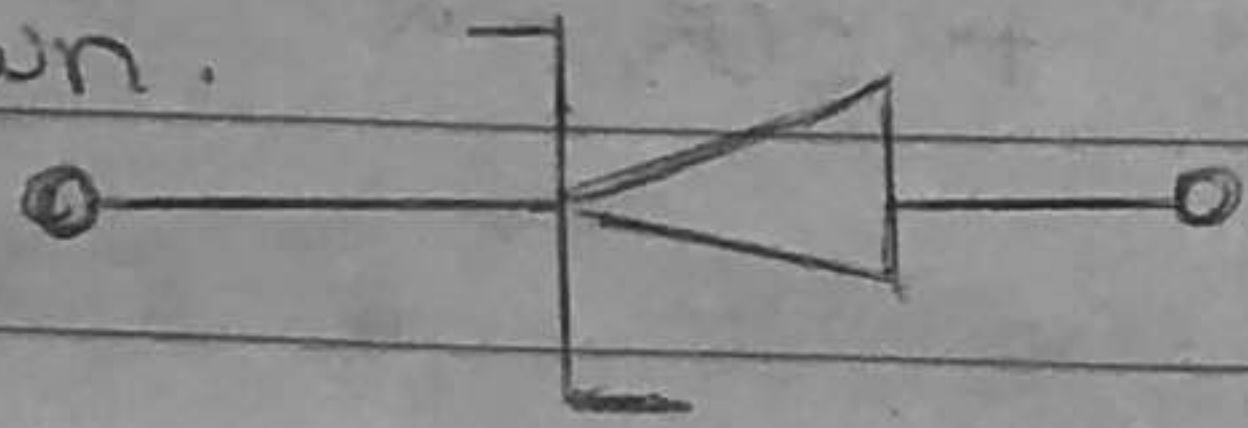


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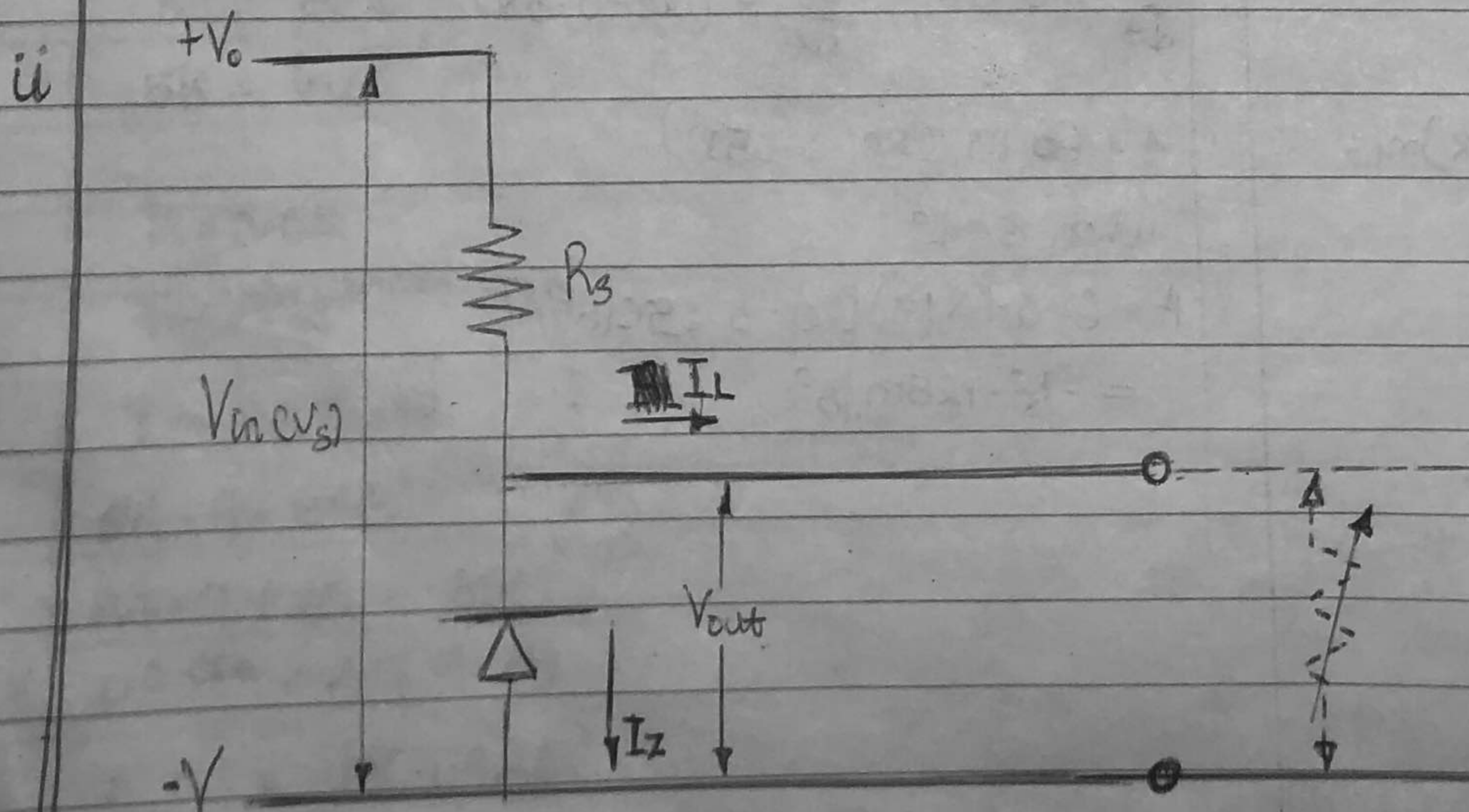
18/ENG03/045

CIVIL ENGINEERING

1 - A Zener diode is a type of diode similar to the standard PN junction diode. It is a form of semiconductor diode in which at a critical reverse voltage, a large reverse current can flow. In a Zener diode, current flows in a conventional manner - from its anode to its cathode (ie when anode is positive with respect to cathode). They are designed to have a low & specified reverse voltage breakdown.



I-V characteristic curve.



$I_L =$ load current

$R_s =$ resistor

$V_s =$ voltage source

$V_{out} =$ stabilized output voltage

$R_L =$ load resistance

$I_Z =$ load current across Zener diode

2 Maximum power = 5W

Load current across diode (I_Z) = 500mA = 0.5A

Voltage source (V_s) = 20V_{max}

$V_Z =$ 10 volts

$$\text{minimum resistance} = \frac{V_s - V_Z}{I_Z}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{where } V_{dc} &= 0.687(V_{max}) \\ &= 0.687 \times 20 \\ &= 12.74V_{dc} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{min resistance} = \frac{12.74 - 10}{0.5} = 5.48 \Omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_L &= \frac{V_Z}{R_L} = \frac{10}{500} \\ &= 0.02A \\ &= 20mA \end{aligned}$$