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↓ Zener diode regulator depends on the Zener diode principle where the diode displays a resistance to voltage change, with varying current, after reaching the breakdown point. The Zener diode is replaced in series with a resistor. Helps to limit the current flow and dissipate some power. The load resistor is then placed across the Zener diode, since components in parallel have equal potential drop equals the Zener voltage.

$$2. I_{max} = 500 \times 10^{-3} = 500 \text{ mA} = 0.5 \text{ A}$$

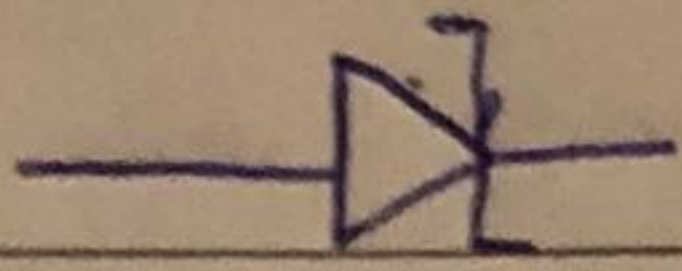
$$V = \frac{P_w}{I} = \frac{10 \text{ W}}{0.5 \text{ A}}$$

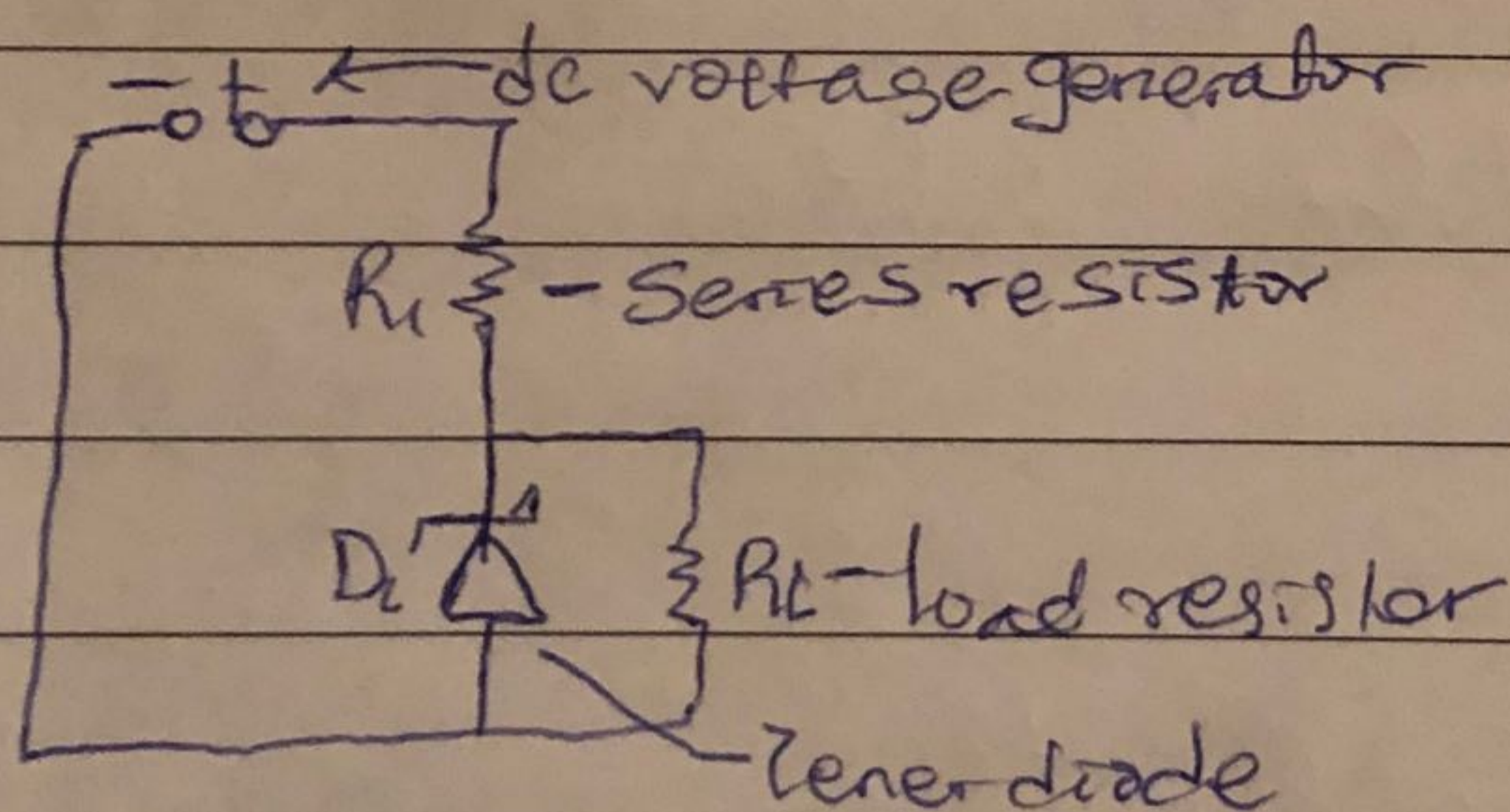
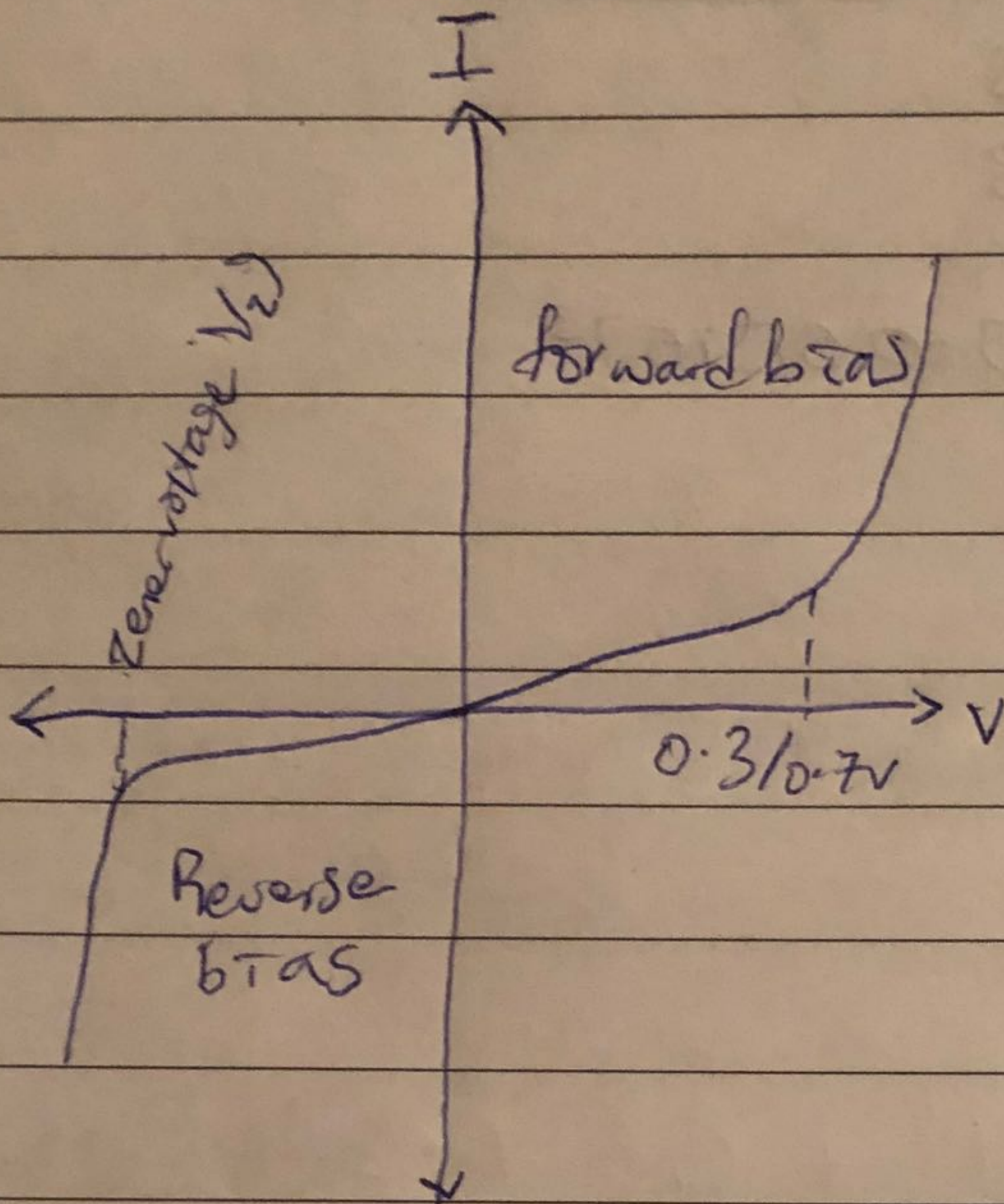
The minimum value

$$R_s = \frac{V_s - V_z}{I_z} = \frac{20 - 10}{500 \text{ mA}}$$

$$R_s = 20 \Omega$$



1:  Zener diode



2.ii) $R_1 = 500\Omega$

$$I_1 = \frac{10V}{500\Omega} = 0.02A$$

$$I_2 = 0.5A - 0.02A = 0.48A$$