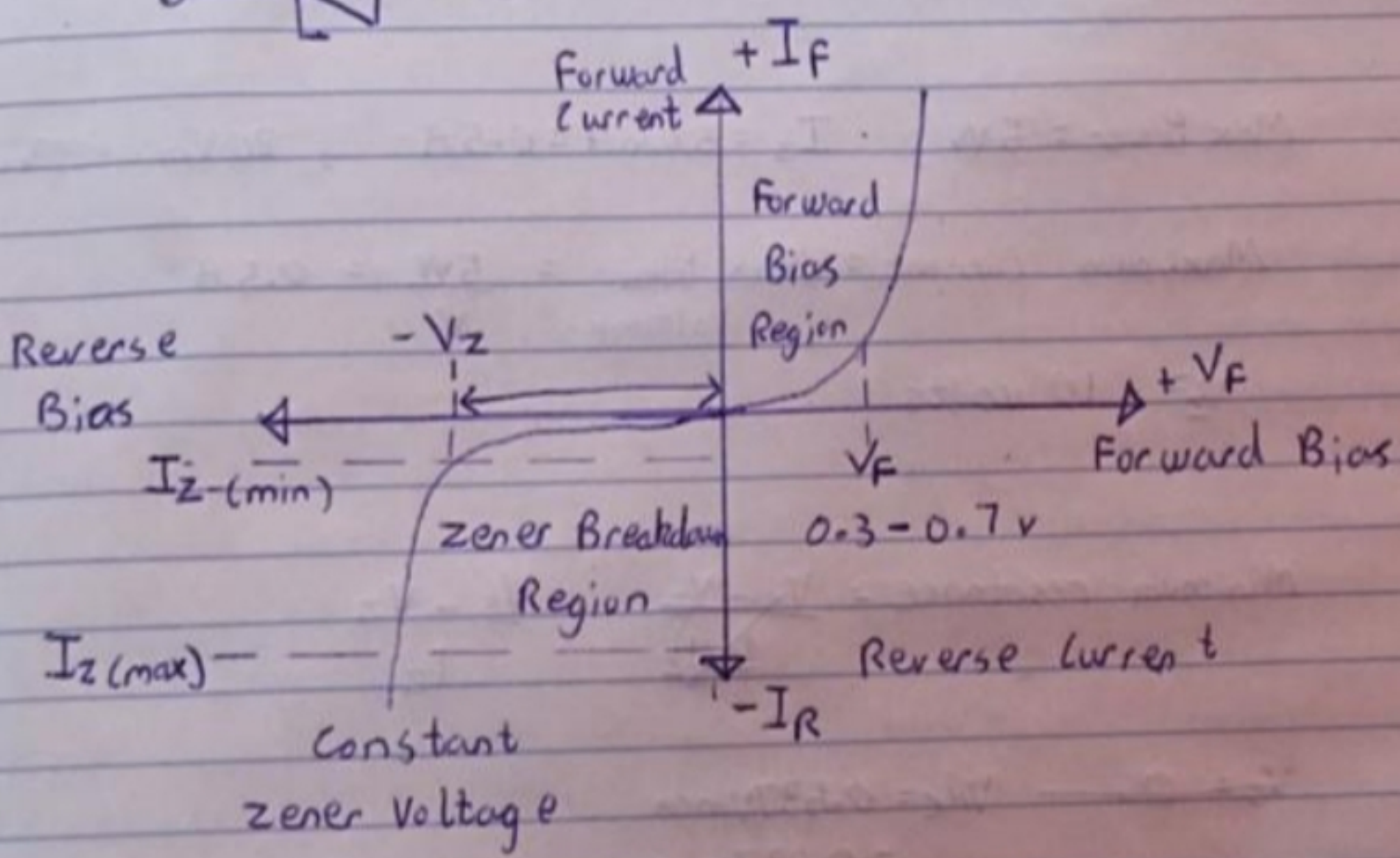
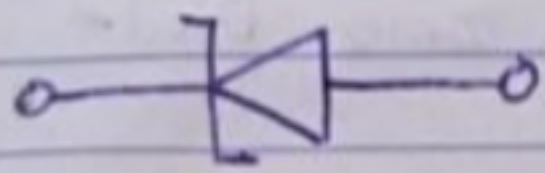
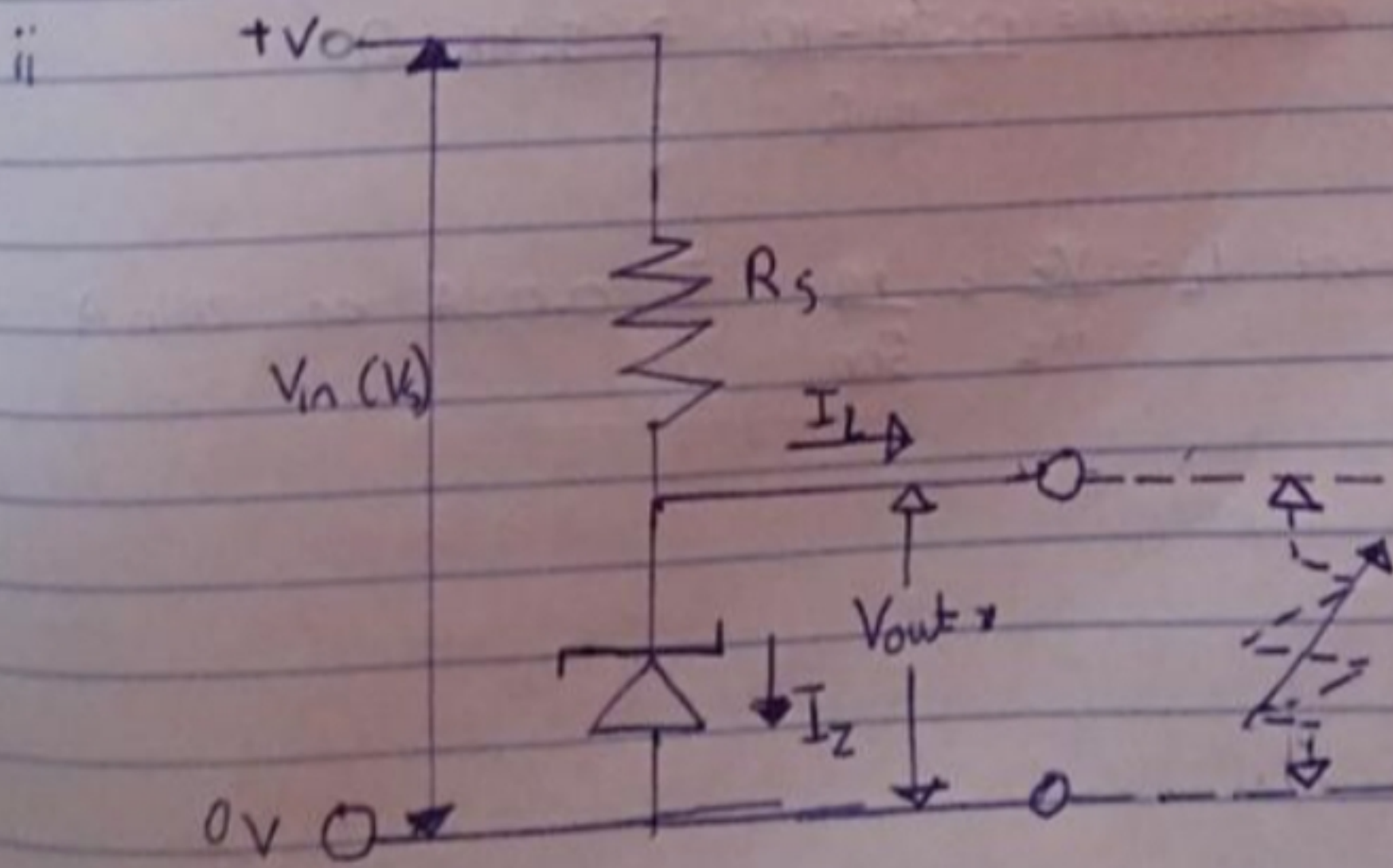


i A zener diode is a diode similar to the standard PN junction diode but they are specially designed to have a low and specified Reverse Breakdown Voltage



I-V characteristics curve



$$2 \quad \text{Max Power} = 5\text{W} \quad I_z = 500\text{mA} = 0.5\text{A} \quad , \quad 20\text{V}_{\text{max}} = V_s$$

$$i \quad \text{Maximum Current} = \frac{\text{Max Power}}{\text{Voltage}} = \frac{5\text{W}}{V} = 0.5\text{A}$$

$$V_z = 10 \text{ volts}$$

$$\text{Minimum resistance} = \frac{V_s - V_z}{I_z} = \frac{V_s - V_z}{I_z}$$

$$V_s = 0 \quad V_{dc} = 0.637 V_{\text{max}} \\ = 0.637 \times 20 \\ = 12.74 \text{ V}_{dc}$$

$$\text{Minimum resistance} = \frac{12.74 - 10}{0.5} = 5.48 \Omega$$

$$ii \quad \text{Load current } I_L = \frac{V_z}{R_L} = \frac{10}{500} = 0.02\text{A} \text{ or } 20\text{mA}$$

$$I_z = I_s - I_L \\ = 500 - 20 = 480\text{mA}$$