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MATRX NO: 18/mth/301/171

DEPARTMENT: Anatomy

COURSE: MAT 102

### ASSIGNMENT

1) If  $A = 3\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ ,  $B = \hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ ,  $C = 9\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ . Find the angle between

a. A and C

b. B and C

c. the unit vector in the direction of  $(A + B + C)$

2) A particle moves along a curve,  $x = 8t^2$ ,  $y = t^2 - 4t$ ,  $z = t + 1$ , where  $t$  is time.

Find the modulus of acceleration at  $t = 1$

3) If  $A = 4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$ ,  $B = 8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $C = \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ . Find the vector triple product

$(A \times B) \times C$

### ANSWER

$$2) x = 8t^2 \quad y = t^2 - 4t \quad z = t + 1$$

$$r = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$$

$$= (8t^2)\hat{i} + (t^2 - 4t)\hat{j} + (t + 1)\hat{k}$$

$$\text{Acceleration} = \frac{d^2 r}{dt^2} = 16\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} \quad (\text{ANS})$$

$$3) A = 4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}, \quad B = 8\hat{i} - 9\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \quad C = \hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 3\hat{k} \quad - (A \times B) \times C$$

$(A \times B)$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 4 & 2 & -4 \\ 8 & -9 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 4 & 2 & -4 \\ 8 & -9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \hat{i} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -9 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - \hat{j} \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -4 \\ 8 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \hat{k} \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 8 & -9 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2 - 36)\hat{i} - (4 - (-32))\hat{j} + (-49 - 16)\hat{k}$$

$$= (2-4q)i + 28j + (-4q-16)k$$

$$\therefore (A \times B) \times C$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2-4q & 28 & -4q-16 \\ 1 & 4 & -3 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 28 & -4q-16 & 3 \\ 4 & -3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2-4q & -4q-16 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= -84 - (4(-4q-16)) - (3(2-4q) - (4(-4q-16))) - (4(2-4q) - 28)$$

$$= -84 - (-16q-64) = -(6 - (2q + 4q + 16)) \quad 8 - 16q - 28$$

$$= -84 + 16q + 64 = -(22 - 8q) \quad -16q - 20$$

$$= 16q - 20 = +8q - 22$$

$$\therefore = 16q - 20 + 8q - 22 - 16q - 20$$

$$= 8q - 62 \quad \text{// (ANS)}$$

$$a \cdot \theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{A \cdot C}{|A| |C|}$$

$$|A| |C|$$

$$A \cdot C = (3i + 7j - 2k) \cdot (9i - 4j + 6k)$$

$$= 27 - 28 - 12$$

$$= -13$$

$$|A| = \sqrt{3^2 + 7^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{62}$$

$$|C| = \sqrt{9^2 + (-4)^2 + 6^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{133}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{-13}{\sqrt{62} \times \sqrt{133}}$$

$$\sqrt{62} \times \sqrt{133}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} (0.14316)$$

$$\theta = 98.23^\circ \quad \text{//}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{B \cdot C}{|B| |C|}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B \cdot C &= (i + 3j + 7k) \cdot (9i - 4j + 6k) \\ &= 9 - 12 + 42 \\ &= 39 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |B| &= \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2 + 7^2} \\ &= \sqrt{59} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |C| &= \sqrt{9^2 + (-4)^2 + 6^2} \\ &= \sqrt{133} \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{39}{\sqrt{59} \cdot \sqrt{133}}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}(0.44026)$$

$$\theta = 63.88^\circ$$

$$C \cdot A + B + C$$

$$\begin{aligned} &(5i + 7j - 2k) + (i + 3j + 7k) + (9i - 4j + 6k) \\ &= (5i + i + 9i + 7j + 3j - 4j - 2k + 7k + 6k) \\ &= 13i + 6j + 11k \end{aligned}$$

$$|u|$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{13^2 + 6^2 + 11^2} \\ &= \sqrt{326} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 18.05$$

$$|u| = \frac{13i + 6j + 11k}{18.05}$$

$$= \frac{13i}{18.05} + \frac{6j}{18.05} + \frac{11k}{18.05}$$