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**Question 2**

i**.        2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development**

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are a collection of 17 global goals designed to be a "blueprint to achieve a better and more sustainable future for all". The SDGs, set in 2015 by the United Nations General Assembly and intended to be achieved by the year 2030, are part of UN Resolution 70/1, the 2030 Agenda.

The Sustainable Development Goals are:

**Goal 1: No poverty.**

End poverty in all its forms everywhere

October 17: International Day for the Eradication of Poverty.

By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than $1.25 a day.

By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions.

**Disability and Poverty**

There is a strong bidirectional link between poverty and disability. Poverty may cause disability through malnutrition, poor healthcare, and dangerous living conditions.

**Goal 2: No poverty**

Ending poverty and hunger for all persons with disabilities.

By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round.

**Goal 3: Good health and well-being**

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages. By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births.

**Goal 4: Quality education**

Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.

Targets:

By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and Goal-4 effective learning outcomes.

**Goal 5: Gender Equality**

Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

Targets

End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere.

**Goal6: Clean Water and Sanitation.**

Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.

Targets:

By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all.

**Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all**

Targets

By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

**Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.**

Targets

Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries.

**Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation**

Targets

Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all.

**Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries**

Targets

By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average

**Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable**

Targets

By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic service and upgrade slums.

**Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns**

Targets

Implement the 10-year framework of programs on sustainable consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries.

**Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts**

Targets

Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries.

**Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development**

Targets

By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution.

**Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.**

Targets

By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements.

**Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels**

Targets

Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere.

**Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development**

Targets

Finance

Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection.

**ii       .WHO GPW 13**

The WHO 13th General Program of Work (GPW 13) was adopted by Member States in May 2018. It has three interconnected strategic priorities to ensure healthy lives and well-being for all ages achieving universal health coverage, addressing health emergencies and promoting healthier populations. The WHO Impact Framework focuses on making a measurable impact for people at the country level, with an emphasis on data and accountability.

The central focus of GPW 13 is impact in countries. It articulates WHO’s mission to promote health, keep the world safe and serve the vulnerable.

**GPW 13 is structured around key interconnected strategic priorities:**

ensuring healthy lives and well-being for all at all ages;

achieving universal health coverage;

addressing health emergencies and promoting healthier populations.

**These priorities are linked to three bold targets:**

* One billion more people to benefit from universal health coverage.
* One billion more people better protected from health emergencies; and,
* One billion more people enjoying better health and well-being.

They are supported by three strategic shifts:

* stepping up leadership;
* driving public health impact in every country; and,
* focusing global public goods on impact.

WHO is committed to ensuring gender equality, equity and rights-based approaches to health that enhance participation, build resilience and empower communities.

Making WHO fit-for-purpose to boost impact for the people we serve, WHO announced the most wide-ranging reforms in the Organization’s history in March 2019. WHO’s transformation, aligned with the wider United Nations reform agenda, also aims to enhance our normative and technical work to ensure it better meets the needs of all 194 Member States.

Our goal is clear - to make WHO a modern organization that works seamlessly to make a measurable difference in people’s health at country level.

There are five key elements:

* The GPW
* A new operating model
* Fit-for-purpose processes and tools
* Organizational culture and staff engagement
* New external engagement actions and new partnerships.

**Recap your experience in Are-ekiti environment and Identify 5 SDG goals that relates to the current situations in the community. Then propose few strategies on how to implement this goals at local community level. For example pick 5 goals relating to the Are-Ekiti and propose few stategies of achieving the your selected goals in the community.**

* Schistosomiasis is a common disease in ado ekiti as a result of poor water hygiene and sanitation

A disease caused by infection with freshwater parasitic worms in certain tropical and subtropical countries.

* Open defecation is common in ado ekiti as a result of poor sanitation
* Most children don’t practice good hygiene.

**Zero poverty**:

Ways to achieve zero poverty

* Create jobs.
* Raise the minimum wage.
* Increase the Earned Income Tax Credit for childless workers.
* Support pay equity.
* Provide paid leave and paid sick days.
* Establish work schedules that work.
* Invest in affordable, high-quality child care and early education.

**Good health and well-being.**

Ways to achieve good well and well-being in Ado-ekiti

* Increasing support to mental health. During the last century, major efforts have been deployed to promote physical health.
* Cooperation.
* Caring economics.
* Promoting altruism.
* A new economic harmony.

**Quality education**

* Advocate on the Importance of education
* Make funding schools a priority.
* Raise standards for teachers.

**Clean water and sanitation.**

* Safe and Affordable Drinking Water.
* End Open Defecation and Provide Access to Sanitation and Hygiene.
* Improve Water Quality, Wastewater Treatment and Safe Reuse.

**Zero hunger**

* Ensuring food access. Promote immediate access to food and nutrition-related services to hungry people through social protection programs, including transfers of food and/or cash to immediately relieve hunger and to increase human productive potential. Increasing incomes.