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MATH 102
SA BRUNDA
AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING
18ENH091504

• If $A = 8i + 7j - 2k$, $B = 4i + 3j + 7k$, $C = 9i - 4j + 6k$. Find the angle

(i) A and C

Direction cosine of A

$$|A| = \sqrt{8^2 + 7^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{62}$$

$$l = \frac{8}{\sqrt{62}}, m = \frac{7}{\sqrt{62}}, n = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{62}}$$

Direction cosine of C

$$|C| = \sqrt{9^2 + (-4)^2 + 6^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{113}$$

$$l = \frac{9}{\sqrt{113}}, m = \frac{-4}{\sqrt{113}}, n = \frac{6}{\sqrt{113}}$$

$$\cos \theta = ll' + mm' + nn'$$

$$= \frac{8}{\sqrt{62}} \cdot \frac{9}{\sqrt{113}} + \frac{7}{\sqrt{62}} \cdot \frac{-4}{\sqrt{113}} + \frac{-2}{\sqrt{62}} \cdot \frac{6}{\sqrt{113}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \text{value} = -0.143$$

$$\cos^{-1}(-0.143)$$

$$= 98.2^\circ$$

(ii) B and C

Direction cosine of B

$$|B| = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2 + 7^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{59}$$

$$l = \frac{4}{\sqrt{59}}, m = \frac{3}{\sqrt{59}}, n = \frac{7}{\sqrt{59}}$$

Direction cosine of c
 $|c| = \sqrt{2^2 + 4^2 + 1^2}$
 $= \sqrt{21}$

$$l = \frac{1}{\sqrt{21}}, m = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{21}}, n = \frac{6}{\sqrt{21}}$$

$$\cos \theta = |l^2 + m^2 + n^2|$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{21} \sqrt{21}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{21} \sqrt{21}} + \frac{36}{\sqrt{21} \sqrt{21}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{21} + \frac{4}{21} + \frac{36}{21}$$

$$\cos^{-1}(\frac{41}{21}) = 63.8^\circ$$

(iii) Unit vector of $(A+B+C)$

$$A = 5i + 7j - 2k$$

$$B = 1i + 3j + 9k$$

$$C = 9i - 4j + 6k$$

$$A+B+C = 15i + 6j + 13k$$

$$|A+B+C| = \sqrt{15^2 + 6^2 + 13^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{326}$$

2. A Particle moves along a Curve, $x = 8t^2$, $y = t^2 - 4t$, $z = t + 1$
 where t is time find the modulus of acceleration at $t=1$

$$r = 8t^2i + (t^2 - 4t)j + (t+1)k$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = 16ti + (2t - 4)j + k$$

$$\frac{d^2r}{dt^2} = 16i + 2j + 0k$$

$$|\frac{d^2r}{dt^2}| = 18$$

3. If $a = 4i + 0j - 4k$, $b = 8i - 0j + 4k$, $c = 4i - 2k$, find the vector product $(a \times b) \times c$

$$(a \times b) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 4 & 0 & -4 \\ 8 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i[0 - (-8)] - j(16 - 32) + k(16 - (-8))$$
$$= 8i + 16j + 24k$$

$$(A \times B) \times C = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -6 & 28 & 24 \\ 4 & 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$i[-84 - 24] - j(18 - 24) + k(-24 - 28)$$
$$= -108i + 6j - 52k$$