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 ANSWER

 A The trends to over coming the challenges to agricultural production are the agricultural developments for economic developments ,and the agricultural sector is undoubtedly the prime area of consideration for the economic progress in Nigeria . despite the importance of this sector and in spite of the fact that over 70% of Nigeria household engage in agriculture , most Nigeria farmers are wallowing in abject poverty

 Since the agriculture offer the best option for economic development in Nigeria we will look at the factors or trends that have been hindering the success of agricultural in Nigeria and provide solution to them they are as follows

1 Gender and Age : agricultural and farming is a male dominated activity in Nigeria this is due to both cultural and religious beliefs that restrict the activities of women to domestic chores the male domination of farming may in turn also be due to high demands for time and efforts required to work in such enterprises

 Solution

Effort must be made to encourage more woman to participate in agriculture and agricultural value chain . this can be done via sensitization campaign to encourage both rural and urban women to pursue agricultural ventures.

2 Education : illiteracy is one of the factors militating against agricultural development in Nigeria . research shows that , majority of the farmers in Nigeria don’t have formal education , only about17% and 13% have primary and secondary education respectively in all 8% have tertiary education .

 Solution

Efforts should be made to ensure that rural dwellers get free or very affordable basic education . this will make it easier for them to learn about advanced farming practices that improved efficiency also continuous learning via agriculture extension services online class and training seminars is important for players in the agricultural sector

3 Access to land : with the land and use decree of 1978 once would have thought that land acquisition was thoroughly government efforts, however finding shows that land does not necessarily belong to governments as 86% of Nigeria farmers acquired their land through inheritances. Other major sources of land acquisition were through purchase about 26%

 Solution

Government should made it easier for farmers to access lands for starting and expanding their farms .farmers who have proven their efficiency should be given lands to rents at very at very reduced cost with the option of purchasing such lands

4 Access to equipment: as it is common in traditional agricultural majority of Nigeria farmed utilized traditional implements such as hoes and cutlass only34% used crude implements such as mechanical equipment for large –scale farmer . it implies that the substitution of capital for labour is low , that is the production process is more labour intensive than the use of tractor

 Solution

Governments should buy basic farm equipment such as tractor ploughs, harrow etc which farmers need for land preparation and lease it to farmer at very affordable rates . this can be done through the state and local government who should have their data base of farmer in their loyality.

5 Mastermind group: only 28% of all small scale farmers sampled belong to one co-operative , while 72% do not belong to any group . however among the large scale –scale farmers only 46% belong to co-operative group

 Solution

Farmers should come together to form co-operative group as the will make it easier for them to access this will make it easier for them to access the input training equipment and capital they need to take their farming operation to a higher level

B the overview policy intervention in the Nigeria agricultural sector was talking about the study reviews several agricultural policies and programmes that were initiated in Nigeria vis avis the developments of the agricultural sector in the nation , it examines the impact of intervention programmes like the operation feed the nation , green revolution and agricultural developments projects .the paper help to conclude by identifying the gaps in the intervention , execution and managements of the programmes solution / recommend when then proffered based on these gaps as guided for future polices and programmes intervention

C The performance of agricultural institution under Nigeria development plan refer to the royal tropical institute complies analysis and develop new knowledge on sustainable economic developments .a research was conducted on rising global issues such as food security , youth employment value chain development in the agricultural sector and financial inclusion

 The combination of our team ,s content expertise and process –related skills not only lead to better projects .it also builds competencies in projects design implementation and managements . our support is tailor –made to the needs and context of our partners and clients . we build on their resources and knowledge , mission and values to ensure that the advice is aligned with existing initiatives, has policy relevance and is adapted to the local content , our approach is practical and based on action learning