

UJIAGBE ANTHONY OSAGIE

171ENG03/053

CIVIL ENGINEERING

①

Assignment:

- (a) The design must be economical.
- (b) The deformation of the structure must not impose with the intensity of the structure
- (c) To design for safety

(b) Limit state design considers the disadvantages of load factor design and any other failure that can cause the structure to be structurally unfit while Elastic design is a method of analysis which the design of a structural member is based on a linear stress-strain relationship, assuming that the working stress are only a fraction of the elastic limit of the material

STAIR CASE DESIGN.

$$\text{Slop factor} = \frac{\sqrt{R^2 + I^2}}{I} = \frac{\sqrt{150^2 + 275^2}}{275} = 1.14$$

Load Analysis.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A. WAIST} &= R \times 24 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\ &= 0.15 \times 24 = 3.6 \text{ kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{B. FINISHES} = 1.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{(C) STEPS} = T \times \frac{1}{2} = 24 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$= 0.275 \times 0.5 \times 24 = 3.3 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$D.G.K = (CA+B) \times S_F + C$$

$$= (4.8 \cdot 1.14) + 3.3$$

$$= 8.77 \text{ kN/m}$$

(2)

$$D.L.F = 1.4G_k + 1.6Q_k$$

$$= 1.4(8.77) + 1.6(1.5)$$

$$= 14.68 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Span} = T_{\text{total}} + 0.5(l_a + l_b) = (275 \times 12) + 0.5(225 + 225)$$

$$= 3.525 \text{ m}$$

$$d = h - \text{cover} - \frac{1}{2} \phi$$

$$= 150 - 25 - 6 = 119 \text{ mm}$$

$$M = \frac{FL^2}{10} = \frac{14.68 \times 3.525^2}{10} = 18.24 \text{ kNm}$$

$$k = \frac{M}{bd^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{18.24 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 119^2 \times 25} = 0.052$$

$$\lambda_a = 0.5 + \sqrt{\frac{0.25 - k}{0.9}} = 0.5 + \sqrt{\frac{0.25 - 0.052}{0.9}} = 0.938$$

$$Z = \lambda_a d = 0.938 \times 119 = 111.622 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y Z} = \frac{18.24 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 410 \times 111.622} = 419.53$$

$A_{s \text{ prov}} = 452 \text{ mm}^2$
 provide $\phi 12 @ 259 \text{ c/c}$ ($A_{s \text{ prov}} = 452 \text{ mm}^2$)

Deflection check.

(3)

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{\text{Area}}{\text{Area}} \times f_{yv}$$

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} \times 1 \times \frac{419.53}{452} \times 250$$

$$= 154.69 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$M.F = 0.55 + \frac{477 - 154.69}{120 \left(0.9 + \frac{18.24 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 119^2} \right)} = 1.78$$

$$d_{req} = \frac{\text{span}}{mf \times R_{sv}} = \frac{3525}{1.78 \times 26} = 76.17 \text{ mm}$$

Since $d_{req} < d$, Deflection is OK.

$$2a) P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = \frac{4300}{4000} = 1.075 < 2 = 2 \text{ way slab.}$$

$$P_2 = P_8 = P_9 = \frac{4500}{4000} = 1.125 < 2 = 2 \text{ way slab.}$$

$$P_4 = P_5 = P_6 = \frac{4300}{4000} = 1.075 < 2 = 2 \text{ way slab.}$$

$$P_{10} = P_{11} = P_{12} = \frac{4000}{1500} = 2.667 > 2 = 1 \text{ way slab}$$

Designing for P_s

(4)

$$\frac{l_y}{l_x} = \frac{4300}{4000} = 1.075 \approx 1.1$$

$$\text{shortspan coefficient} = \frac{0.058}{0.058}$$

$$\text{long span coefficient} = \frac{0.058}{0.044}$$

Assuming specifications of slab thickness = 175mm
 $f_{cu} = 25 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $f_y = 410 \text{ N/mm}^2$

$$D.F. = 1.46 \text{ k} \rightarrow 1.60 \text{ k}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G.K. &= \text{weight of slab} = 0.175 \times 24 \\ \text{Partition} &= 1.0 \\ \text{finishes} &= 1.2 \\ &= 6.4 \text{ kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Assuming for factory
 $D.L. = (1.4 \times 6.4) + (1.6 \times 5)$

$$\approx 16.96 \approx 17 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{short span} = \frac{0.044}{0.033}$$

Long span coefficient = 0.037
0.028

Short span mid = P

$$M = B \times w l^2 \times \alpha = 0.044 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 11.968$$

$$d = h - \text{cover} - \frac{1}{2} = 144$$

$$k = \frac{M}{b d^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{11.968 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 144^2 \times 25} = 0.023$$

$$k = \alpha = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{k}{0.4}} = 0.97 > 0.95 = 0.95$$

$$z = \alpha \cdot d = 0.95 \times 144 = 136.8$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y z} = \frac{11.968 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 410 \times 136.8} = 224.61$$

Provide y_{12} @ ~~377mm~~ ~~300mm~~ 377mm

Continuous -

$$M = B \times w l^2 \times \alpha = 0.033 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 8.976$$

$$d = 144$$

$$k = \frac{M}{b d^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{8.976 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 144^2 \times 25} = 0.0173$$

$$\alpha = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{k}{0.4}} = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{0.0173}{0.4}} = 0.93$$

$$z = \alpha \cdot d = 0.93 \times 144 = 119.52$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_{yz}} = \frac{8.976 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 410 \times 119.52} = 192.81 \text{ mm} \quad (6)$$

Provide $y_{12} @ 377 \text{ mm}$

Long span
Mid

$$d = d (\text{short span}) - \text{steel thickness} = 144 - 12 = 132 \text{ mm}$$

$$M = B x a l^2 x = 0.037 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 10.064$$

$$k = \frac{M}{b d^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{10.064 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 132^2 \times 25} = 0.0231$$

$$\alpha = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{k}{0.9}} = 0.97 > 0.95 = 0.95$$

$$z = \alpha \cdot d = 0.95 \times 132 = 125.4$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_{yz}} = \frac{10.064 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 125.4 \times 410} = 206.04$$

Provide y_{12} at 377 mm

long span continuous -

$$d = 132 \text{ mm}$$

$$m = B x c u l^2 x = 0.028 \times 17 \times 4^2 = 7.616$$

$$k = \frac{M}{b d^2 f_{cu}} = \frac{7.616 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 132^2 \times 25} = 0.017$$

$$C_u = 0.5 + \sqrt{0.25 - \frac{k}{0.9}} = 0.98 > 0.95 = 0.95 \quad (7)$$

$$Z = I_a \cdot d = 125.4$$

$$A_s = \frac{M}{0.95 f_y z} = \frac{2.616 \times 10^6}{0.95 \times 410 \times 125.4} = 155.93$$

Provide y_{12} @ 377mm

Deflection check.

$$f_s = \frac{2}{3} P_{yr} B \frac{\text{Area}}{A_{\text{approved}}}$$

$$F_s = \frac{2}{3} \times 250 \times 1 \times \frac{224.61}{377} = 99.3$$

$$mid = \frac{0.55 + 477 - 99.3}{120 \left(0.9 + \frac{11.968 \times 10^6}{1000 \times 144^2} \right)} = 2.68 > 2$$

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$$d_{req} = \frac{4 \times 1000}{2 \times 26} = 76.92 = OK.$$