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Math 104 Assignment

$$1) \frac{11 - 3x}{(x+3)(x-1)} = \frac{A}{(x+3)} + \frac{B}{(x-1)}$$

$$11 - 3x = Ax - A + Bx + 3B$$

$$A + B = -3$$

$$-A + 3B = 11$$

$$4B = 8$$

$$4B = 8$$

$$B = 2$$

$$A = 5$$

$$\int \frac{11 - 3x}{x^2 + 2x - 3} = \int \frac{5}{x+3} + \int \frac{2}{x-1}$$
$$= 5 \ln(x+3) + 2 \ln(x-1) + C$$

$$2) \frac{Ax - 16}{(x-3)(x+1)} = \frac{A}{(x-3)} + \frac{B}{(x+1)}$$

$$42c - 16 = Ax + A + Bx - 3B$$

$$A + B = 4$$

$$A - 3B = 16$$

$$4B = 20$$

$$B = 5$$

$$A = 1$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{(x-3)} + \frac{5}{(x+2)} = \frac{1}{(x-3)} + \frac{5}{(x+2)}$$

$$3) \frac{2x^2 - 42x - 35}{(x-2)(x-2)(x+3)} = \frac{A}{x-1} + \frac{B}{x-2} + \frac{C}{x+3}$$
$$= A(x-2)(x+3) + B(x-1)(x+3) + C(x-1)(x-2)$$

$$A(x^2 + x - 6) + B(x^2 + 2x - 3) + C(x^2 - 3x + 2)$$

$$Ax^2 + Ax - 6A + Bx^2 + 2Bx - 3B + Cx^2 - 3Cx + 2C$$

$$A + B + C = 2$$

$$A + 2B - 3C = -9$$

$$-6A - 3B + 2C = -35$$

or 0

$$2A + 3B - 2C = -7$$

$$-6A - 3B + 2C = -35$$

$$-4A = -42$$

$$A = 10.5$$

$$B = -9$$

$$C = 0.5$$

(I found B and C using matrix method)

$$\sqrt{\frac{10.5}{x-1}} \quad x - \frac{9}{x-2} + \frac{0.5}{x-3}$$

$$10.5 \ln(x-1) - 9 \ln(x-2) + 0.5 \ln(x-3)$$