



```

1 - commandwindow
2 - clear
3 - clc
4 - close all
5 - syms t
6 - y = (50/0.05)+((50/1.0025)*sin(t))+(((50*(0.05))/1.0025)*cos(t))
7 - ym = 1000-(800*exp(-0.05*t))
8 - oddValues = 1:2:500
9 - evenValues = 2:2:500
10 - ym = double(subs(y, oddValues))
11 - ymm = double(subs(ym, evenValues))
12 - totTime = 1:1:500
13 - timeTrans = totTime'
14 - c = reshape([ym, ymm], [], 1)
15 - combVal = double(c)
16 - plot(totTime, c)
17 - grid on
18 - grid minor
19 - xlabel('T(min)'), ylabel('V(litre)')
20 - col_header = {'t(min)', 'V(Litre)'}
21 - xlsxwrite('odevbesdata.xlsx', col_header, 'veriler', 'A2')
22 - xlsxwrite('odevbesdata.xlsx', timeT, 'veriler', 'A3')
23 - xlsxwrite('odevbesdata.xlsx', combined, 'veriler', 'B2')

```

Workspace

Name	Value
c	62750x1 double
combVal	62750x1 double

script

Ln 23 Col 53

6:52 PM  
5/6/2020

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DEPT: ELECTRICAL ELECTRONICS

19 We should know that Accumulation ratio

" " " " within a system

$$= \begin{cases} \text{input ratio} - \text{output ratio} \\ \text{into system} \text{ from system} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = U_{in} - U_{out} \dots (2)$$

Using U

$$b \quad U_{in} = \frac{50 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} \times (1 + 5 \text{ in}) \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{\text{gal}}$$

$$U_{in} = 50(1 + 5 \text{ in}) \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{\text{min}}$$

$$\frac{30}{1200} = 0.025 \times 100 = 2.5\%$$

$$U_{out} = 2.5\% \text{ of } U$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 50(1 + 5 \text{ in}) \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{\text{min}} - 2.5\% \text{ of } \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{\text{min}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 50(1 + 5 \text{ in}) - 0.025y$$

$$\text{i.e also } \frac{dy}{dt} = -0.025y + 50(1 + 5 \text{ in})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 0.025 \left[ \frac{-0.025y}{-0.025} - \frac{50(1 + 5 \text{ in})}{-0.025} \right]$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -0.025 \left( \frac{y}{1+500t} - 2000(1+500t) \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{y - 2000(1+500t)} = -0.025 dt$$

Integrate both sides

$$\int \frac{dy}{y - 2000(1+500t)} = \int -0.025 dt$$

$$\ln(y - 2000(1+500t)) = -0.025t + C$$

$$y - 2000(1+500t) = e^{-0.025t + C}$$

$$y - 2000(1+500t) = e^{-0.025t} e^C$$

$$y - 2000(1+500t) = e^{-0.025t} y_0$$

$$y = y_0 e^{-0.025t} + 2000(1+500t)$$

when  $t = 0$  then initially  $y = 150$

$$150 = y_0 e^{-0.025(0)} + 2000(1+500(0))$$

$$150 = y_0 + 2000$$

$$y_0 = 150 - 2000 = -1850$$

$$\therefore y = 2000(1+500t) - 1850 e^{-0.025t}$$

for

1c Command window

clear

cls

close all

Solve it

$$\text{ans} = \text{solve}('0m + 0.025 * m = 50 * 50 * \sin(t)', 'm(t) = 150')$$

$t_n = \text{subs}(a, n, t)$

plot  $(t, t_n)$