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 Civil Engineering
 Engineering maths

Using 'Balance law', The acceleration rate at salt within a system is equal to the input rate of salt into the system minus the output rate of salt from the system.

Acceleration rate of salt within a system
 = Input rate of salt into the system
 - Output rate of salt from the system

Let the amount of salt present in the tank at any time t be y . Time rate of change of

$$y = \frac{dy}{dt} = y_{in} - y_{out}$$

If 50 gal of brine enters the tank per minute & one gallon contains (lit salt) = $(1 \text{ gal}) = 1 \text{ lb}$
 Hence, the amount of salt entering into the tank is

$$50 \text{ gal/min} \times 1 \cdot 02 \text{ lb/gal} = 5.1 \text{ lb/min}$$

The tank contains 120 gal of water with 25% dissolved salt and 20 gal of the solution exists the tank per minute i.e. 20 gal - 0.025
 120 gal

of the content of the tank. So 2.5% of the salt present inside the tank will also leave the tank per minute. i.e.
 $y_{out} = 2.5\% \text{ of } y$

a) $\frac{dy}{dt} = 51 \text{ lb/min} - 2.5\% \text{ of } y \text{ lb/min}$

b) $\frac{dy}{dt} = 51 - 0.025y; \int dy = 0.025y + 51$

$\int \frac{dy}{y-2040} = \int \frac{-0.025(-0.025y+51)}{(-0.025y-0.025)} dy; \frac{dy}{dt} = -0.025y - 0.025y_{out}$

$\frac{dy}{y-2040} = -0.025 \int \frac{dy}{y-2040} = \int -0.025 dt$

$\int \frac{dy}{y-2040} = -0.025 \int dt; \ln(y-2040) = -0.025t + C$

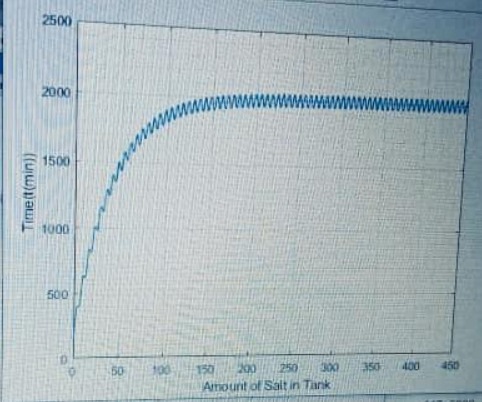
$y - 2040 = e^{-0.025t} y_0; y = 2040 + e^{-0.025t} C$

$y - 2040 = e^{-0.025t} (y_0 - 2040) = y_0 e^{-0.025t}$

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1 - clear
2 - close all
3 - syms t
4 - s = dsolve('Dm = 0.025*m - 50*(1 - e^(-t))', 'm(0) = 50', 't', 's')
5 - tn = 0:0.5:450
6 - sn = subs(s, tn)
7 - plot(tn, sn)
8 - grid on
9 - grid minor
10 - xlabel('Amount of Salt in Tank')
11 - ylabel('Time (min)')

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through 876

35.5000	436.0000	436.5000	437.0000	437.5000
through 882	38.5000	438.0000	438.5000	439.0000
through 888	41.5000	442.0000	442.5000	443.0000
through 894	44.5000	445.0000	445.5000	446.0000
through 900	447.0000	447.5000	448.0000	448.5000

Column 501

450.0000

$$y = y_0 e^{-0.026t} + 2040; \text{ initially, when } t = 1, y = 1506$$

$$150 = y_0 e^{-0.026t} + 2040; 150 = 2040 = y_0 \times 1$$

$$y_0 = 1890$$

So

$$y = 1890 e^{-0.026t} + 2040$$

$$y = 2040 - 1890 e^{-0.026t}$$

