

```
1 - commandwindow
2 - clear
3 - clc
4 - close all
5 - syms m t
6 - ans=dsolve('Dm+0.025*m=50+50*sin(t)', 'm(0)=150')
7 - t=0:0.5:450
8 - tn=subs(ans, t)
9 - plot(t, tn)|
```

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Command Window

New to MATLAB? See resources for [Getting Started](#).

445.5000 446.0000 446.5000 447.0000 447.5000 448.0000 448.5000 449.0000 449.5000 450.0000

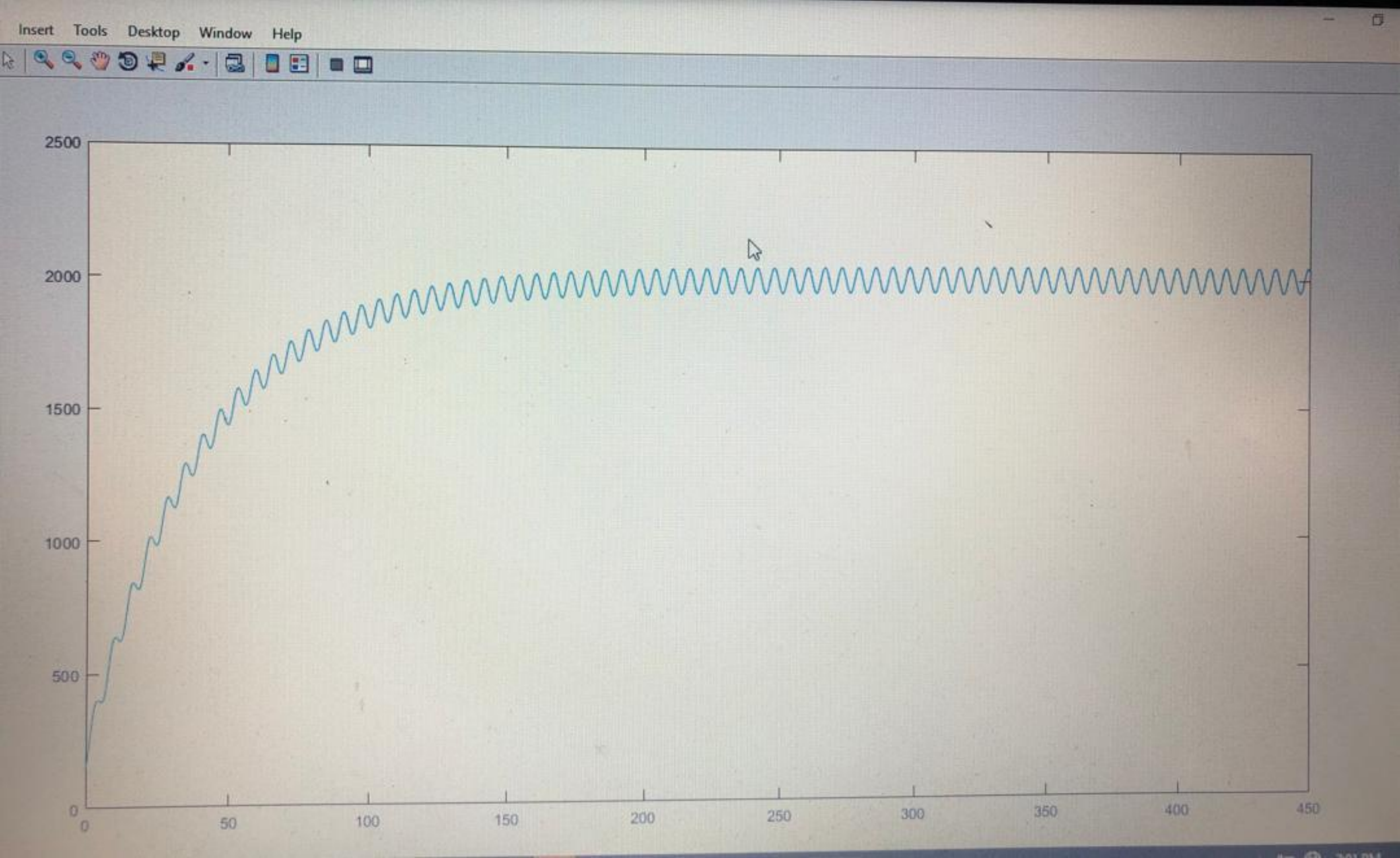
tn =

[150, 2000 - (2000*1601^(1/2)*cos(atan(1/40) + 1/2))/1601 - (2881850*exp(-1/80))/1601, 2000 - (20

fx >>

<

script



$$5. \int e^{0.025t} \sin t = e^{0.025t} (-\cos t) - \int -\cos t \cdot 0.025 e^{0.025t}$$

$$\int e^{0.025t} \sin t = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \cos t + C$$

Using integration by part,

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$u = e^{0.025t}, \quad dv = \sin t$$

$$du = 0.025 e^{0.025t}, \quad v = \sin t$$

$$= -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t \cdot 0.025 e^{0.025t}$$

$$= -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t \cdot 0.025 e^{0.025t}$$

$$\text{let } Q = \int e^{0.025t} \sin t$$

$$Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t - 0.025 Q$$

$$Q + 0.025 Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t - 0.025 Q$$

$$Q + 0.00625 Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t$$

$$1.00625 Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t$$

$$Q = \frac{-e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t}{1.00625} + C$$

$$4 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 50(1 + \sin t) - 0.025y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + 0.025y = 50(1 + \sin t)$$

Using the linear equation method

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + Py = Q$$

$$\therefore P = 0.025, Q = 50(1 + \sin t)$$

$$\int P \cdot dt = 0.025t$$

$$I \cdot f = e^{\int P \cdot dt}$$

$$I \cdot f = e^{0.025t}$$

$$y \times I \cdot f = \int Q \cdot I \cdot f \cdot dt$$

$$y \cdot e^{0.025t} = \int 50(1 + \sin t) e^{0.025t} dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = 50 \int (1 + \sin t) e^{0.025t} dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = 50 \int e^{0.025t} dt + \int e^{0.025t} \sin t dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = \frac{50 \cdot e^{0.025t}}{0.025} + \int e^{0.025t} \sin t dt$$

Using integration by part, $\int U \cdot dv = UV - \int V \cdot du$

$$\int e^{0.025t} \sin t dt$$

$$U = e^{0.025t} \quad dv = \sin t$$

$$du = 0.025 e^{0.025t}$$

$$V = -\cos t$$

2 from $\frac{dm}{dt} = m_{in} - m_{out}$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = 50(1 + \sin t) - 2.5\% \text{ of } m$$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = 50(1 + \sin t) - 0.025m$$

3 $\frac{dy}{dt} = y_{in} - y_{out}$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 50(1 + \sin t) - 2.5\% \text{ of } y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 50(1 + \sin t) - 0.025y$$

∴ by separating the variables

$$\frac{dy}{dy} + 0.025y = 50(1 + \sin t)$$

multiply both sides by dt

$$1 + 0.025y dy = 50(1 + \sin t) dt$$

AIKU JOSHUA ADEBIMI
ELECTRICAL ELECTRONICS

18ENG041007

ENGINEERING MATH

1. Mixing

120 gal of water

150 lb of salt initially

50 gal of brine (Salt and water), each contain $C(t)$ sint) lb of salt

30 gal/min removes from the tank.

Accumulation rate within a system:

Input rate into the - Output rate from the system

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = Y_{in} - Y_{out} : \frac{dm}{dt} = M_{in} - M_{out}$$

Since 30 gal removes per minute, and one gallon contains $(1 + sint)$ lb of salt, it means that the amount of salt leaving the tank is $m_{out} = 30 \text{ gal} \times (1 + sint) \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}}$

$$M_{in} = 50(1 + sint) \text{ lb/min}$$

The tank contains 120 gal of water with dissolved salt, and 30 gal of the solution leaves the tank per minute.

$30 \text{ gal} = 0.025 = 2.5\%$ of the content of the tank
120 gal If that is the case 2.5% of salt present in the tank will also leave the tank at 2.5% per