

$$\therefore ye^{0.025t} = 50 \left[ \frac{e^{0.025t}}{0.025} - \frac{e^{0.025t}}{1.000625} (cost - 0.025) + c \right]$$

$$ye^{0.025t} = 2000e^{0.025t} - 50e^{0.025t} \frac{(cost - 0.025) + 50c}{1.000625}$$

divide by through  $e^{0.025t}$

$$y = \frac{2000 - 50}{1.000625} (cost - 0.025) + 50c$$

When  $y = 150$   
 $t = 0$

$$150 = \frac{2000 - 50}{1.000625} (1 - 0) + 50c$$

$$150 = 2000 - 49.968(1) + 50c$$

$$150 = 1950.032 + 50c$$

$$-1800.032250c$$

$$\underline{\underline{c = -36.00064}}$$

5

$$\int e^{0.025t} \sin t = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \cos t + C$$

using integration by part

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$u = e^{0.025t}, \quad dv = \cos t$$

$$du = 0.025 e^{0.025t} \quad v = \sin t$$

$$= -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \int e^{0.025t} \sin t - \int \sin t \cdot 0.025 e^{0.025t}$$

$$= -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \left[ e^{0.025t} \sin t - 0.025 \int \sin t e^{0.025t} \right]$$

$$\text{let } Q = \int e^{0.025t} \sin t$$

$$\therefore Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 \left[ e^{0.025t} \sin t - 0.025 Q \right]$$

$$Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 e^{0.025t} \sin t - 0.000625 Q$$

$$Q + 0.000625 Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 e^{0.025t} \sin t$$

$$1.000625 Q = -e^{0.025t} \cos t + 0.025 e^{0.025t} \sin t$$

$$Q = \frac{-e^{0.025t}}{1.000625} (\cos t - 0.025 \sin t) + C$$

$$Q = \frac{-e^{0.025t}}{1.000625} (\cos t - 0.025 \sin t) + C$$

$$\int e^{0.025t} \sin t = \frac{-e^{0.025t}}{1.000625} (\cos t - 0.025 \sin t) + C$$

$$p = 0.025, \quad Q = 50(1 + \sin t)$$

$$\int p \cdot dt = 0.025t$$

$$I \cdot f = e^{\int p dt}$$

$$I \cdot f = e^{0.025t}$$

$$y \cdot I \cdot f = \int Q \cdot I \cdot f \cdot dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = \int 50(1 + \sin t) e^{0.025t} dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = 50 \int (1 + \sin t) e^{0.025t} dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = 50 \int e^{0.025t} + e^{0.025t} \sin t \cdot dt$$

$$y e^{0.025t} = 50 \frac{e^{0.025t}}{0.025} + \int e^{0.025t} \sin t \cdot dt$$

using integration by part,

$$\int e^{0.025t} \sin t \cdot dt$$

$$u = e^{0.025t} \quad v = -\cos t$$

$$du = 0.025 e^{0.025t} \quad dv = \sin t$$

$$du = 0.025 e^{0.025t}$$

$$I. I. \int e^{0.025t} \sin t = e^{0.025t} (-\cos t) - \int (-\cos t) \cdot 0.025 e^{0.025t} dt$$

$$\int e^{0.025t} \sin t = -e^{0.025t} \cos t - \int -\cos t \cdot 0.025 e^{0.025t} dt$$

3

from  $\frac{dm}{dt} = \text{min} - \text{max}$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = 50 C (1 + \sin t) - 2.5\% \text{ of } m$$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = 50 C (1 + \sin t) - 0.025 m$$

from

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y_{in} - y_{out}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 50 C (1 + \sin t) - 2.5\% \text{ of } y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 50 C (1 + \sin t) - 0.025 y$$

By separating the variable

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + 0.025 y = 50 C (1 + \sin t)$$

multiply both sides by  $dt$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + 0.025 y \, dt = 50 C (1 + \sin t) \, dt$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} + 0.025 y = 50 C (1 + \sin t)$$

Using the linear equation method

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + py = Q$$

2

Rowan IR Agonide

18 Feb 05/05

mechanics

D) Mixing

1200 gal of water

150 pounds of salt

} initially

30 gallons of brine  
of salt

each contain  $(1 + 5int)$  pounds

30 gal/min removed from the tank

Accumulation rate within a system

input rate into the  $\rightarrow$  output rate from the system

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y_{in} - y_{out} ; \frac{dm}{dt} = m_{in} - m_{out}$$

Since 30 gal removes per minute, and one gallon ~~also~~ contains  $(1 + 5int)$  pounds of salt, it means that the amount of salt leaving the tank

$$m_{out} = 30 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}} \times (1 + 5int) \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}}$$

$$m_{out} = 30 (1 + 5int) \text{ lb/min}$$

The tank contains 1200 gal of water with salt, and 30 gal of the solution leaves the tank per minute

$$\frac{30 \text{ gal}}{1200 \text{ gal}} = 0.025 = 2.5\% \text{ of the con}$$

the tank if that is the case 2.5%

of salt present in the tank will also leave the tank per minute, therefore,

$$m_{out} = 2.5\% \text{ of } m$$

↓