

19/ENR02019

NAME
COURSE
DEPT
MLN

ERAZI ENURUB
MATH 104
COMPUTER ENGINEERING
~~19/ENR02019~~

$$(1) y = (2 \cos 3x) / x^3$$

$$\ln y = \ln 2 \cos 3x - \ln x^3$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (\ln y) = \frac{d}{dx} (\ln 2 \cos 3x) - \frac{d}{dx} (\ln x^3)$$

$$y \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \cos 3x (-6 \sin 3x) - \frac{1}{x^3} (3x^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-3 \sin 3x}{\cos 3x} - \frac{3}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left(\frac{-3 \sin 3x}{\cos 3x} - \frac{3}{x} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2 \cos 3x}{x^3} \left(\frac{-3 \sin 3x}{\cos 3x} - \frac{3}{x} \right)$$

$$2 \quad y = x e^{2x} \quad u = x, v = e^{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$= x \frac{de^{2x}}{dx} + e^{2x} \frac{dx}{dx}$$

$$x \cdot e^{2x} \cdot 2 + e^{2x} \cdot 1$$

$$2x e^{2x} + e^{2x}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 2x \frac{de^{2x}}{dx} + e^{2x} \frac{d(2x)}{dx} + \frac{de^{2x}}{dx}$$

$$= 4x e^{2x} + 2e^{2x} + 2e^{2x}$$

$$= 4x e^{2x} + 4e^{2x}$$

$$d^2y/dx^2 = 4dy/dx + 4y = 0$$

$$4xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x} - 4(2xe^{2x} + e^{2x}) + 4(xe^{2x})$$

$$4xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x} - 8xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x} + 4xe^{2x}$$

$$4xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x} - 8xe^{2x} - 8xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x} + 4e^{2x} = 0$$

$$\cancel{d^2y/dx^2} = 4dy/dx + 4y = 0 //$$

3. $\int e^x \sin 2x dx$

$$u = \sin 2x \quad dv = e^x$$

$$du = 2\cos 2x dx \quad v = e^x$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\sin 2x (e^x) - \int e^x 2 \cos 2x dx$$

$$e^x \sin 2x - \int e^x 2 \cos 2x dx$$

$$\int u = 2 \cos 2x \quad dv = e^x$$

$$du = -2 \sin 2x \quad v = e^x$$

$$2 \cos 2x (e^x) - \int e^x (-2 \sin 2x)$$

$$e^x 2 \cos 2x + 2 \sin 2x e^x dx$$

$$e^x \sin 2x - e^x 2 \cos 2x - \int e^x 2 \sin 2x dx$$

$$\int e^x \sin 2x dx = e^x 2 \sin 2x - \int e^x 2 \cos 2x - \int e^x 2 \sin 2x dx$$

$$\text{let } I = \int e^x 2 \sin 2x dx$$

$$I = e^x 2 \sin 2x - e^x 2 \cos 2x - I$$

$$2I = e^x 2 \sin 2x - e^x 2 \cos 2x$$

$$I = \frac{e^{2x} \sin 2x - e^{2x} \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$\int e^{2x} \sin 2x dx = \frac{1}{2} [e^{2x} \sin 2x - e^{2x} \cos 2x + C]$$

$$0 = y'' + 2y' + y$$

$$y = v \quad y' = v'$$

$$y'' = v''$$

$$v'' + 2v' + v = 0$$

$$v' = u \quad v'' = u'$$

$$u' + 2u + v = 0$$

$$u' + 2u = -v$$

$$u' + 2u = -v$$

$$u' + 2u = -v$$