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1 ~~diff~~ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of $y = \frac{2\cos 3x}{x^3} - u$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{v \frac{dy}{dx} - u \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2}$$

$$dy/dx = -6 \sin 3x$$

$$dv/dx = 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^3 \cdot -6 \sin 3x - 2 \cos 3x \cdot 3x^2}{(x^3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-6x^3 \sin 3x - 6x^2 \cos 3x}{x^6}$$

$$dy/dx = -6x^2 \left(\frac{x \sin 3x + \cos 3x}{x^4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{-6(x \sin 3x + \cos 3x)}{x^4}$$

2 If $y = x e^{2x}$ $dy/dx = v \frac{dy}{dx} + u \frac{dv}{dx}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 \quad \frac{dv}{dx} = 2e^{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{2x} + x \cdot 2e^{2x}$$

$$= e^{2x} + 2xe^{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{2x} (1 + 2x)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 4e^{2x} (x+1)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$$

$$= 4e^{2x}(x+1) - 4e^{2x}(1+2x) + 4(xe^{2x}) = 0$$

$$= 4xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x} - 4e^{2x} - 8xe^{2x} + 4xe^{2x} = 0$$

$$= 4e^{2x}(x+1-1-2x+x) = 0$$

$$= 4e^{2x}(1-1+2x-2x) = 0$$

$$= 4e^{2x}(0) = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$$

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$$\int e^x \sin 2x dx$$

$\frac{dv}{dx} = e^x$ $u = \sin 2x$
 $v = e^x$ $du = 2 \sin 2x dx$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$
$$= e^x \sin 2x - 2 \int e^x \cos 2x dx \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\int e^x \cos 2x dx = e^x \cos 2x - 2 \int e^x \sin 2x dx$$
$$= e^x \cos 2x + 2 \int e^x \sin 2x dx \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$\frac{dv}{dx} = e^x$ $u = \cos 2x$
 $v = e^x$ $du = -2 \sin 2x dx$

let $\int e^x \sin 2x dx = I$

substitute (2) in (1)

$$I = e^x \sin 2x - 2(e^x \cos 2x + 2I)$$

$$I = e^x \sin 2x - 2e^x \cos 2x - 4I$$

$$5I = e^x \sin 2x - 2e^x \cos 2x + C$$

$$\int e^x \sin 2x dx = \frac{e^x \sin 2x - 2e^x \cos 2x + C}{5}$$