

EKPO, DEBORAH JOSEPH

17/ENG02/019

COMPUTER ENGINEERING

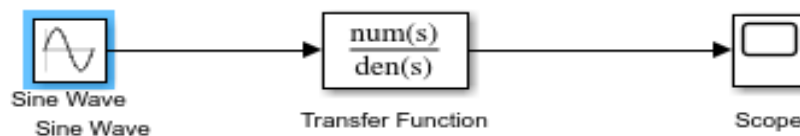
CLASSWORK 1- ENG 342

a.

- Filter Circuits are used to eliminate background Noise
- They are used in Radio tuning to a specific frequency
- Used in Pre-amplification, Equalization, Tone Control in Audio Systems
- They are also used in Signal Processing Circuits and Data Conversion
- Filter Circuits are extensively used in Medical Electronic Systems

b. Designing a Low-Pass Filter with 0.005Ω resistor and 0.01F capacitor

A 100V Amplitude was selected with a frequency of 1Hz for the Sine Wave Source.



c. Determining the Cut-off frequency

The cut-off frequency: $f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$

When R= 0.005Ω and C= 0.01F

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 0.005 \cdot 0.01} = 3.182 \times 10^3$$

$$= 3142 \text{ Hz}$$

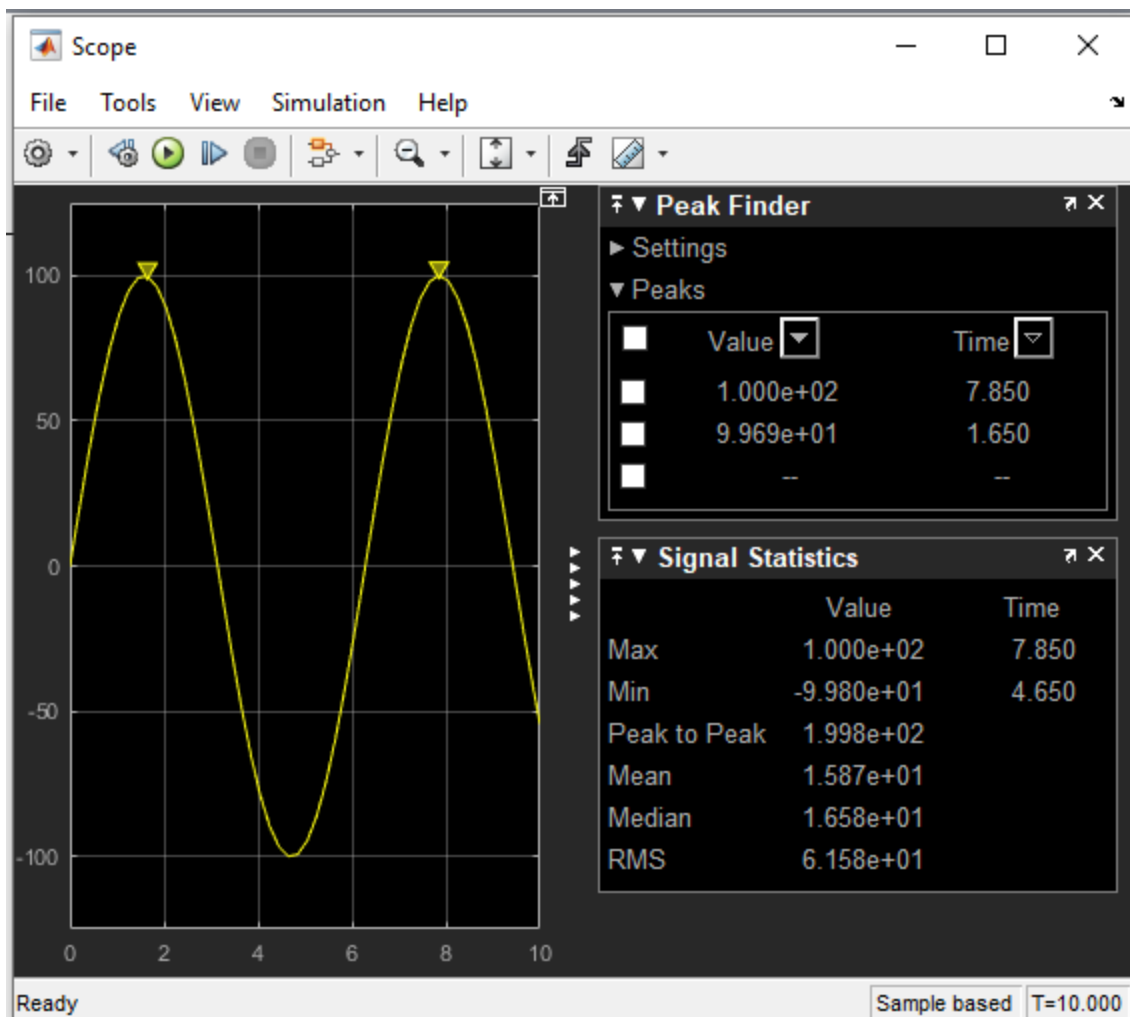
d. Design Output

The transfer function equation for the circuit is given as

$$(1/RC)/(S + 1/RC)$$

When $R= 0.005\Omega$ and $C= 0.01F$

$$\text{Transfer Fcn}=(1/0.005*0.01)/(S + (0.005*0.01))= (20000)/(s+ 20000)$$



- e. If two signals of 5 KΩ and 2 KΩ are pass through the filter at different intervals. Discuss your observation**

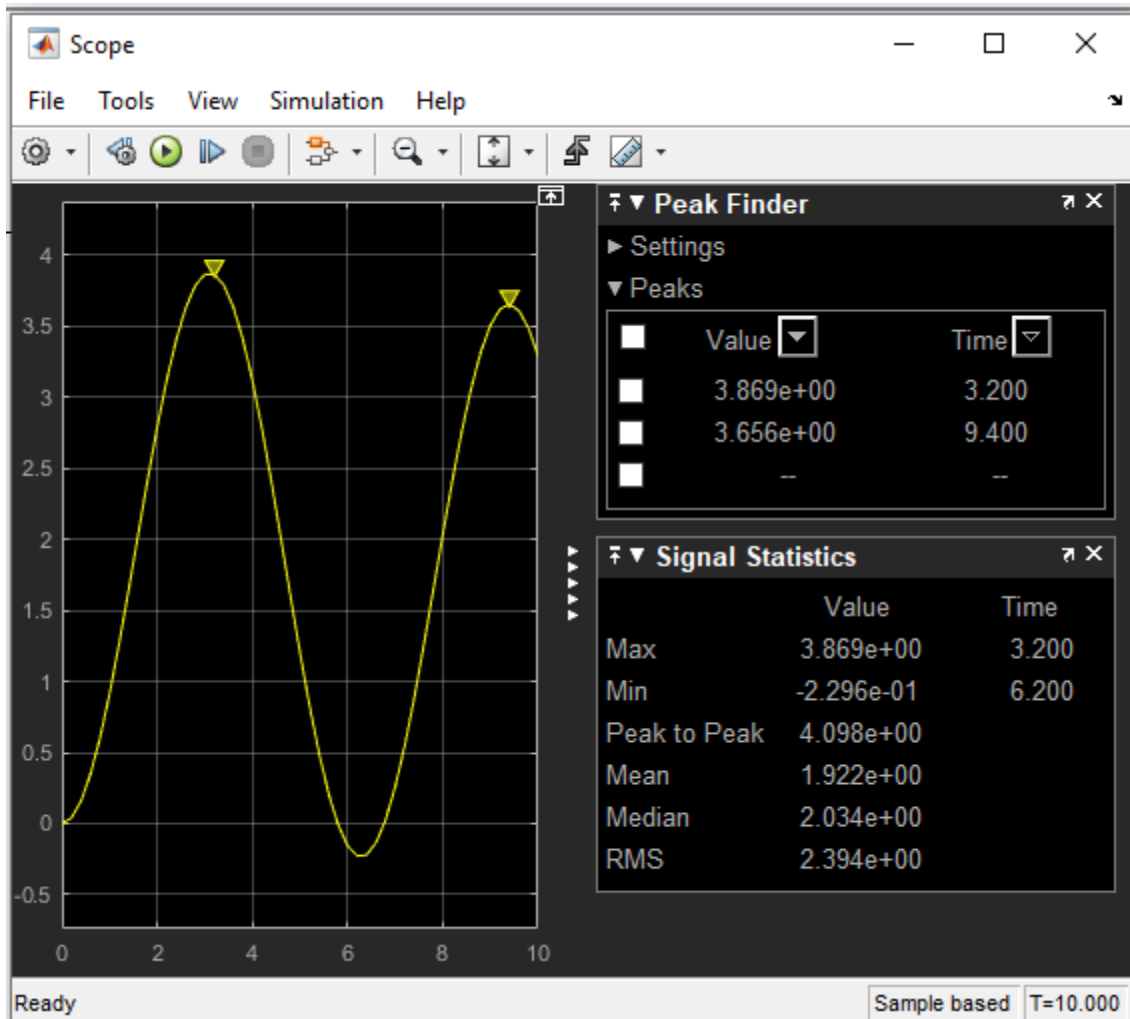
When the signal of 5 KΩ is passed through the filter, the following result is obtained:

The transfer function equation for the circuit is given as

$$(1/RC)/(S + 1/RC)$$

When $R= 5000\Omega$ and $C= 0.01F$

$$\text{Transfer Fcn}=(1/5000*0.01)/(S + (5000*0.01))=(0.02)/(s+ 0.02)$$



Observations: The signal is attenuated to 3.869 ohms

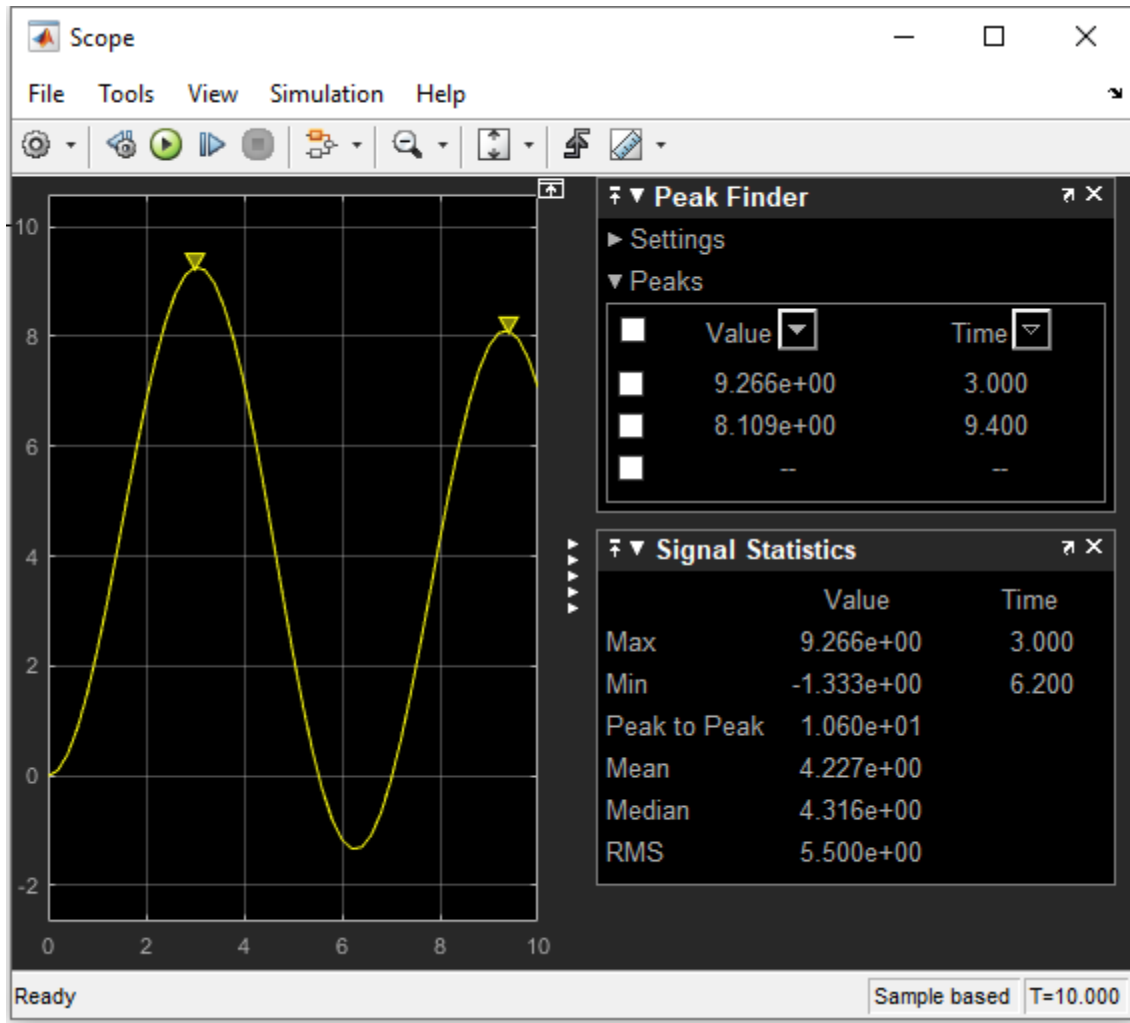
When the signal of 2K ohms is passed through the filter the following results are obtained:

The transfer function equation for the circuit is given as

$$(1/RC)/(S + 1/RC)$$

When $R= 2000\Omega$ and $C= 0.01F$

$$\text{Transfer Fcn}=(1/2000*0.01)/(S + (2000*0.01))= (0.05)/(s+ 0.05)$$



Observations: The signal is attenuated to 9.266 ohms