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Biotechnology  
MAT102

1a) If  $\vec{m} \cdot \vec{n} = 0$   $\therefore$  They are perpendicular vectors

$$(4\vec{i} - 6\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}) \cdot (4\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - \vec{k})$$

$$4p - 18 + 3 = 0$$

$$4p - 15 = 0$$

$$4p = 15$$

$$p = \frac{15}{4}$$

b) If  $\vec{m} \cdot (\vec{n} \times \vec{o}) = 0$  it is ~~per~~ parallel (coplanar)

$$\vec{m} \cdot (\vec{n} \times \vec{o}) = \begin{vmatrix} p & -6 & -3 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$0 = p(6 - 3) + 6(8 - (-1)) - 3(-12 - 3)$$

$$0 = 3p + 6(9) - 3(-15)$$

$$3p + 54 + 45 = 0$$

$$3p = -99$$

$$p = -33$$

2a) direction cosine of  $10\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 8\vec{k}$

$$a_x = 10, a_y = 3, a_z = 8$$

$$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{10^2 + 3^2 + 8^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{100 + 9 + 64}$$

$$= \sqrt{173}$$

$$= 13.2$$

The direction cosines are  $\cos \alpha = \frac{10}{13.2}$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{3}{13.2}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{8}{13.2}$$

Unit vector,  $e_v = \frac{\vec{v}}{|\vec{v}|}$

$$e_v = \frac{10\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k}}{13.2}$$

3  $\int_1^0 (\mathbf{F} \times \mathbf{v}) du$

$$\mathbf{F} \times \mathbf{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 3u & u^2 & u+2 \\ 2u & -3u & u-2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \mathbf{i}(u^2 \times (u-2)) - \mathbf{j}(-3u \times (u+2)) - \mathbf{k}[(3u \times (u-2)) - (u+2 \times 2u)]$$

$$+ \mathbf{k}(3u \times (-3u) - (2u \times u^2))$$

$$= [u^3 - 2u^2 + 3u^2 + 6u]\mathbf{i} - [3u^2 - 6u - 2u^2 - 4u]\mathbf{j} + [-9u^2 - 2u^2]\mathbf{k}$$

$$= [u^3 + u^2 + 6u]\mathbf{i} - [u^2 - 10u]\mathbf{j} + [-9u^2 - 2u^2]\mathbf{k}$$

$$= -[(1^3 + 1^2 + 6(1))\mathbf{i} + (-1^2 + 10(1))\mathbf{j} + (-9(1) - 2(1)^2)\mathbf{k}]$$

$$= -[(1+1+6)\mathbf{i} + (-1+10)\mathbf{j} + (-9-2)\mathbf{k}]$$

$$= 0 - [8\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j} - 11\mathbf{k}]$$

$$= -8\mathbf{i} - 9\mathbf{j} + 11\mathbf{k}$$