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(1) $M = 2i - 6j - 3k$
 $N = 4i + 3j - k$
 $D = i - 3j + 5k$

(2) M and N are perpendicular to each other
 $M \cdot N = (2i - 6j - 3k) \cdot (4i + 3j - k)$
 $= 4p - 18 + 3$
 $= 4p - 15$

Since they are perpendicular,
 $4p - 15 = 0$
 $\frac{4p}{4} = \frac{15}{4} \therefore p = \frac{15}{4}$

(3) M, N and D are Coplanar
 $M \cdot (N \times D) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -6 & -3 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$

$$= P \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 & +6 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 6 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -1 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -1 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= P(6-3) + 6(8+1) + 3(-12-3)$$

$$= 3P + 6(9) - 3(-15) = 0$$

$$= 3P + 54 + 45 = 0$$

$$= 3P + 99 = 0$$

$$\frac{3P}{3} = \frac{-99}{3} \therefore P = -33$$

$$\textcircled{2} \underline{V} \cdot (3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}) + (4\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 6\hat{k}) + (5\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k})$$

$$V = 10\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$$

$$a_x = 10, a_y = 3 \text{ and } a_z = 8$$

$$|V| = \sqrt{10^2 + 3^2 + 8^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{100 + 9 + 64}$$

$$= \sqrt{173} = 13.15$$

The Direction Cosines are

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{a_x}{|V|} = \frac{10}{13.15} = 0.761$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{a_y}{|V|} = \frac{3}{13.15} = 0.228$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int f(x) dx &= \int (i[u^2 + u^2 + 6u - 1] + j[u^2 - 10u + 4] + k[3u^2 + 9u]) \\ &= i \left[\frac{u^3}{3} + \frac{u^3}{3} + 6u - 1 \right] + j \left[\frac{u^3}{3} - 10u + 4 \right] + k \left[\frac{3u^3}{3} + \frac{9u^2}{2} \right] \\ &= \left[\frac{u^3}{4} + \frac{u^3}{3} + 3u^2 \right] - j \left[\frac{u^3}{3} - \frac{5u^2}{2} \right] + k \left[\frac{3u^3}{3} + \frac{9u^2}{2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\frac{u^3}{4} + \frac{u^3}{3} + 3u^2 \right] - j \left[\frac{u^3}{3} - \frac{5u^2}{2} \right] + k \left[\frac{3u^3}{3} + \frac{9u^2}{2} \right]$$

~~$$\int f(x) dx = i \left[\frac{u^3}{4} + \frac{u^3}{3} + 3u^2 \right] + j \left[\frac{u^3}{3} - 10u + 4 \right] + k \left[\frac{3u^3}{3} + \frac{9u^2}{2} \right]$$~~

$$\int f(x) dx = i \left[\frac{(1)^3}{4} + \frac{(1)^3}{3} + 3(1)^2 \right] + j \left[\frac{(1)^3}{3} - \frac{5(1)^2}{2} \right] + k \left[\frac{3(1)^3}{3} + \frac{9(1)^2}{2} \right]$$

$$= \underline{3(1)^2} + C$$

$$\int f(x) dx = i \left[\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} + 3 \right] + j \left[\frac{1}{3} - 5 \right] + k \left[\frac{1}{2} - 3 \right] + C$$

$$\int f(x) dx = i \left[\frac{4}{4} + \frac{1}{3} \right] - j \left[\frac{14}{3} \right] + k \left[\frac{-7}{2} \right]$$

$$P = \frac{43}{12} i + \frac{14}{3} j - \frac{7}{2} k$$

$$C_1 \cdot 1 + \frac{C_2}{s} = 0.625$$

ms (let value)

$$\frac{C_1(s+1) + C_2}{s} = 0.625$$

$$\textcircled{1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 2u + (u+1) + C_1 = 0.625 \\ 2u + (u+1) + C_2 = 0.625 \end{cases}$$

$$C_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2u & u & [0.625] \\ 2u & -3u & (u-1) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{i}{u^2} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2u & u & [0.625] \\ -3u & (u-1) & [2u-3u] \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} 2u & u \\ 2u & -3u \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i(u^2(u-1) - [3u(u-1)] - i[2u(u-1)] - 2u(0.625) + k(-9u^2 + 4u^2))$$

$$= i(u^3 - 2u^2 - 3u^2 + 3u) - j(3u^2 - 6u - 2u^2 - 4u) + k(-2u^2 - 9u^2 + 4u^2)$$

$$= i(u^3 - 2u + 3u^2 + 3u) - j(u^2 - 10u) + k(-2u^2 - 9u^2 + 4u^2)$$

$$= i(u^3 + (3u^2 - 2u + 3u)) - j(u^2 - 10u) + k(-7u^2 - 9u^2)$$