

From the diagram

$$\text{Spring} = k(x-0)$$

$$f \text{ damper} = kd \frac{d(x-0)}{dt}$$

$$F(s) \Rightarrow f(t)$$

$$F(s) - k(x-0) - kd \frac{d(x-0)}{dt}$$

$$0 = f(t) - kx - kd \frac{dx}{dt}$$

Taking the Laplace transform

$$F(s) = kx(s) - kdsx(s) = 0$$

$$F(s) = (k + kds)x(s)$$

$$G(s) = \frac{F(s)}{x(s)} = \frac{1}{k + kds}$$

$$F(s) = k + kds$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{k}$$

$$1 + \left[\frac{kcd}{k} \right] s$$

2) $E_2 =$ new energy

$E_1 =$ initial energy

$$E_2 = mc \Delta \theta \Rightarrow E_2 = mc (\theta - \theta_1)$$

$$E_1 = mc \Delta \theta \Rightarrow E_1 = mc (\theta_2 - \theta_1)$$

where θ is the new temp of the metal

$$G(s) = \frac{E_2}{E_1} = \frac{mc(\theta - \theta_1)}{mc(\theta_2 - \theta_1)} = \frac{1}{T_s + 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\theta - \theta_1(s)}{\theta_2 - \theta_1} = \frac{1}{T_s + 1}$$

$$\theta - \theta_1 = \frac{\theta_2 - \theta_1}{T_s + 1}$$

$$\text{let } \theta_2 - \theta_1(s) = k(t)$$

$$(\theta - \theta_1)(s) = \frac{k(t)}{T_s + 1}$$

$$(\theta - \theta_1)(s) = k(t) \left(\frac{1}{s + 1/T} \right)$$

taking the Laplace transform of $k(t)$

$$= \frac{k}{s}$$

$$(\theta - \theta_1)(s) = \frac{k \left(\frac{1}{s} \right)}{s(s + 1/T)}$$

3) $w = \frac{1}{T_c + 1}$

$T = \frac{1}{k_s} \quad k_{ms} = \frac{k_1 k_2}{k_s}$

$w = \frac{k_{ms} x}{T_c + 1}$

Laplace Transform of the step input

$w = \frac{k_{ms}}{s} \left(\frac{1}{T_c s + 1} \right)$

$\frac{k_{ms}}{s} \left(\frac{1/T_c}{s + 1/T_c} \right)$

$w(s) \Rightarrow k_{ms} (1 - e^{-t/T_c})$

at $t = 0 \quad k_{ms} (1 - e^0) = 0$ initial

at $t = T \quad k_{ms} (1 - e^{-1/T_c}) = 0.63 \quad k_{ms}$

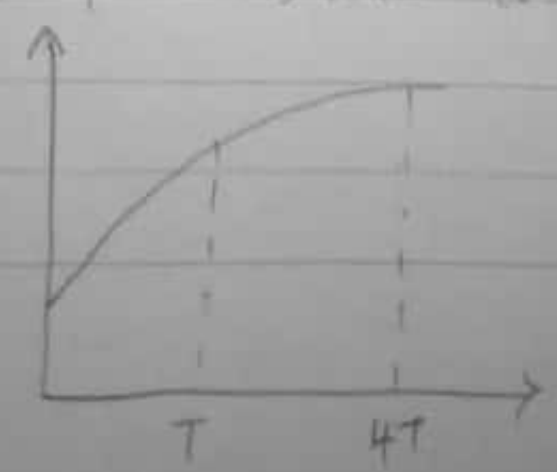
at $t = 4T = k_{ms} (1 - e^{-4T/T_c})$
 $= 0.981 \quad k_{ms}$

for $t = T$

$\Delta\% = (0.632 - 0) \times 100\% = 63.2\%$

$t = 4T$

$\Delta\% = (0.981 - 0) \times 100\% = 98.1\%$



Inverse Laplace transform

$$(\theta - \theta_1) = k [1 - e^{-t/\tau}]$$

$$\text{from (1) } k = \theta_2 - \theta_1$$

$$(\theta - \theta_1) = (\theta_2 - \theta_1) [1 - e^{-t/\tau}]$$