## MATRIC NO=18/SCI01/068

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$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 8 \\ 4 & 7 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

1) 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{pmatrix} 8$$

$$Tx = Ax$$

$$Ax = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & b \\ 3 & 6 & 8 \\ 4 & 7 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Ax = \begin{pmatrix} a+2b \\ a+3b+c \\ a+5b+2c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T:R^3 \longrightarrow R^3$$

2) 
$$(B+C)^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(B+C)^{T} = 1(10-8)-2(0-2)+3(0-2)$$

$$= 2 + 4 - 6 = 0, \text{since the determinant is} = 0, \text{hence the rank} = 3$$

OR

Since the third row is a linear combination of the first and second row, hence the rank = 2

3)

i) 
$$|A| = 1(6-5)-2(2-1)+0(5-3)$$
  
= 1-2+0  
= -1 \neq 0,hence the matrix is non-singular

ii) 
$$| B = 1(2-3)-0(2-6)+0(1-2)$$
  
= -1-0+0  
= -1 \neq 0,hence the matrix is non-singular