

2) Minimum Value of Series Resistor ( $R_s$ )

$$R_s = \frac{V_s - V_Z}{I_Z}$$

$$I_Z = 500 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_s = 20 \text{ V max}$$

$$\frac{2 \times 20}{\pi}$$

$$= 2 \times 6.36 \text{ V} = 12.73 \text{ V}$$

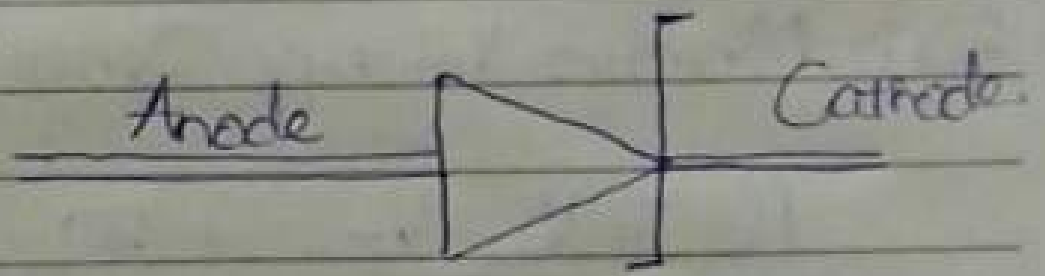
$V_Z =$  min. Voltage.

→ max current Power  
min. current.

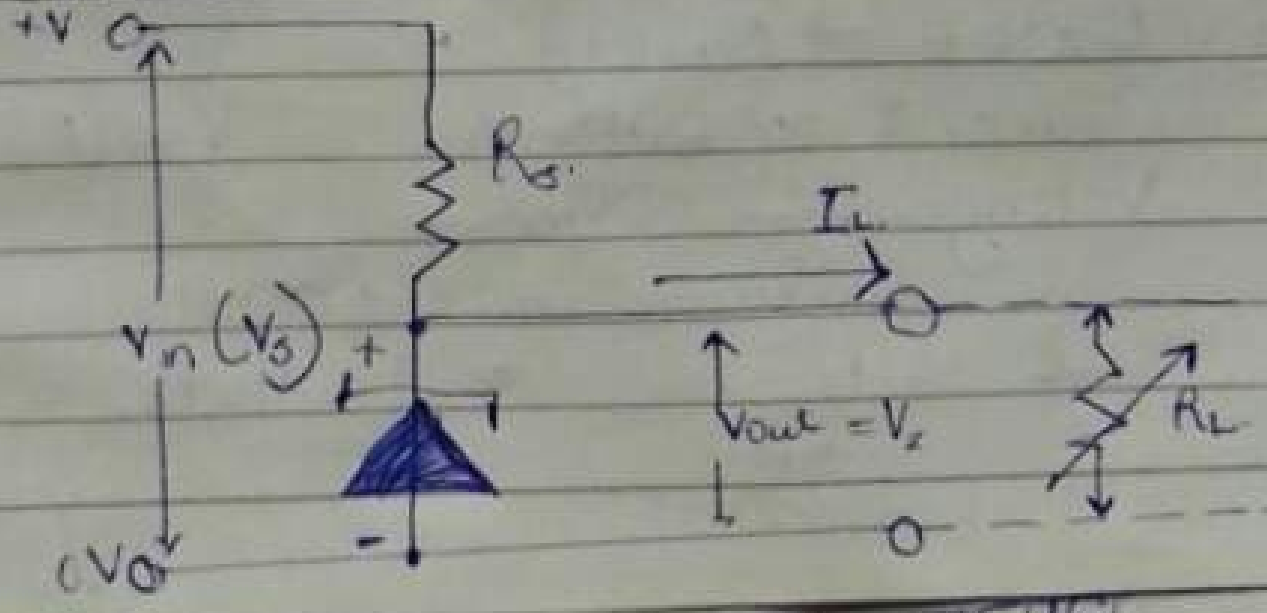
# 1) Zener diode as Voltage Regulators

The Zener diode is specifically made to have a reverse voltage breakdown at a specific voltage. The purpose of a voltage regulator is to maintain a constant voltage across a load regulation regardless of variations in the load current.

## i) Symbol:



## ii) Characteristic I-V curve.



Basic ELECT

$$R_{load} = 5k\Omega$$

$$I_{load} = 500\mu A$$

$$= \frac{5}{500 \times 10^{-3}} = 10V_{rms}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{I_2} = \frac{(12.79 - 10)V}{500\mu A}$$
$$= 5.46k\Omega$$

$$\textcircled{1} I_A = \frac{V_2}{R_1} = \frac{10}{500} = 0.02A$$

$$= 20mA$$