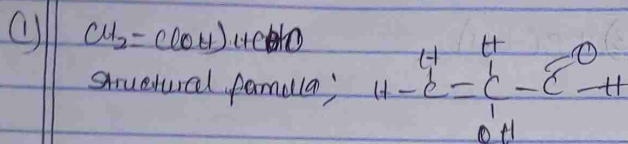


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Assignment Answer:

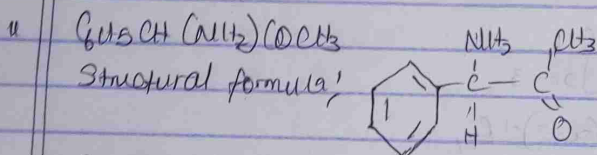
(1) Name the functional groups present in each of the following molecules

- (i) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{OH})\text{HCHO}$
- (ii) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}(\text{NH}_2)\text{COCH}_3$
- (iii) $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCH}(\text{OH})\text{CHO}$



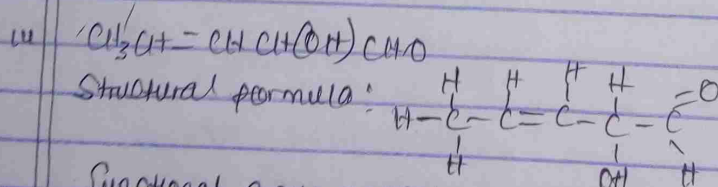
Functional group present are:

- Double bond chain (Alkene)
- OH (Hydroxyl group)
- $\text{C}=\text{O}$ (Aldehyde)



Functional group present are:

- Phenyl group (C_6H_5) with double bonds
- Amine
- Alkanoone (ketone) ($\text{C}=\text{O}$)



Functional group present:

- Alkene ($\text{C}=\text{C}$)
- Hydroxyl group (OH)
- Aldehyde ($\text{C}=\text{O}$)

2) A 0.95 g sample of pure (2R,3R)-tartaric acid was diluted to 100 mL with water and placed in a 1.0 dm polarimeter tube. The observed rotation at 20°C was +1.0°. Calculate the specific rotation of (2R,3R)-tartaric acid.

Answering

Solution

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = \frac{\alpha}{lc}$$

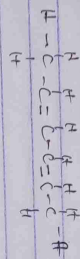
where l = length of sample
 c = mass/volume (g/dm³) or (g/mL)

α = observed rotation

$$[\alpha]_D^{20} = \frac{1.0^\circ}{\left(\frac{1.0 \text{ dm}}{10}\right) \left(\frac{0.95 \text{ g}}{100}\right)} = +11.68^\circ$$

3) Draw the possible geometric isomers (where possible) for each of the following compounds (i) hexa-2,4-diene (ii) 2,3-dimethylbutane

(i) hexa-2,4-diene



(ii) 2,3-dimethylbutane

