

AMUSAN BLOSSOM OLUWATIMILETHIN

19/MHS01/093.

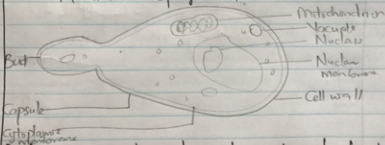
MEDICINE & SURGERY.

BIO 102

1. How are fungi important to mankind?
 - They are responsible for the decay of organic matter
 - They help in the food industry
 - They mediate in the spoilage of wood, food, clothes, paper, and so on
 - They cause blights and smuts in cereals.

2. Illustrate the cell structure of a unicellular fungus with a well labelled diagram.

A Unicellular fungus (Yeast)



3. Outline the sexual reproduction in a typical filamentous form of fungi
Case Study: *Rhizopus stolonifer*

The sexual reproduction occurs when 2 different type of hyphae grow in the same medium. Chemical interaction induce growth perpendicular to the hyphae in opposite directions. Many nuclei are located in a gametangium.

2 gametangia fuse together to form a Zygote. The Zygote undergoes karyogamy, and after karyogamy, the nuclei in the zygote fuse in two and undergo meiosis independently.

The Zygote germinates to produce a fruiting body, which liberates haploid spores at maturation.

4. How do Bryophytes adapt to their environment?

- The aerial portion is exposed to the atmosphere which demands some modification that prevents excessive loss of water through desiccation.
- They have definite structures for water and nutrient absorption from the soil.
- Some modifications that permit elimination of excess water from the plant body and restrain gas exchange are available on the aerial part of the plant.

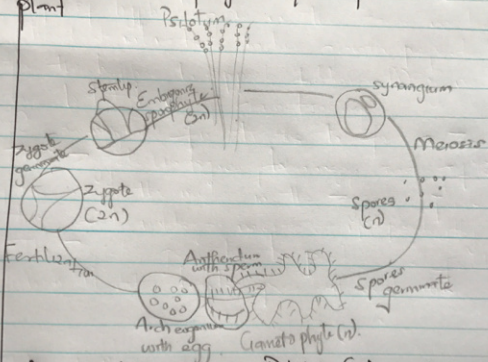
(5) - Eustele: This is the vascular organization found in herbaceous dicotyledonous plant in which the vascular bundles are discrete, concentric collateral bundle of xylem & phloem.

- Atactostele: This vascular organization is found in grasses & monocotyledonous plants. Here, vascular bundles are scattered.

- Siphonostele: This is found in more advanced vascular plants eg: ferns. It is a stele, made up of a cylinder enclosing a parenchymatous pith.

Dictyostele: This is the conducting cylinder found in the siphonostele of advanced vascular plants.

(6) Illustrate the life cycle of a primitive Vascular plant



A real life cycle of *Psilotum* (A primitive vascular plant)