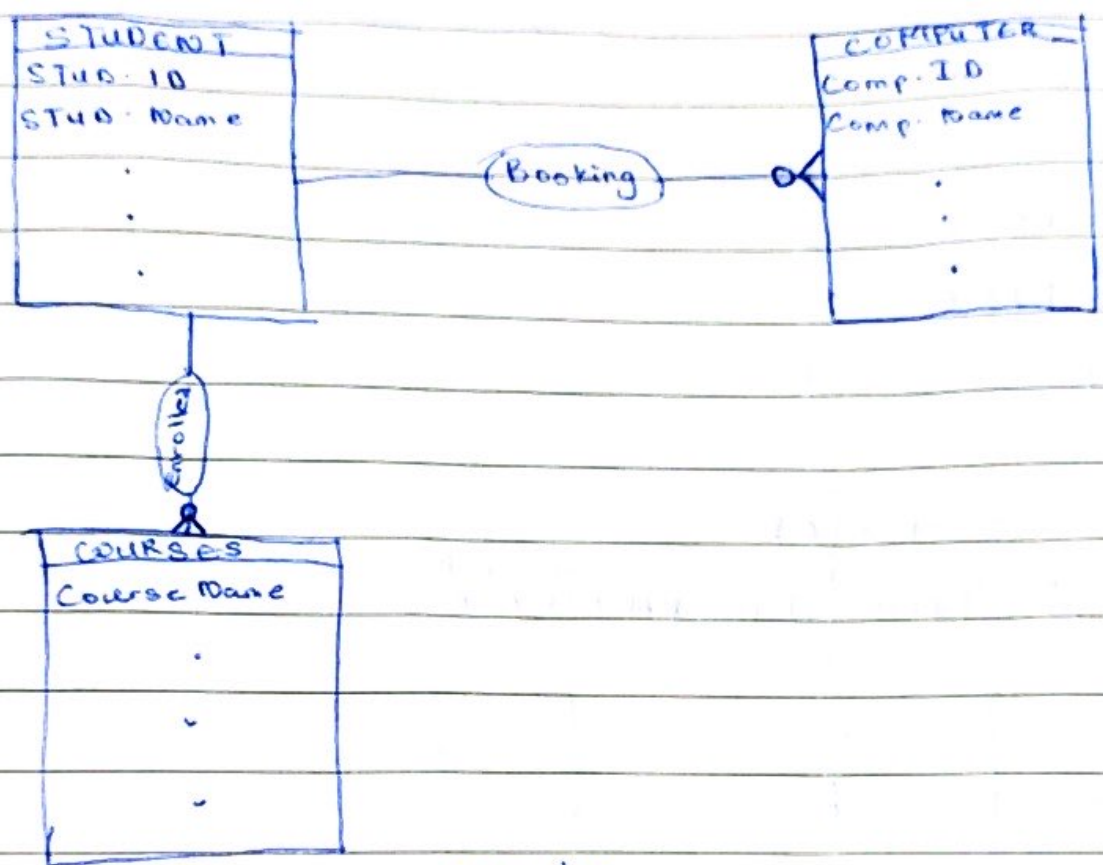


- 5) \* Courses  
 \* Type of Lab computer  
 \* Student



- Each Students <sup>can be</sup> ~~are~~ entitled to zero or many computers
- Each computer is booked by a Student
- Each Students <sup>can be</sup> ~~are~~ enrolled to zero or many courses
- Each courses <sup>are</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>authorized</sup> taken by a by students

- 1) It is used to get result  
It is used for easy computation  
It is used ~~for~~ to create a system ~~data~~ to maintain and update data  
It is used for good decision making  
It is used to manipulate or modify data

2) A relationship is optional in the sense that an entity might want to participate or might not want to participate.

3) Partial participation in a relation has to do with when an entity might want to partake in an activity or has ~~to~~ a choice to ~~part~~ take part in it or not.

4) DDL specifies database ~~b~~ Schemas while DML includes the retrieval of data stored in the database, insertion of new data into the database, deletion of data from the database ~~and~~ and modification of data stored in the data base.



## Table

STUDENT	
NAME	ID

COMPUTER			
ID	NAME	STUD NAME	COURSE NAME

COURSES	
ID	NAME

STUDENT ID, COMPUTER ID and Course ID are primary

keys

For computer; student name and course name are the foreign keys.